

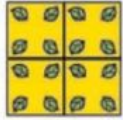


# Let's Learn!

The area of Figure B is 5 tiles. What is the area of Figure A and Figure C?

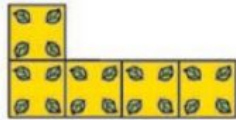
## Area

1 Sarah makes these figures with some square tiles.



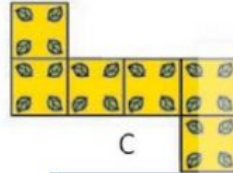
A

Tiles



B

5 Tiles



C

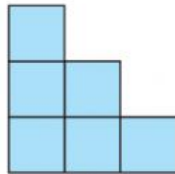
Tiles



The **area** of each figure is the amount of surface covered by the tiles.

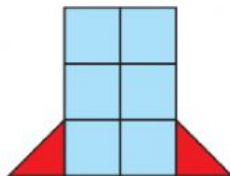


Look at the following figures.



A

Figure A is made up of squares .  
Figure B is made up of squares   
and half squares .

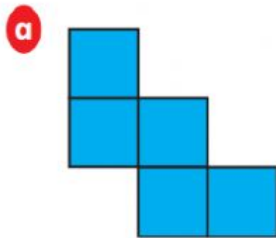


B

is 1 square unit.  
 is  $\frac{1}{2}$  square unit.  
 is equal to   
(1 square unit).

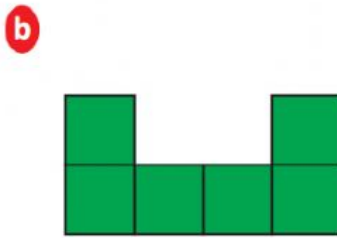


Find the area of each figure.



A

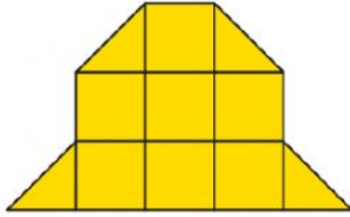
Area =  square units



B

Area =  square units

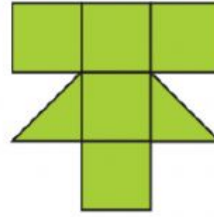
c



C

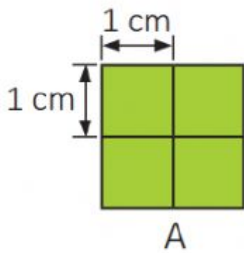
Area =  square units

d



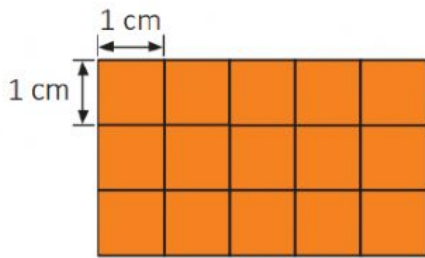
D

Area =  square units



A

**Figure A is 2-cm square.**  
 Each side of the square is **2 cm** long.  
 It is made up of **4** 1-cm square.  
 So, the area of Figure A is **4 cm<sup>2</sup>**.

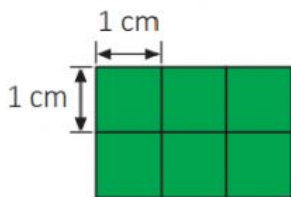


B

**Figure B has 3 rows** of 1-cm square.  
 Each row has **5** 1-cm square.  
 It is made up of **15** 1-cm square.  
 So, the area of Figure B is **15 cm<sup>2</sup>**.

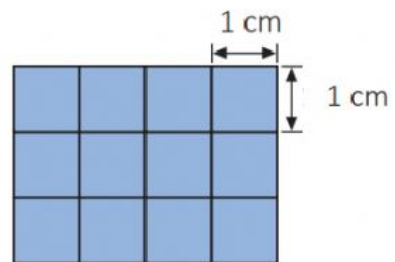
Find the area of each figure.

a

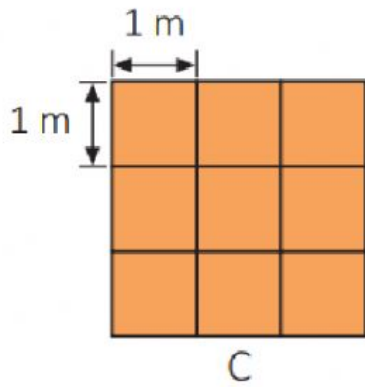


Area =  cm<sup>2</sup>

b



Area =  cm<sup>2</sup>

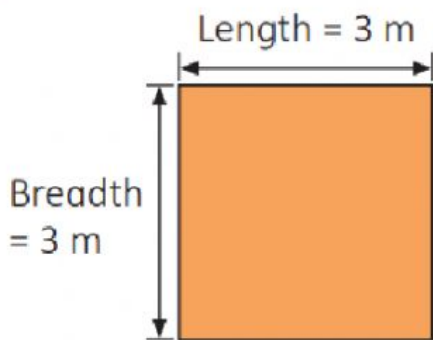


There are **3** rows of 1-m squares.

Each row has **3** 1-m squares.

There are **9** 1-m squares covering Square C.

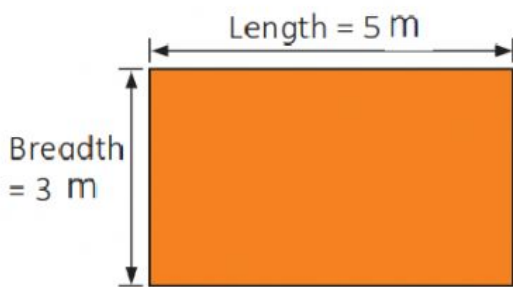
So, the area of Square C is **9** m<sup>2</sup>.



Area of Square C = Length × Breadth

$$= 3 \times 3$$

$$= 9 \text{ m}^2$$



Area of rectangle = Length × Breadth

$$= \square \times \square$$

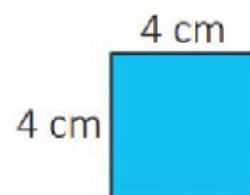
$$= \square \text{ m}^2$$



Area = Length × Breadth

$$= \square \times \square$$

$$= \square \text{ cm}^2$$



Area = Length × Breadth

$$= \square \times \square$$

$$= \square \text{ cm}^2$$