

Variation A

Part I

Task 1. Grammar

/8x1=8/

Read the sentence and choose the best answer to complete each sentence.

- A : How often you vacuum your room?
 B :

A. does / Once a week B. do / A week C. are / Once a week
 D. does / Once a week E. do / Once a week
- Going by airplane is than going by train.

A. fast B. more fast C. faster D. fast of E. fastest
- A : What your father look ?
 B : He's tall and handsome.

A. is / likes B. does / likes C. does / like D. is / like E. do / like
- He was in the party last night,?

A. is he B. wasn't he C. isn't he D. doesn't he E. does he
- My younger sister likes to drink

A. cranberry juice B. cranberry juices C. a cranberry juice D. the cranberry juice E. juice
 cranberry
- If the pain worse, I see a doctor.

A. get / would B. will / get C. had got / would D. gets / will E. gets / would
- A : you to the shop yesterday?
 B : Yes, I did.

A. Does / go B. Do / go C. Have / gone D. Are / going E. Did / go
- "Where are you?" - my teacher asked.
 My teacher asked me

A. where I were B. what was I C. where you are D. where I was E. where are you

Task 2. Vocabulary

/6x2=12/

Choose the correct word to complete the sentence.

- My old friend is very She always tells the truth.

A. hard working B. honest C. stupid D. generous E. optimistic
- Jargal's on the test is the highest in the class, he must have studied last night.

A. result B. number C. score D. register E. notice
- The rules of American football appear to be similar the rules of rugby.

A. to B. from C. of D. into E. down
- His mother gymnastics and she sometimes cycling.

A. plays / does B. goes / rides C. carries / rides D. does / goes E. tries / travels
- Mary looked up the fastest train to Tokay in the

A. dictionary B. timetable C. program D. catalogue E. referendum
- After the wedding ceremony, guests attended a in the hall downstairs.

A. lounge B. reservoir C. reception D. anniversary E. lunch

Task 3. Word formation

/5x2=10/

Choose the correct word to complete each sentence.

- Ann is an woman in her early thirties.

A. attracted B. attraction C. attractiveness D. attractive E. attractively
- The of new technology has helped us a lot.

A. introductory B. introduction C. introduced D. introducing E. introduce

17. Visiting Singapore will be an experience.
A. forget B. forgetfully C. forgotten D. forgetful E. unforgettable
18. John seems to have problems.
A. finance B. finances C. financial D. financially E. financier
19. After he started looking for a job.
A. graduate B. graduated C. gradually D. graduation E. graduations

Task 4. Phrasal Verb

/3x2=6/

Read the sentences then find the meaning of the words in bold with the appropriate phrasal verbs.

20. My neighbor **takes care of** my dog when I'm on holiday.
A. looks up B. looks into C. looks after D. looks at E. looks out
21. Why has my sister **ended the relationship** with her friend?
A. broken into B. broken down C. broken up D. broken in E. broken through
22. When I fainted, Tamir helped **me to regain consciousness** by *giving me a glass of water*. (throwing a glass of water in my face)
A. to bring me round B. to bring me down C. to bring me in D. to bring me up E. to bring me back

Task 5. Error recognition

/3x2=6/

Identify and choose the one underlined word or phrase that should be corrected.

23. Anybody who plans to attend the meeting ought send a short note to the chairperson.
A B C D E
24. Mary usually arrives at the office at 9 o'clock, but she was two hours late today because the storm.
A B C D E
25. It's difficult to get used to sleep in a tent after having a soft comfortable bed to lie on.
A B C D E

Task 6. Reading

/5x2=10/

Read the article and choose the correct answer A, B, C, D or E.

NASA : How it all began : On the 1st of October, 1958 the National Astronautics and Space Administration (or NASA) was created by the USA government. In 1961, Alan Shepherd became the first American astronaut to fly into space. NASA's greatest achievement, however, was on 20th July, when Neil Armstrong became the first person to walk on the moon.

NASA's mission : NASA's original aim was to develop America's space program, but it does much more than that. NASA Administrator, Seen O'Keefe, claims that they want to do what has never been done before, and that their mission is: "To understand and protect our home planet, to explore the universe and search for life, to inspire the next generation of explorers as only NASA can".

The International Space Station (ISS) : The International Space Station has been home to NASA astronauts as well as astronauts from Russia, Canada, Japan, France and Italy since November 2000. The astronauts carry out scientific research and work on the space station itself. They have free time to cook, read and play games just like would have on Earth. The only problem is that they have to do all these things without gravity.

Mission to Mars : NASA has wanted to put an astronaut on Mars for many years. However, this is much more difficult than sending a man to the Moon. First of all, Mars is much further away. It would take between 100 and 250 days to get there. Also, Mars has much stronger gravity, so it is hard to land and take off again. Despite these problems, NASA has already sent unmanned missions to Mars and they are determined that by 2019, a man will walk on the "Red Planet".

26. NASA was formed
A. in the 20th century B. in the 19th century C. in 1961 D. on 20th July E. on the 1st of October
27. The first moon walk was
A. Neil Armstrong B. in 1961 C. Alan Shepherd D. Seen O'Keefe E. First astronaut
28. How many nationalities of astronauts has the ISS been home to?
A. 5 B. 4 C. 7 D. 6 E. 8
29. The word "**carry out**" is nearest in meaning to
A. run a business B. watch out C. do fast D. take away E. do a task
30. At least how many days would it take to reach Mars?
A. 250 B. 150 C. 100 D. from 100 to 250 E. 350

Task 7. Short conversation

/3x2=6/

Choose the best answer to the questions below.

31. Woman : You are joining us at the museum, aren't you?
 Man : I'd love to, but I have to meet my wife at the airport.

What will the man probably do?

- A. Go to the museum. D. Pick up his wife.
 B. Join the group. E. He will rent a pick up.
 C. Meet them at the airport.

32. Man : Where was Tulga going in such a hurry?
 Woman : He was going to pick up an application for a student loan.

What was Tulga going to do?

- A. Pick up something for a student. D. Borrow money in a hurry.
 B. Loan a student his truck. E. Get a form for a student application.
 C. Get a form for financial aid.

33. Woman : How are Nasaa and Nyamaa doing lately?
 Man : They had a quarrel, but they soon made up.

What does the man say about them?

- A. They missed the homework assignment, but they turned it in later.
 B. They hate each other since their dispute.
 C. They caught a baby squirrel, but they soon let it go.
 D. They had an argument, but now they are friends again.
 E. They had a problem about their work.

Task 8. Long conversation

/3x2=6/

Read the conversations and choose the correct answer on the basis of what is stated or implied in the conversations.

- Man : I was supposed to buy a lot more books, but I didn't have enough money.
 Woman : Did you try that used-book store on University Avenue or ask whether you could check out copies from the library?
 Man : Both. The library had a couple of them, and I bought all the used ones I could find.
 Woman : You're always short of money. Why don't you look for a part-time job?
 Man : I'm afraid a job would interfere with my studies.
 Woman : I don't think so. They're always looking for people to work at the concession stands during the university sports events and concerts.
 Man : Hey, I could see the games and concerts for free while I earned money!
 Woman : That's right. And it wouldn't take that much time away from your studying.

34. What is the man's problem?
 A. His studies keep him from attending sports events.
 B. He doesn't have enough money to meet expenses.
 C. He wants to get a part time job at the concession stands.
 D. His part time job interferes with his studies.
 E. He doesn't have enough time.

35. What does the woman suggest he do?
 A. Buy used books from the library. D. Work part time at university events.
 B. Try the library on University Avenue. E. Sell his old books.
 C. Take time off to play sports.

36. What will the man probably do?
 A. Buy used books. D. Apply for a job.
 B. Go to the sports events. E. Meet the man.
 C. See a concert for free.

Task 9. Multiple choice cloze

/1x8=8/

Read the text below and then choose the answer A, B, C, D or E which best fits each space.

Travelling advice

These days more people travel abroad than ever before and many of us now have the chance to visit all sorts of exotic destinations. Of course, most people have a fantastic time and no major problems. (37)....., being in a strange place, a long way from home can be bad (38) our health. There are some things that everyone should know about, so that wherever they are going, they will have a holiday that is memorable for all the right reasons.

If your destination is (39) the beaten track, you should talk to your doctor before you set (40) You may need some vaccinations or to take certain medications with you on your trip. The most common disease that travelers suffer from though, is food poisoning. In high risk areas, only drink water that (41) been boiled or sterilized. This includes not having ice in your drinks and using safe water to brush your teeth. When it comes to food, be especially careful with meat and seafood, avoid salads, and never eat any food that is undercooked or served lukewarm, rather than (42) hot.

Accidents can happen anywhere, but people on holiday can be at higher risk, so don't leave your common (43) at home. In cars always wear a seat belt, and on motorbikes never forget your helmet. If you are by the sea or the pool with young children, you need to take extra care. An adult, who is a strong swimmer, should be watching the kids (44) all times. Another holiday danger is the sun. Build up your exposure slowly and stay indoors in the middle of the day, when the sun is at its strongest. When you are outside, wear a hat and always use sunscreen with the right protection factor for your skin.

- | | | | | | |
|-----|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| 37. | A. However | B. Because | C. Whereas | D. Despite | E. But |
| 38. | A. by | B. to | C. for | D. of | E. in |
| 39. | A. away | B. off | C. along | D. up | E. down |
| 40. | A. off | B. up | C. to | D. down | E. of |
| 41. | A. have | B. has | C. had | D. having | E. to have |
| 42. | A. frying | B. baking | C. piping | D. smoking | E. cooking |
| 43. | A. mind | B. reason | C. brain | D. sense | E. factor |
| 44. | A. through | B. during | C. for | D. while | E. at |

Part II

2.1. Match each reaction with its situation.

/7x2=14/

Reaction

- Expressing sympathy
- Refusing an invitation
- Showing hesitation
- Describing a symptom
- Shopping complaints
- Asking for permission
- Giving advice

Situation

- Let me see I don't think so.
- I found the carpet was stained.
- You should revise for your test.
- I am sorry to hear that.
- Would it be ok if I open the window?
- I'd love to, but I am working this afternoon.
- You look a bit pale.

2.2. Read the small paragraph and choose the best word for each space.

/4x2=8/

Catching Colds

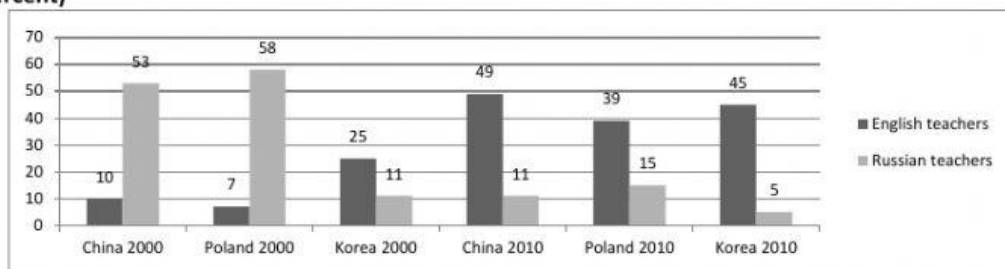
People can avoid (a) colds by taking certain precautions. Perhaps the most important precaution is to avoid people who already have a cold so that you are not exposed (b) their germs. You should also get plenty of sleep so that your resistance is strong. Eating nutritious food will ensure (c) you have the vitamins that can help fight cold germs. Finally, you could try taking vitamin C supplements, which may (d) prevent your catching a cold.

- | | | | | |
|----|-------------|-------------|------------|------------|
| a. | 1. to catch | 2. catching | 3. caught | 4. catches |
| b. | 1. for | 2. in | 3. to | 4. on |
| c. | 1. that | 2. who | 3. these | 4. those |
| d. | 1. helped | 2. helps | 3. helping | 4. help |

2.3. Analyze the graph and choose the appropriate answer.

/3x2=6/

Below is a graph comparing the percentage of English and Russian teachers' total numbers in China, Poland and Korea from 2000 to 2010. (Figures shown in percent)



- The percentage of English teachers in Poland since 2000.
 - increased by 32%
 - dropped to 7%
 - increased by 39%
 - fluctuated between 5% and 30%
- The percentage of Russian teachers in Korea from 2000 to 2010.
 - fell by 5%
 - went up 11%
 - fell by 6%
 - increased 3 times
- The percentage difference between Korean and Polish Russian teachers was in 2010.
 - 15%
 - 5%
 - 10%
 - 20%