

PAST PERFECT

Past perfect

Had + V-ed
3ª col

Time expressions

Already, by the time, after,
Before, Until, never, just

+ I had worked

- I hadn't worked

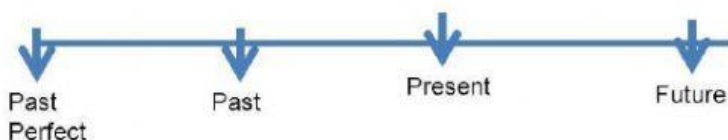
? Had you worked?

By + a time = no later than
I'll have finished my work by 11:30
(I'll have finished it no later than 11:30)

Use

A completed action which took place before another action in the past

By the time we arrived at the cinema, the film had already started



Recuerda que el tiempo Pasado Perfecto lo usamos para hablar de una acción (o evento) en el pasado que pasó **antes de otra cosa en el pasado**.

Time Expressions

Son expresiones que usamos en este tiempo verbal.

Already: Ya/antes de lo esperado

By the time: para el momento/cuando

After: después

Before: antes

Until: hasta

Never: nunca

Just: Justo/ recién Se usa **just** como adverbio de tiempo para decir que algo acaba de pasar.

Negative Form -

- Para elaborar una oración NEGATIVA en PASADO PERFECTO se debe hacer de la siguiente forma:

Sujeto	HADN'T (HAD NOT)	VERBO PASADO PARTICIPIO	Complemento
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Example: Sergio **HADN'T** **DONE** the exam.

Sergio **no había hecho** el examen.

Interrogative Form ?

- Para elaborar una oración INTERROGATIVA(PREGUNTA) debemos ubicar el auxiliar HAD antes que el sujeto

Existen dos tipos de preguntas:

1) YES/NO questions

Son aquellas preguntas cuyas respuestas serán siempre YES o NO

HAD	sujeto	VERBO PASADO PARTICIPIO	complemento	?
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Example: **HAD** you **DONE** the exam?

¿**Habías** tú **hecho** el examen?

2) Wh- questions

Son aquellas preguntas que incluyen palabras preguntas WHAT-WHEN-WHERE-HOW-ETC. Este tipo de preguntas se utilizan para pedir información específica y no podemos responder YES o NO

WH- WORDS What, where, why, etc	HAD	Sujeto	VERBO PASADO PARTICIPIO	complemento	?
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Example: **WHERE** **HAD** Sergio **DONE** the exam?

¿**Dónde** **había** Sergio **hecho** el examen?

IMPORTANT: Recuerden que el VERBO en PASADO PARTICIPIO se ubica en la 3er columna de la lista de verbos Irregulares.

A) Read the text and sort out the paragraphs in the correct order. (Leer el texto y ordenar los párrafos)

A() I really enjoyed visiting that place, especially because of the company of my friends, who made the trip even more exciting. Definitely, that was the best week that summer. I really want to visit that place again!

B() I **had quit** my job by the day we left. I used to go to University and have a part-time job at the same



time, so I **hadn't had** enough time for myself, that's why I *decided* to finally have some fun and relax.

C () Like three summers ago, my friends and I went on a little trip. We **had planned** it for months, until summertime finally *arrived*.

D () Before leaving towards Cosalá, we **had bought** food, water, napkins, glasses... our plan was to visit the Ecological Reserve, which is in the mountains, far from town.

E () As soon as we arrived at our cabin, my friends and I started unpacking everything, we were staying for one whole week in the Reserve. I **had visited** forests before, but never a jungle. There was a lot of nature, insects, plants, beautiful landscapes and such nice cloudy weather. One day I took a ride on the zipline, which is the second longest in Latin America. It took two hours! I **had never done** something similar.

F () We went to a small magic town called Cosalá, I **hadn't gone** to that place before so I was happy and excited. The town was so beautiful, but the best part **hadn't arrived** yet...

Remember-Recordamos !!

Usamos pasado perfecto para hablar de una acción que ocurrió antes de otra acción en el pasado. Casi siempre el pasado perfecto se combina en oraciones con el pasado simple.

Example:

The train **had left** (7:30AM) when Hector **arrived** at the station (7:35AM)

El tren se había ido cuando Héctor llegó a la estación.

1º El tren se fue (7:30AM)

2º Héctor llegó a la estación (7:35 AM)



The train had left (el tren se había ido)- Esta acción sucedió primero en el tiempo. Usamos pasado Perfecto

Hector arrived at the station: esta acción sucedió en segundo lugar. Usamos Pasado Simple

Pasado Simple: si el verbo es REGULAR agregamos ED. Si es IRREGULAR lo buscamos en la 2º columna de la lista de verbos

B) Put the verbs in brackets in the Past Perfect or Past Simple. (Conjugar los verbos que están dentro de los paréntesis en Pasado Perfecto o Pasado Simple)

1. Nobody had walked (walk) the amazon before Ed Stafford.
2. We _____ (not think) of going to Brazil until we _____ (hear) about Ed Stafford's adventure.
3. I _____ (go) to the shop to get some bread, but they _____ (sell out).
4. The meeting _____ (finish) by the time I _____ (get) there.
5. I _____ (invite) Florence to dinner, but she _____ (already arrange) to do something else.
6. When I _____ (get) to the airport, I realized that I _____ (forget) my passport.
7. Erika _____ (ask) me to go to Spain with her, but I _____ (already book) a holiday in Italy.
8. I _____ (see) Trevor Robertson when I _____ (be) in town yesterday. I _____ (not see) him for ten years!

C) Complete and answer these questions. (Completar las preguntas con las palabras del recuadro y responderlas)

1. _____ did they go three summers ago?
2. _____ had they bought before leaving towards Casalá?
3. _____ he visited a jungle before?
4. _____ he gone to Casalá before?
5. _____ hadn't he had enough time for himself?

WHY- HAD - WHAT - WHERE - HAD

