Name_____ **Date**_____

Egzamin z jezyka angielskiego

Technik BHP

1.Match the collocation. Dopasuj odpowiednie slowka

1.defibrillator	a) buty ochronne
2.earplugs	b) defibrylator
3.face shield	c) osłona na twarz
4.first-aid kit	d) ostrzeżenie
5.hairnet	e) zagrożenie porażeniem prądem
6.hard hat	f) niebezpieczny
7.safety boots	g) zatyczki do uszu
8.safety earmuffs	h) nauszniki ochronne
9.safety glasses	i) siatka na włosy
10.safety vest	j) zagrożenie biologiczne
11.warning	k) apteczka pierwszej pomocy
12.hazardous	l) kask ochronny
13.electrical hazard	m) okulary ochronne
14.biohazard	n) kamizelka ochronna

LIVEWORKSHEETS

2.Translate to Polish. Przetłumacz na Polski język

1. Just think before you start work – know the **hazards**

2. Make sure you know how to **operate** the machine you must use at work

3. **Report** any damage to the **tools** you normally use to your **supervisor**

4. Wear **protective clothing** if it's necessary in your workplace

5. It's important to keep the **workshop** clean and tidy

6. Don't **undertake** work for which you aren't trained.

7. Check where the **fire extinguishers** can be found **in the event of** fire

3.Co wiesz na temat pracownika BHP i jakie zadania wykonuje?What do you know about the health and safety worker and what tasks does he/ she perform?

LIVEWORKSHEETS

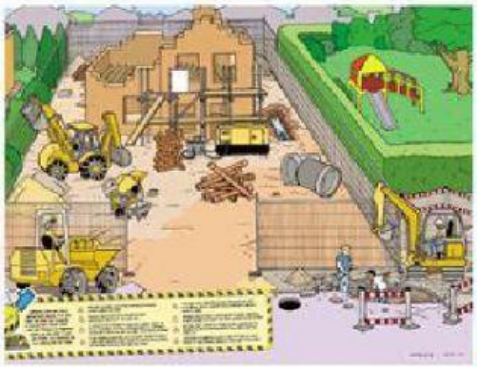
SAFETY AT WORK

What can you see?

Cross out the false sentences (first use a pencil)

1. The man on the right is wearing a safety hat.
2. There is a man on a ladder.
3. Four objects are falling off.
4. The man with glasses looks happy.
5. They are holding a construction plan.
6. They are in front of a brick wall.
7. There are three pencils in his shirt's pocket.
8. The weather is rainy.

1. The man is checking the checklist.
2. He is wearing a checked shirt.
3. He hasn't got a belt.
4. He is in front of a window.
5. The checklist is pinned with nails.
6. He looks very angry.
7. He is standing on the right of the poster.
8. We can see the shadow of three other men.



1. They are building a swimming-pool.
2. There is a playground on the right.
3. In the foreground they are filling up a hole.
4. We can see a concrete mixer.
5. There is a double excavator on the right.
6. There is no scaffolding in front of the building.
7. There is a power generator between the building and a hole.
8. We can see four men working.

iSLCollective.com

LIVEWORKSHEETS

Jobs

SAFETY EQUIPMENT

1. Look at the pictures and match the safety equipment with its definition.

2. Make a sentence.

SAFETY EQUIPMENT	DEFINITION
1. A protective mask	___ handles heavy materials and protects the back
2. Safety shoes	___ avoids the worker falling
3. Ear protectors	___ protects the body against welding work
4. A protective apron	___ protect ears against noise
5. A safety harness	___ protects from inhaling harmful air particles as dusts, vapours, fumes and gases
6. Safety gloves	___ provide protection to the eyes
7. A safety helmet	___ protects the head from accidental injury
8. Knee pads	___ handles heavy materials such as breeze-blocks, beams and avoids injuries
9. A dorsal belt	___ protect the feet from accidental injury
10. Safety goggles	___ protect knees on the ground while working

iSLCollective.com

LIVEWORKSHEETS

Employers' responsibiliy at workplace

Because occupational hazards arise at the workplace, it is the responsibility of employers to ensure that the **working environment** is safe and healthy. This means that they must **prevent**, and **protect** workers from, occupational risks.

But **employers**' responsibility goes further, involving knowledge of **occupational hazards** and a commitment to ensure that management processes promote safety and health at work. For example, an awareness of safety and health implications should guide decisions on the choice of technology and on how work is organized.

Training is one of the most important tasks to **be carried out** by employers. Workers need to know not only how to do their jobs, but also how to protect their lives and health and those of their co-workers while working.

Key principles in occupational safety and health workers are adequately trained for the work that they are expected to **undertake**. Such training should include information on the safety and health aspects of the work, and on ways to prevent or minimize exposure to hazards. On a larger scale, employers' organizations should instigate training and information programmes on the prevention and control of hazards, and protection against risks.

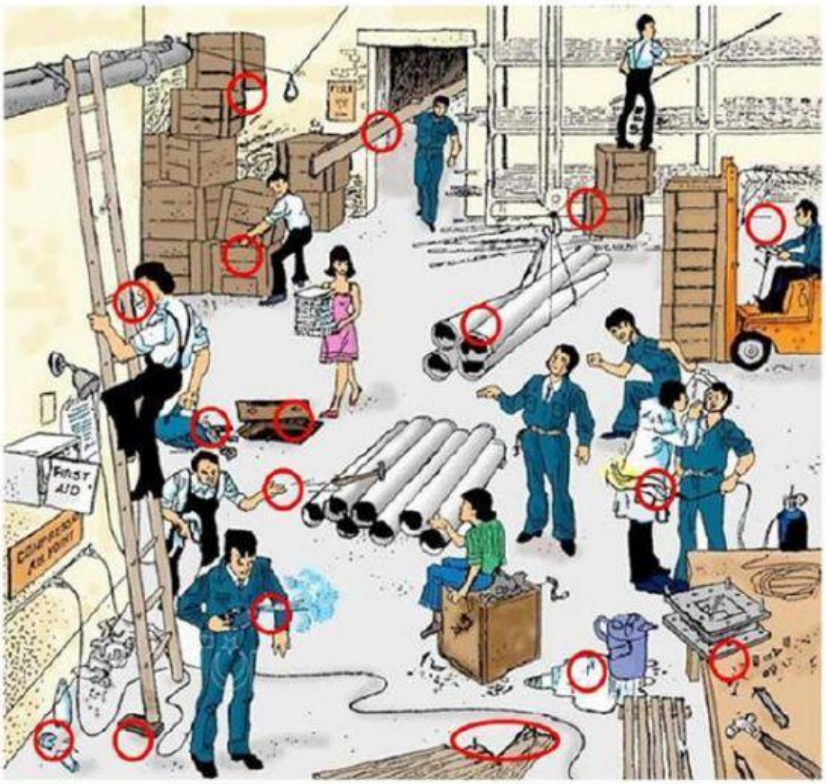
Where necessary, employers must be in a position to deal with **accidents** and **emergencies**, including providing first-aid facilities. Adequate arrangements should also be made for **compensation** of work-related injuries and diseases, as well as for rehabilitation and to facilitate a prompt return to work. In short, the objective of preventive programmes should be to provide a safe and healthy environment that protects and promotes workers' health and their working capacity.

Translate the following words.

nagłe wypadki-
być wykonane-
przedsięwziąć-
wypadki-
pracodawca-
ryzyko zawodowe-
zapobiegać-
chronić-
środowisko pracy-
odszkodowanie-

LIVEWORKSHEETS

Spot the hazards at work



Some very bad practice is going on in this workplace! First, put the right numbers in the circles. Then, link the bad practice with its likely consequence.

1. He is throwing a hammer at his workmate
2. He is smoking while climbing a ladder.
3. He is driving, but he can't see where he is going because the boxes he is transporting are piled too high.
4. There is broken glass on the floor.
5. One side of the ladder is propped up.
6. He is standing on two boxes, but they are unevenly balanced.
7. He is carrying a very long plank.
8. Four huge pipes are not properly secured.
9. There are nails in the planks of wood on the floor.
10. There is an unguarded flame.
11. He is lifting a box from an eneven stack.
12. She is walking towards an open manhole.
13. There is a pool of water on the floor.
14. The tools are hanging out of the bag.
15. The man with a blowtorch has no safety goggles on

a) He could crash into something.
b) It could swing round and hit someone.
c) Someone could stand on them and injure their foot.
d) It could hit him.
e) Someone could stand on it and cut themselves
f) Someone might slip on it.
g) The steam could injure his eyes
h) She could fall in and seriously injure herself
i) The tools could fall onto someone's head.
j) He should not be smoking at work!
k) They could fall onto the workmen below them.
l) He could fall off the boxes
m) It is not secure and he could fall off it.
n) This could burn anybody or the workman himself
o) Some of the boxes on the stack could fall on him.

iSLCollective.com

LIVEWORKSHEETS