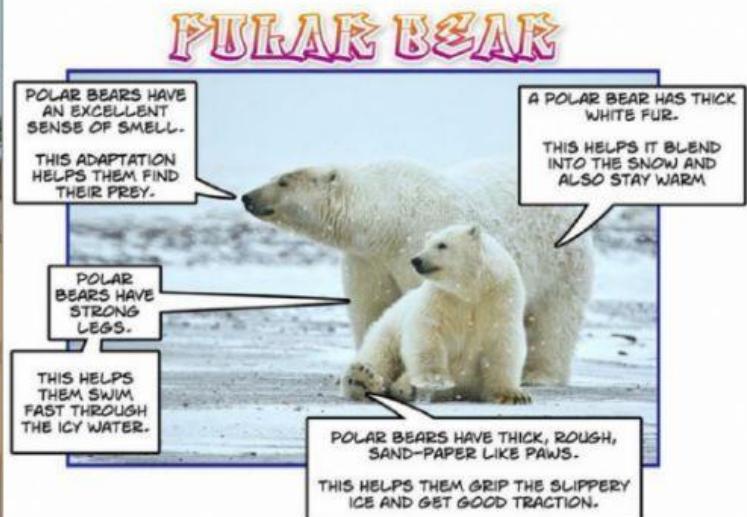
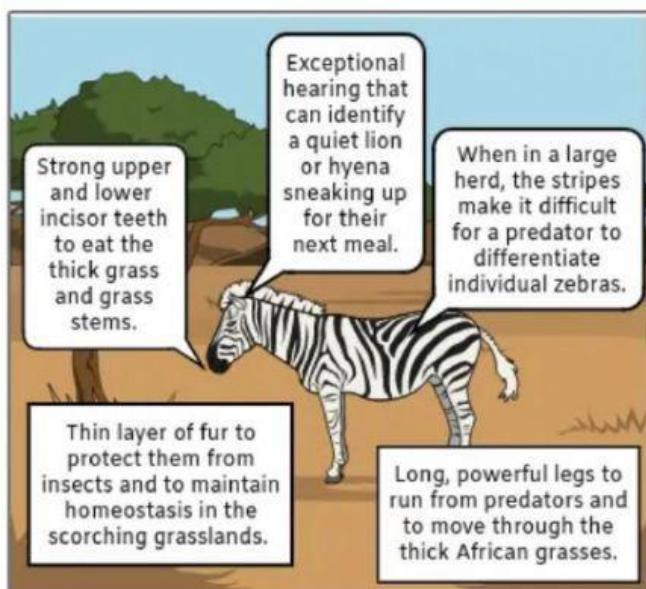


Racoons Adaptations

Label the structural adaptions S and behavioural adaptions B – both SB



Homeostasis is the ability to maintain a constant temperature – Zebras need fur to protect them from blood sucking flies. However, the fur can't be too thick otherwise Zebras will overheat.

Choose from the responses below to complete the statements.

Zebras live in an environment that is always _____. They are covered in _____ which is ^{very cold / hot} _{skin / fur} a _____ adaptation. This body ^{structure / covering} _{behavioural / structural} protects them from ^{predator / biting} flies but can't be very _____ otherwise Zebras will overheat and die. Zebras live in _____ which is a _____ adaptation. This combined with stripes (a _____ adaptation) confuses predators like lions, and makes it difficult for them to hunt.

Polar Bears live in an _____ environment which is slippery. They have _____ that helps them _____. This _____ adaptation gives Polar Bears good traction, and makes it easier for them to move around. Polar Bears have white fur which is a _____ adaptation that helps them to _____ in their environment. This plus an _____ helps polar bears to find, surprise and catch their prey. Female Polar Bears dig dens which is similar to hibernation. This is a _____ adaptation that helps their cubs survive in the harsh arctic _____ where they live.