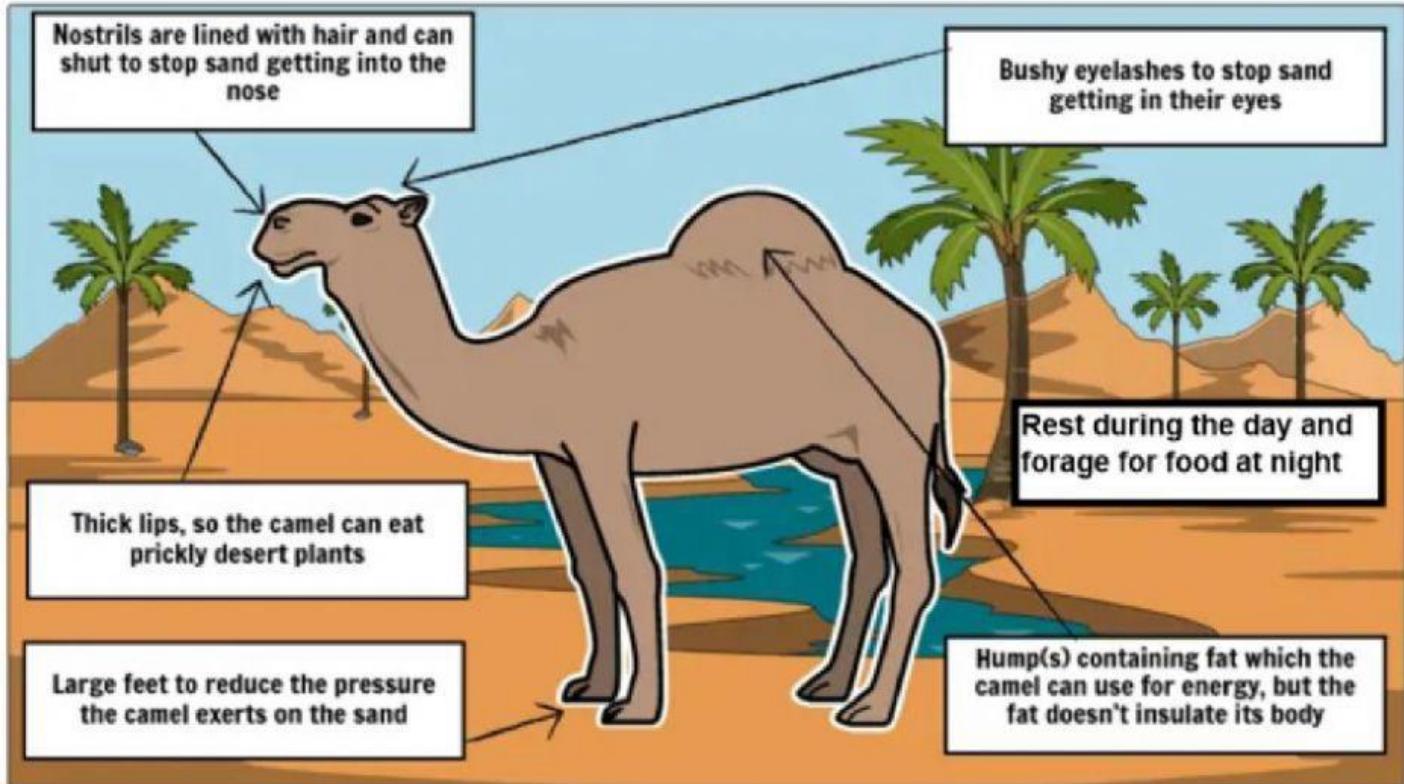


Label the adaptations with an **S** or a **B**

**S** - structural   **B** - Behaviour



Use these words, and words from the text above to complete the scientific explanation.

features leathery adapted little large environment because spikes tough structural survive many tongue adaptations conserve behavioral

The desert \_\_\_\_\_ has very \_\_\_\_\_ vegetation. The plants that do grow in a desert are very \_\_\_\_\_. A camel has no choice but to eat these plants. \_\_\_\_\_ that helps it do this are \_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_ skin that covers the inside of it's mouth and \_\_\_\_\_. These \_\_\_\_\_ protect the camel's mouth from the sharp \_\_\_\_\_ found on most plants. If camels couldn't eat these plants they would die. Because there are so few plants in a desert, a camel can go for \_\_\_\_\_ days without finding food or water. Camels have \_\_\_\_\_ to their environment to help them \_\_\_\_\_. Camels have \_\_\_\_\_ that stores fat and can only be used for \_\_\_\_\_. To reduce energy camels have \_\_\_\_\_ which act like snow shoes and make it easier for them to walk on the soft \_\_\_\_\_. Camels also \_\_\_\_\_ during the day and forage at night which is a \_\_\_\_\_ that also helps them to \_\_\_\_\_ energy.