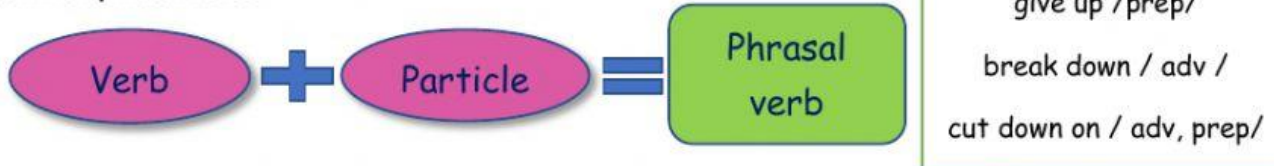


Vocabulary section

Content:

1. Phrasal verbs
2. Idioms
3. Prepositional phrases
4. Antonyms & synonyms

Common phrasal verbs:



Most common used phrasal verbs: 2020-2015 entrance exam

- take
- break
- turn
- put
- look
- come
- go
- bring
- get
- run
- cut down on- You ought to **cut down on** the amount of sugar you eat.
- give up – The thieves **gave** themselves **up** and were taken to prison.
- call off- The football match was **called off** due to bad weather.
- make out-What does this word say? I can't **make out** the handwriting.
- pick up-I need to the internet and **pick up** my e-mails.
- shut down-The car factory shut down and many workers have lost their

Take:

- **take over** – to take control of sth
- **take after** – to look like, resemble
- **take up** – to begin sth new (hobby, sport)
- **take off** – to leave the ground

John has decided to take tennis.
Rachel really takes her mother.

Break:

- **break down** – to stop working
- **break into** – to enter a place by force
- **break out** – to begin suddenly (war, fire, etc)
- **break up** – to stop for holidays (school), to end a romantic relationship

My car broke so I walked to my work.
Burglars broke my house last night and stole my jewelry.

Turn:

- **turn into** – to change into
- **turn down** – to refuse to accept
- **turn on / off** – to switch on / off
- **turn up** – to arrive

We waited for hours, but she never turned
The magician made the bird turn a rabbit.

Put:

- **put out** – to stop a fire burning, to extinguish
- **put on** – to wear, to gain weight
- **put off** – to postpone
- **put up with** – tolerate

Don't forget to put the candles before you go to bed.
He put the meeting until the following week.

Look:

- **look after** – to take care of sth / sb
- **look for** – try to find
- **look forward to** – to expect sth pleasure
- **look up** – to try to find sth in a book or list

Susan looked my cat while we were on holiday.
Jane is really looking her brother's wedding.

Come:

- **come across** - meet / find by chance
- **come into** - inherit
- **come over** - visit
- **come up with** - find, think of (an idea, a solution)

1. The boys came a brilliant idea for raising money.
2. I came my old school books yesterday when I was tidying the attic.
3. He came a fortune when his father died.
4. My house has a beautiful garden. Why don't you come and see it?

Go:

- **go on** - continue, happen
- **go off** - explode, ring (an alarm)
- **go round** - be enough for sharing
- **go up** - rise, increase
- **go with** - suit, match

1. The price of petrol has gone again.
2. Is there enough coffee to go or shall I make some more?
3. My alarm went at 6 o'clock this morning.
4. This bag goes my dress very well.
5. Things are going fine at the moment.

Bring:

- **bring back** - remember memory
- **bring out** - publish, put on the market
- **bring up** - raise a child
- **bring round** - persuade

1. My favourite singer has just brought a new record.
2. It's difficult to bring children alone.
3. I'm trying to bring my father to my ideas.
4. These old photos always bring my childhood.

Get:

- **get along with** - be friendly
- **get in / get out** - cyyx/ бyyx (car, taxi, truck)
- **get on / get off** - cyyx/ бyyx (bus, train, plane)
- **get over** - recover, overcome
- **get through** - use up, finish, organize, reach sb by telephone,

1. Bill got his illness quickly and returned to work.
2. We get two loaves of bread a day.
3. She always gets with her boss.
4. You should get a taxi not to be late.

Run:

- **run across** - meet sb / find sth by chance
- **run away** (from / with) - escape
- **run out of** - no longer have a supply of sth
- **run down** - stop working (of a clock / batteries)

1. Neil ran from home when he was 17.
2. We've run milk again. I'll go and buy some more.
3. The remote control isn't working. I think the batteries must have run
4. You'll never guess what I ran at a car boot sale yesterday.

Idioms

Idioms are expression that cannot be understood from the meaning of its separate words but must be learned as a whole expression. Idioms have figurative meaning. **"rain cats and dogs"**



Literal →



Figurative →

- rain heavily

Examples with common idioms:

1. It's *raining cats and dogs*!
2. These groceries *cost an arm and a leg*!
3. You are the *apple of my eye*.
4. I'm glad you didn't *get cold feet*.
5. This game is *coming down to the wire*!
6. This cupcake is *out of this world*.
7. I am going to *toss my cookies*!
8. You're *driving me up the wall*.
9. That was *a piece of cake*.
10. My sister is *a night owl*. She always doing her homework late.
 - ❖ **Once in a blue moon** you see the Aurora here.
 - a. Always b. Sometimes c. Very rarely d. never e. Most of the time
 - ❖ When my mum bought me a computer, I was on cloud nine.
 - A. very happy B. frustrated C. disappointed D. not very happy E. bored
 - ❖ **hit the hay**
 - A. get up early B. go to bed C. make hay D. stay up E. leave home
 - ❖ Jim is a **straight arrow**.
 - trustworthy B. unreliable C. arrogant D. decisive E. independent

Prepositional phrase

Common Mistakes With Prepositions

Always Write	Never Use
John was just in time to catch the taxi.	on
George's methods are different from yours.	than
There are more than 200 clients there.	over
Our company is ashamed of him.	for
Mary feels superior to everybody else.	than
The customer was on time for the meeting.	in
Look out of the window.	out
Meet the board members at the office.	in
Our MD is aiming at leaving South America.	for
The player died of leukaemia.	from
The project will cost about a million rand.	around

ADJECTIVES + PREPOSITIONS				
OF	FOR	WITH	TO	ABOUT
- Afraid of - Ashamed of - Aware of - Capable of - Certain of - Conscious of - Envious of - Independent of - Jealous of - Proud of - Silly of - Typical of	- Eager for - Eligible for - Famous for - Grateful for - Notorious for - Prepared for - Ready for - Renowned for - Responsible for - Respected for - Suitable for - Thankful for	- Associated with - Bored with - Blessed with - Confronted with - Crowded with - Delighted with - Disappointed with - Fed up with - Familiar with - Pleased with - Popular with - Satisfied with	- Attracted to - Accustomed to - Addicted to - Allergic to - Indifferent to - Kind to - Married to - Receptive to - Related to - Similar to - Superior to - Unfriendly to	- Angry about - Anxious about - Enthusiastic about - Excited about - Furious about - Happy about - Nervous about - Pessimistic about - Sad about - Serious about - Upset about - Worried about

NOUNS + PREPOSITIONS			
ON	ABOUT	INTO	IN
- Debate on - Information on - Hold on - Agreement on - Ban on - Congratulations on - Decision on - Report on	- Agreement about - Anxiety about - Concern about - Confusion about - Debate about - Decision about - Information about - Story about	- Inquiry into - Investigation into - Research into - Translation into	- A decrease in - A fall in - A rise in - An increase in - Belief in - Change in - Course in - Delay in - Difference in - Difficulty in - Experience in - Growth in - Interest in - Lesson in - Participation in - Place in - Success in
OVER	BETWEEN	FROM	
- Authority over - Control over	- Link between - A connection between - A contact between two - A difference between two - A relationship between - Bond between	- Excerpt from - Transition from	

TO	FOR	FROM	ON	ABOUT	WITH
- Adapt to - Add to - Agree to - Apologize to - Belong to - Consent to - Devote to - Happen to - Lead to - Listen to - Object to - React to - Refer to - Reply to - Speak to - Talk to - Talk to - Turn to	- Admire for - Apologize for - Apply for - Ask for - Blame for - Care for - Excuse for - Head for - Long for - Pay for - Pray for - Prepare for - Scold for - Search for - Vote for - Wait for - Wish for - Work for	- Abstain from - Borrow from - Escape from - Graduate from - Hide from - Infer from - Prevent from - Prohibit from - Protect from - Recover from - Rescue from - Resign from - Retire from - Save from - Separate from - Stem from - Suffer from	- Agree on - Base on - Be on - Blame on - Comment on - Concentrate on - Congratulate on - Count on - Depend on - Elaborate on - Impose on - Insist on - Play on - Pride on - Rely on - Work on	- Argue about - Ask about - Be about - Boast about - Care about - Concern about - Decide about - Dream about - Forget about - Know about - Laugh about - Protest about - Think about - Worry about	- Acquaint with - Agree with - Associate with - Charge with - Clutter with - Coincide with - Collide with - Compare with - Comply with - Confront with - Confuse with - Cover with - Cram with - Deal with - Discuss with - Help with - Tamper with - Trust with

Common expressions preposition + nouns

- on business
- in a hurry
- on a diet
- out of sight
- on the news
- on TV
- on the radio
- by mistake
- in my opinion
- from scratch
- by surprise
- at random

Examples:

- ❖ I mustn't eat any chocolate. I'm diet.
- ❖ She selected a CD random and put it in the CD player.
- ❖ Mongolia is famous its natural resources.
- ❖ I agree your solutions.
- ❖ We are searching necessary information now.
- ❖ My friend is allergic all types of nuts.
- ❖ I'm thinking buying new car at the moment.

Antonyms and synonyms

Success:

Synonyms: victory, prosperity, achievement, fame...etc

Antonyms: failure, defeat, loss, ... etc

Read the sentences carefully. Then choose the opposites for the bold words from A, B, C, D or E

- The river, we crossed yesterday, was **deep**.
A. narrow B. wide C. low D. shallow E. high
- The company **fires** part time workers because of order.
A. donates B. pays C. hires D. keeps E. invests
- One of the most serious natural disasters is **drought**.
A. fire B. flood C. hurricane D. storm E. earthquake

Choose the one that has the similar meaning to the underlined word.

- Coffee, tea, wine, beer and milk are beverages.
A. meals B. snacks C. cuisines D. drinks E. foods
- Two writers collaborated with Japanese researchers on the study.
A. collated B. cooperated C. divorced D. coincided E. separated

Choose the correct prefix to form the opposite adjective.

- _____ --- respectful A. dis B. un C. ir D. de E. im

Phrasal verb exercise

SELF-CHECK

1. While we were driving to Venice, our car ran _____ petrol.
A. around B. into C. over D. away E. out of
2. The professor put _____ the meeting until the following week.
A. on B. off C. out D. down E. up
3. When we arrived at the airport, the plane had already taken _____.
A. away B. after C. down D. up E. off
4. He's so smart that he always comes _____ brilliant ideas.
A. up B. across C. up with D. back E. round
5. Guess what! I ran _____ my favorite comedian actor yesterday.
A. into B. away C. over D. out of E. around
6. Don't forget to put _____ the candles before you go to bed!
A. down B. on C. off D. out E. up
7. Susan decided to take _____ swimming as a hobby.
A. away B. after C. down D. off E. up
8. Justin came _____ a lot of money when his aunt died.
A. into B. up with C. up D. back E. round
9. The washing machine has broken _____. I'll call a repairman.
A. up B. in C. into D. out E. down
10. The firemen put the fire _____ very quickly, so it didn't spread.
A. off B. out C. up D. down E. away
11. They turned him _____ for the job because he didn't have the right qualifications.
A. on B. into C. down D. up E. off
12. Rachel takes _____ her grandmother, they look very much alike.
A. off B. after C. over D. up E. away
13. The couple broke _____ for a while, but then got back together.
A. out B. in C. up D. into E. down
14. He put _____ his dentist's appointment due to much work yesterday.
A. off B. on C. out D. up E. up with
15. Water turns _____ ice when it freezes.
A. off B. down C. up D. into E. on
16. The plane took _____ after a one-hour delay.
A. in B. up C. over D. after E. off
17. I think this curtain will go _____ our wallpaper very well.
A. up B. out C. with D. down E. in
18. The firefighters immediately put _____ the fire near the forest and prevented a great disaster.
A. down B. out C. up D. in E. off
19. The burglars brokethe jewelry shop last night.
A. out B. into C. up D. down E. off
20. Robin: Can I use your dictionary to look some words?
Ashley: Sure thing! Here you are.
A. at B. down C. after D. up E. out
21. Get _____ the bus at the train station, then walk about 100 metres and you'll see the theatre.
A. on B. off C. up D. along E. over
22. The children take _____ their school uniforms when they get home.
A. on B. off C. after D. over E. up
23. It's dark in here. _____ the lights.
A. Turn in B. Turn off C. Turn up D. Turn down E. Turn on

24. It's cold and windy outside. Put _____ your coat.
A. in B. down C. off D. up E. on
25. _____ --- continue.
A. go out B. go on C. look for D. get up E. put on
26. _____ --- begin wearing something.
A. wake up B. go on C. put on D. switch on E. work out
27. _____ --- recover from an illness or bad experience.
A. get over B. go on C. go out D. get up E. put on
28. _____ --- return something to its place.
A. put back B. get on C. get up D. put out E. switch on
29. We can **see** the meaning of any new word in the dictionary.
A. look forward to B. look through C. look after D. look up E. look down
30. Please, **remove** your shoes and hats when you enter the Buddhist temple.
A. take up B. take after C. take off D. take out E. take away
31. Everyone **arrived** on time for today's class.
A. turned in B. turned on C. turned off D. turned up E. turned down
32. I need to connect to the Internet and **access** my e-mails.
A. pick off B. pick up C. pick out D. pick on E. pick in
33. According to your application, we may **expect to see** you next Tuesday.
A. look forward to B. look through C. look after D. look up E. look down
34. They warned us to **wear** official costumes during the workshop.
A. put up B. put down C. put off D. put out E. put on
35. The car factory has **closed** and many workers have lost their jobs.
A. shut down B. shoot through C. shut up D. shoot up E. set out
36. Please, **write** all your suggestions on paper and we'll discuss them.
A. put up B. put through C. put back D. put down E. put in
37. I couldn't **understand** what he was saying with all the noise.
A. make up B. make out C. make for D. make of E. make in
38. I am organizing a little **party**. I hope you can come.
A. get up to B. get together C. get out D. get through E. get on
39. We **participated** in the students' event last Saturday.
A. took after B. took off C. took on D. took part in E. took out
40. It is very difficult to **raise** children away from modern technology.
A. bring round B. bring out C. bring about D. bring off E. bring up
41. Why did you **refuse** such a good offer?
A. turn off B. turn over C. turn on D. turn up E. turn down
42. My doctor says I'm overweight. I should **reduce** fatty foods.
A. cut down on B. cut out C. cut off D. cut back E. cut on
43. Don't **delay** your holiday while the weather is pleasant.
A. put out B. put up C. put off D. put on E. put down
44. That song always **remembers** wonderful memories whenever I hear it.
A. brings around B. brings in C. brings down D. brings back E. brings off
45. Mark has **gained** 8 kilos since he moved here.
A. put up B. put on C. put off D. put through E. put out
46. Because the lead dancer was ill, they had to **cancel** the performance.
A. call off B. call over C. call in D. call out E. call on
47. I think it's going to take Mary quite a while to **recover from** her illness.

- A. get up B. get off C. get in D. get down E. get over
48. Have a piece of chocolate. I think there's enough to **be shared** among everyone.
- A. go on B. go in C. go out D. go round E. go with
49. When her father dies, Joanna will **inherit** quite a lot of money.
- A. come into B. come up C. come on D. come off E. come down
50. We are planning to **publish** a new magazine next week especially for teenagers.
- A. bring on B. bring out C. bring in D. bring off E. bring down
51. It is very easy to **stop** smoking. I've done it hundreds of times!
- A. give in B. give up C. give off D. give out E. give on
52. She wanted an evening job that would allow her to **care for** her son during the day.
- A. look up B. look into C. look down D. look of E. look after
53. A: 'Does that dress **match** my eyes, do you think?
B: 'Which dress – the red or blue one?
- A. go on B. go in C. go with D. go off E. go up

Idioms

54. Michael is the only senior student in our selected group for the student math competition. He's a head and shoulders above the other students.
- A. higher rank than others D. much taller than others
B. on top of others E. much better than others
C. the best among others
55. Bill is studying engineering in our department. He can do sculpting, carving, a bit of pottery – he's a jack of all trades.
- A. having many skills and abilities D. making lots of money
B. doing different jobs at the same time E. having artistic ability
C. being successful in business
56. John would like to have a car like mine. He had set his heart on my car, but he was unhappy that I sold it.
- A. fond of something D. really love technology
B. fall in love with something E. really like vehicles
C. really want something
57. Since the students won the competition they have been in seventh heaven. Their long-time wish was fulfilled.
- A. To be included in a higher rank D. To get good reputation
B. To get a big prize E. To be extremely happy
C. To be extremely smart
58. My brother wasn't being that serious. He was just pulling your leg. He just wanted you to be relaxed.
- A. To laugh at D. To play a joke
B. To tell a lie E. To tell stupid stories
C. To tell the truth
59. Andrew is quite old, but he's still as sharp as a tack in his work and life. He finds easy solutions to difficult problems.
- A. To be very skillful D. To be very curious
B. To be very sharp eyed E. To be very straightforward
C. To be very intelligent
60. He's up to his ears in work and cannot possibly see you now.
- A. associated with D. concerned with
B. very interested in E. fully occupied with
C. not involved with
61. Their mother always describes her twin sons as like two peas in a pod.
- A. both round in shape D. both looking exactly alike
B. both saying the same thing E. both like cooking peas

- C. both full of fun
62. I was turning into the left lane when a car came out of nowhere and hit me.
 A. stopped right in front of me D. fell off a truck
 B. spun over E. broke down
 C. suddenly appeared
63. You remember I told you about that car that cost me an arm and a leg?
 A. a fair amount of money D. a huge amount of money
 B. a small amount of money E. a short amount of money
 C. a good amount of money
64. **Let the cat out of the bag**
 A. to accidentally reveal a secret D. to accidentally lose an animal from a box
 B. to lose something very valuable E. to help someone escape from a difficult situation
 C. to allow a cat run out of the bag
65. What does it mean if you say something '**tongue in cheek**'?
 A. You are lying.
 B. You have a very big mouth
 C. You're very hungry
 D. You are joking, even though you might appear to be serious.
 E. What you are saying is a secret, and you don't expect the other person to tell
66. **Bite the bullet**
 A. to feel very hungry
 B. to make someone angry
 C. to swallow very hot thing
 D. to suddenly find yourself in a dangerous situation
 E. to force yourself to do something unpleasant or difficult
67. I'd gladly loan you the money, but I can't because I'm **flat broke**.
 A. have a trouble renting a flat D. have no money at all
 B. have a debt to pay E. get a loan from a bank
 C. renovate a house
68. It has been **raining cats and dogs** all day.
 A. rain with cats and dogs D. dogs chase cats all day
 B. animals appear E. cats always afraid of dogs
 C. rain heavily

Prepositional phrases

1. My grandfather was born _____ 9 May 1945.
 A. in B. by C. of D. on E. at 19.
2. The students are doing research _____ people's shopping habits.
 A. for B. with C. at D. on E. in
3. The horse-drawn carriages were decorated _____ flowers.
 A. with B. by C. from D. in E. of
4. _____ it was raining, he took his umbrella with him.
 A. For B. Still C. By D. Since E. During
5. We can walk to the shops more quickly if we go _____ the sports field.
 A. above B. between C. below D. over E. across
6. Tina and Gary insist _____ applying for the same university as me.
 A. with B. by C. on D. in E. of 21
7. Please don't serve any seafood at dinner. I'm allergic _____ it.
 A. from B. of C. by D. to E. with
8. The professor translated the poem _____ Russian.
 A. into B. to C. in D. on E. at 20.
9. Big supermarkets are always crowded _____ people.
 A. with B. in C. on D. at E. by

10. My brother has been watching the cartoon _____ three hours.
A. since B. for C. at D. during E. till
11. Mongolia is located _____ the heart of Central Asia.
A. down B. of C. at D. on E. inside
12. The teacher was angry _____ the students who were naughty.
A. with B. by C. from D. in E. of
13. You are afraid _____ snakes, aren't you?
A. of B. by C. in D. from E. at
14. The student apologized _____ being late.
A. in B. for C. by D. at E. of
15. I suggested we should all go out for the concert but nobody else was keen _____ the idea.
A. at B. of C. from D. in E. on
16. Get _____ the bus at the train station, then walk about 100 metres and you'll see the theatre.
A. on B. off C. up D. along E. over
17. Boloroo is going to start her new job next month. She is quite excited _____ it.
A. on B. for C. in D. from E. about
18. Your watch is similar _____ mine but it isn't exactly the same.
A. at B. as C. from D. to E. by
19. Mrs. Suvd is a very keen gardener. She's very proud _____ her garden and loves showing it to visitors.
A. from B. in C. of D. on E. at
20. The children take _____ their school uniforms when they get home.
A. on B. off C. after D. over E. up
21. Don't worry. I'll look after you. There is nothing to be scared _____.
A. in B. by C. of D. from E. at
22. I was surprised when I met her for the first time. She was different _____ what I expected.
A. from B. in C. by D. on E. at
23. An editor is the person who is responsible _____ what appears in a news.
A. from B. for C. by D. on E. at
24. Do you want to watch the news on television? No, I am not interested _____ it.
A. at B. on C. in D. from E. by
25. Mongolia is famous _____ its culture and art treasures.
A. from B. at C. in D. for E. by
26. Nomin is going to start her new job next month. She is quite excited _____ it.
A. about B. for C. in D. from E. on

Antonyms and synonyms

Read the sentences carefully. Then choose the opposites for the bold words from A, B, C, D or E

1. The river, we crossed yesterday, was **deep**.
A. narrow B. wide C. low D. shallow E. high
2. My mother doesn't like the people who are too **generous**.
A. punctual B. stingy C. dishonest D. reliable E. lazy
3. The main idea of his lecture was how to **save** money wisely.
A. donate B. enjoy C. earn D. keep E. spend
4. Could you tell me where the nearest **exit** is?
A. door B. entrance C. gate D. hall E. balcony
5. My friend respects the people who are **humble**.
A. mood B. unkind C. honest D. reliable E. vain