

## TAXATION



- Taxes fund various public expenses that citizens enjoy “for free”
- Some examples of what the government provides or subsidizes:
  - Healthcare
  - Roads
  - Public parks / recreation
  - Education
  - Armed forces
  - Transit
  - Welfare / EI / CPP
  - Canadian media
  - Border patrol
  - Emergency services



- Types of taxes:
  - o Income tax
    - Based on how much money you earn at a job
    - Taken off paycheques automatically and a report is issued to the government stating earnings and taxation

- This is a sample income tax statement called a T-4, which you receive when you are employed. It breaks down how much you earned and what you paid into (such as pension plans, employment insurance and charity)

Employer's name - Nom de l'employeur		Canada Revenue Agency / Agence des Revenus du Canada		T4 STATEMENT OF REMUNERATION PAID / ÉTAT DE LA RÉMUNÉRATION PAYÉE	
ABC Construction Company		Year / Année	2012		
9700 Lake City Way N.E. Seattle, WA 98115					
14	Employment income - line 101 Revenus d'emploi - ligne 101	65,000.00	22	Income tax deducted - line 437 Impôt sur le revenu retenu - ligne 437	17,000.00
16	Employer's CPP contributions - line 308 Contributions de l'employeur au RPP - ligne 308	170.00	24	Eligible earnings Gains admissibles d'AE	700.00
17	Employer's EI premiums - line 312 Contributions de l'employeur à l'AE - ligne 312	30.00	44	Union dues - line 212 Contributions syndicales - ligne 212	40.00
20	RPP contributions - line 200 Contributions à un RPP - ligne 200	120.00	46	Charitable donations - line 349 Don de bienfaisance - ligne 349	10.00
52	Pension adjustment - line 206 Facteur d'ajustement - ligne 206	0	50	RPP or DPSP registration number N° d'enregistrement d'un RPP ou d'un DPSP	
55	Employer's PPIP premiums - see over Contributions de l'employeur au RPAP - voir au verso		56	PPIP insurable earnings Gains assurables du RPAP	
12	Social insurance number Numéro d'assurance sociale	345 675 656			
10	Province of employment Province d'emploi	CN			
28	Exempt/Exemption CPP/EPP		29	Employment code Code d'emploi	
Employee's name and address - Nom et adresse de l'employé					
Last name (or capital letter) - Nom de famille (en lettres majuscules)		First name - Prénom	Initial - Initiale		
Bulmer		Jay			
Home Run Lane RT 4 Box 345 Vancouver, BC B1E4S9 CA					
Other information (see over)					
Autres renseignements (voir au verso)					

- Sales tax
  - A percentage added to the cost of items purchased (in Ontario the rate is 13%, or 13 cents per dollar)
  - There are different rates between provinces. Ontario's is 13%, Alberta's is 5%, and BC's is 12% for example.
  - This is not added to fresh food like produce and bread, but it is added to packaged goods (e.g. pop, candy, chips)
  - These fund provincial programs (think back to our division of powers from the beginning of the year)
- Property tax
  - Paid monthly or quarterly to the municipal government
  - Based on how much your property is worth (for instance, a high-demand, renovated cottage on the lake will demand more tax than a "fixer-upper" in a poorer part of town)
  - Funds municipal programs and services
- Excise taxes (gas / gambling / alcohol / cigarettes)
  - Used mostly to deter undesirable behaviour by the public like smoking, driving high-pollution cars, and drinking
  - Funds used for provincial / federal programs, in some cases those aimed at addiction recovery / rehabilitation

*Thinking Critically:*

1. You go to the grocery store and purchase a loaf of bread, some tomatoes and sliced turkey. The prices add up to \$5.60. Do you need to add tax?  
  

YES
NO
2. You then go to Chapters and find a book you have been after. The cost is \$10.00. After tax, what would you have spent if the rate is 13%? (hint: 13% as a fraction is 13/100. Multiply this by 10 to get the "added tax", then add it to the original amount to get the final price)
3. You purchase 4 lottery tickets at \$4 each. Your total comes to \$20. What type of tax was likely added to your purchase?

How much tax was added?