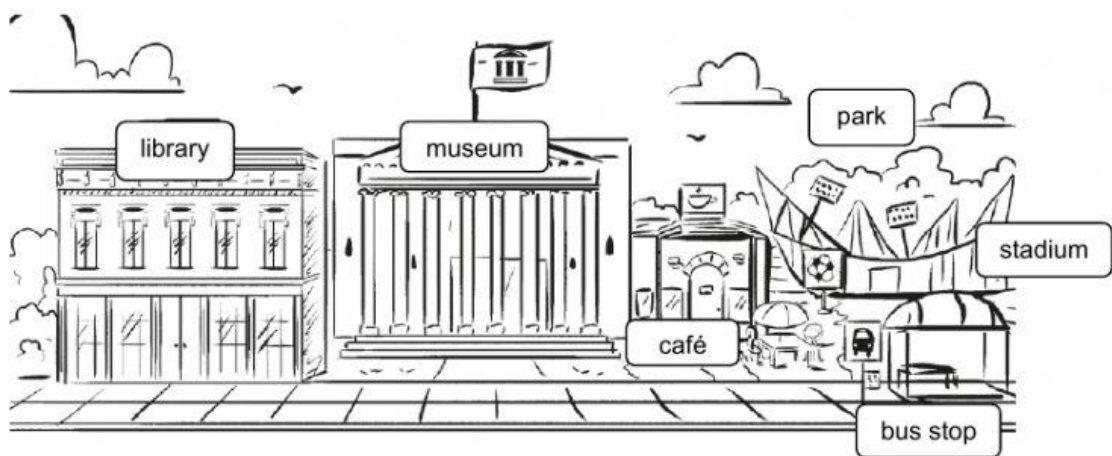


1. Przeczytaj definicje i uzupełnij nazwy miejsc.

- 0 Where can you watch a film? cinema
- 1 Where do doctors work? h \_\_\_\_\_
- 2 Where can you get money? b \_\_\_\_\_
- 3 Where can you go to read books and use a computer? l \_\_\_\_\_
- 4 Where can you have dinner? r \_\_\_\_\_
- 5 Where can you watch actors? t \_\_\_\_\_
- 6 Where can you stay when you are on holiday? h \_\_\_\_\_
- 7 Where can you send a postcard or a letter? p \_\_\_\_\_ o \_\_\_\_\_

2. Popatrz na obrazek i uzupełnij tekst słowami z ramki.



in front of      behind      next to      between      opposite

**My town**

I live in the town centre. This is a picture from my window. There is a museum <sup>0</sup> opposite my house.

<sup>1</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ the café, there is a stadium. There's a bus stop <sup>2</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ the stadium.

<sup>3</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ the stadium, there is a small park. The museum is <sup>4</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ the library and the café.

3. Uzupełnij przymiotniki.

I don't live in a small town. I live in a <sup>0</sup> big city. Small towns are usually clean but cities are often

<sup>1</sup> d \_\_\_\_\_. The houses in my city aren't <sup>2</sup> m \_\_\_\_\_. They're old. The streets are

<sup>3</sup> b \_\_\_\_\_ in the morning, afternoon and evening. They're never quiet. The city has got a lot of problems but it's always interesting. It's never <sup>4</sup> b \_\_\_\_\_!

4. Ułóż zdania czasownikiem *to be* w czasie Past Simple (✓ - twierdzenie, X - przeczenie).

0 I am happy today but I was sad yesterday. ✓

1 There \_\_\_\_\_ some people in the street last Friday. ✓

2 Morris \_\_\_\_\_ well last week. ✓

- 3 Anya and Otto \_\_\_\_\_ in Madrid in 2009. X
- 4 There \_\_\_\_\_ some eggs in the shop yesterday. ✓
- 5 Mum \_\_\_\_\_ at home last night. X

**5. Uzupełnij dialog słowami z ramki. Jedno słowo podano dodatkowo.**

was	no	there	was	wasn't	weren't	yes
-----	----	-------	-----	--------	---------	-----

- A: Tell me about the party yesterday. <sup>0</sup> Was Tim there?
- B: <sup>1</sup> \_\_\_\_\_, he wasn't. He's on holiday but Haley and Steve <sup>2</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ there.
- A: Were <sup>3</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ a lot of people?
- B: Yes, it <sup>4</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ a fantastic party! It <sup>5</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ boring!

\_\_\_\_\_ / 5

**6. Uzupełnij dialog, wpisując jedno słowo w każdą lukę.**

- A: <sup>0</sup> Excuse me. I'm looking for the library.
- B: Oh yes. I know where that is. It's <sup>1</sup> o \_\_\_\_\_ Roberts Street.
- A: Is it <sup>2</sup> f \_\_\_\_\_?
- B: No, it isn't. Go <sup>3</sup> s \_\_\_\_\_ on, then turn right. Go <sup>4</sup> p \_\_\_\_\_ the cinema and the library is on the <sup>5</sup> l \_\_\_\_\_.
- A: Thank you.

\_\_\_\_\_ / 5

**7. Wybierz poprawne odpowiedzi.**

Hi Maisie,

Rob, David and I <sup>0</sup> wasn't / weren't at home yesterday evening. I <sup>1</sup> was / were at the park with my friends.

<sup>2</sup> There wasn't / There weren't a concert but <sup>3</sup> there was / there were a lot of people because it <sup>4</sup> was / were a warm evening. Rob and David <sup>5</sup> was / were at the football stadium.

What's your news?

Jules

**8. Ułóż pytania, używając podanych słów.**

- 0 your / exciting / was / holiday / ? Was your holiday exciting?
- 1 Peter / last / was / where / night / ? \_\_\_\_\_
- 2 the restaurant / at / was / week / last / Diana / ? \_\_\_\_\_
- 3 was / your family / last / home / night / at / ? \_\_\_\_\_

**9. Odpowiedz na pytania, używając krótkich odpowiedzi.**

- 0 A: Were the students in the park last night? B: Yes, they were. [✓] / No, they weren't. [X]
- 1 A: Was there a cake on the table this morning? B: \_\_\_\_\_ [X]
- 2 A: Were there any dogs in the park yesterday? B: \_\_\_\_\_ [✓]
- 3 A: Was the film last Sunday interesting? B: \_\_\_\_\_ [✓]
- 4 A: Was our cat in the garden last night? B: \_\_\_\_\_ [X]
- 5 A: Were the beaches clean last summer? B: \_\_\_\_\_ [X]