

Vocabulary

1 Uzupełnij definicje.

- 1 You look at paintings in an **art gallery**.
- 2 You read books quietly in a l_____.
- 3 You catch a train at a r_____.
- 4 You can sit outside in a s_____.
- 5 You watch football matches at a s_____.
- 6 You drive around a r_____.

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2 Uzupełnij zdania wyrazami i wyrażeniami z ramki.

car park cash machine police station
sports stadium tourist information centre
zebra crossing

- 1 The tourists got all their maps and information from the **tourist information centre**.
- 2 Adam went to the _____ because he lost his wallet.
- 3 The _____ was empty, so she found a parking space easily.
- 4 It's safer to cross the road at the _____.
- 5 I need to get some money from the _____.
- 6 We saw the match at the _____.

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Grammar

3 Napisz zdania twierdzące i pytające z podanymi wyrazami i wyrażeniami oraz formą **will** lub **won't**.

- 1 I hope / the swimming pool / not be / busy / tomorrow
I hope the swimming pool won't be busy tomorrow.
- 2 we / drive / cars / 30 years from now?

- 3 Fred doesn't think / his team / win / the game

- 4 In 2050 / the world's population / certainly / be / more than 9 billion

- 5 humans / colonise / Mars / in the future?

- 6 The art gallery / not have / many visitors on Monday

4 Dopasuj zdania 1–6 do zdań A–F. Następnie uzupełnij minidialogi formami **will** i **won't**.

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- 1 You need to arrive on time! **C**
 - 2 What a mess! _____
 - 3 I can't find my phone! _____
 - 4 Remember to buy some bread! _____
 - 5 Can I have something to eat, please? _____
 - 6 I need some milk. _____
- A Don't worry, we _____ tidy up.
B I _____ help you look for it.
C OK. We promise we **won't** _____ be late.
D I _____ make you a sandwich.
E Sure! I _____ forget.
F No problem. I _____ buy a bottle.

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5 Uzupełnij zdania wyrazami w nawiasach w formie **strony biernej**.

- 1 The art gallery **was opened** (open) in 2020.
- 2 The car _____ (not park) in the car park at the moment.
- 3 The men _____ (take) to the police station last night.
- 4 The subway station _____ (close) at the moment.
- 5 The bridge _____ (build) in the early 20th century.
- 6 Every day, the city's cash machines _____ (use) by millions of customers.

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Speaking

6 Zakreśl właściwą opcję.

- A Excuse me, could you tell me the ¹how / **way** to the swimming pool?
B Yes, of course.
- A ²How / Take far is it from here?
B Not far, it's about ten minutes on foot. Walk ³along / right this road. ⁴Cross / Way the bridge on the left. Then turn ⁵along / right and walk along the river.
- A OK. Walk along the river ...
B That's right. Then ⁶left / take the third turning on the right.
- A And is the swimming pool on that road?
B Yes, it's on the right.

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Reading

- 7 Przeczytaj tekst o mieście Newcastle upon Tyne. Następnie wybierz właściwe uzupełnienie każdej luki (1–6).

Newcastle Upon Tyne is a city in North East England, very close to the Scottish boarder. It's a small city, with less than 300,000 inhabitants, but it has a great reputation, as one of the most fun cities in Britain to visit!

Newcastle's most famous sight is its Tyne ¹ _____. It was built in the 1920s and goes over the river Tyne. The city of Newcastle lies on one side of the river, and its sister city, Gateshead, lies on the other.

The weather in Newcastle is famously cold, but it doesn't stop the local people from going out and having fun. It also doesn't stop its football team, Newcastle United, from playing well. The football club's home is in the city's sports stadium, called St James' Park, and welcomes about 50,000 people to watch its ² _____ every week.

The city also attracts a lot of visitors. They come to see the Tyne Bridge, to visit the city's excellent shops, and to visit the famous ³ _____. In the Laing, for example, you can find paintings and sculptures from the 18th, 19th and 20th centuries, and across the bridge, in Gateshead, the Baltic Flour Mill is home to modern art from the 21st century.

It's easy to reach Newcastle. You can travel by bus into its ⁴ _____, or take a train into its ⁵ _____. It's also easy to travel in and around Newcastle. There are lots of buses, and the city also has an excellent ⁶ _____ system – trains run all around the city, and out to the beaches nearby at Whitley Bay and Tynemouth.

Newcastle is also famous for its friendly people, who are always ready to welcome visitors. Newcastle upon Tyne might be a small city, but it's got a big heart!

- 1 a monument **b bridge** c tower d park
- 2 a football matches b TV programmes
c footballs d fans
- 3 a art galleries b police stations
c zebra crossings d car parks
- 4 a tunnel b cash machine c bus station
d car park
- 5 a car park b police station c train station
d zebra crossing
- 6 a bus station b financial district
c underground d library

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Listening

- 8 07 Posłuchaj sześciu rozmów. Zakreśl właściwą opcję.

- 1 Lisa must turn left / **right** after the zebra crossing.
- 2 Jamie **is going to work** / works at the library.
- 3 Adam **didn't travel** / travelled on the underground.
- 4 Olivia wants to **go to** / work in an art gallery.
- 5 Joe **works at** / is going to a sports stadium.
- 6 At the roundabout, Julia looked at the cars from the **left** / right.

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Extra

- 11 Uzupełnij wyrazy.

- 1 The **castle** _____ was lived in by many kings and queens.
- 2 The a _____ is filled with fish and other sea animals.
- 3 A lot of money is kept in the b _____.
- 4 Thousands of patients are treated at our h _____ every day.
- 5 The o _____ b _____ is used by a lot of different businesses.
- 6 The s _____ is used for religious services by the Jewish community.

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