I. Fill in each blank with a suitable word or phrase from the box.

historical, custom, generations, ancestors, communal house
relics, worship, takeaway, observe, national identity

1. In the _____ museum, we learned about the clothing people wore in Vietnam during the time of the emperors.
2. Many tribal communities in the mountain still……customs and traditions
3. People often hold common activities and festivals important events in the …….
4. In the past, most families in Vietnam cooked meals at home instead of relying on _____ food.
5. Traditionally, Vietnamese families place a high value on respecting their elders and honoring their _____.
6. Vietnamese villagers often placed offerings of fruit and flowers at the village shrine to _____ their ancestors.
7. In some parts of Vietnam's past, many generations living together is still a ……..in many places in Viet Nam.
8. Archaeologists carefully dug up the ground and found _____ of an ancient temple, including broken statues and pottery shards.
9. Vietnamese clothing styles have changed throughout history, but the *ao dai* remains a symbol of _____.
10. We must preserve heritage sites for future ……

II. Choose the option that best transforms the original one.

1. They have worked in that company for over 20 years.
A. They used to work in that company for over 20 years.
B. They began working in that company more than 20 years ago.
C. In 20 years, they will have worked in that company
D. They only worked in that company for a short time.
2. Having finished cooking, my mother would relax with a good film
A. My mother would relax with a good film while cooking.
B. Relaxing with a good film was one of my mother's chores.
C. My mother never finished her cooking and couldn't relax with a book.
D.My mother finished her cooking and then relaxed with a good film.
3. People didn't have access to the internet in the 1980s.
A. The internet was invented in the 1980s.
B. People still don't have internet access today.
C. The internet was very popular in the 1980s.
D. People could access the internet easily in the past.
4. If I had studied harder I would have passed the exam.
A. I studied hard, so I passed the exam
B. I didn't study hard, but I still passed the exam
C. Even though I didn't study, I still passed the exam
D.I didn't study hard, and I failed the exam
5. This is the first time I have such an unpleasant experience
A. I have never had such an unpleasant expericence before
B. I have ever had such an unpleasant expericence before
C. I have had such an unpleasant expericence twice
D. I have had some unpleasant experiences before
6. They wished they had enough money to travel around the world
A. They don't have enough money to travel around the world
B. They could travel around the world but they didn't have time
C. They can't travel around the world
D. They have ever travelled around the world

III.Choose the best to complete:

1. Rice farming has long been _____ with life in the Vietnamese countryside.

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A. associated B. recognized C. practiced D. appeared

2. In Vietnam's past, many families grew _____, which becomes sticky when cooked.

A. white rice B. green beans C. glutinous rice D. corn

3. Since vehicles were not common in our village, most children in the past went _____ to school, which means walking.

A. on foot B. on horseback C. by bicycle D. by boat

4. Farmers relied on a network of canals to bring _____ from the mountains to their rice paddies.

A. bottled water B. well water C. salty water D. running water

5. Many old buildings in Hoi An have been preserved because they represent a valuable part of the town's _____.

A. celebration B. event C. memory D. heritage

6. While visiting Hoi An, we saw many shops selling _____ silk lanterns, some with beautiful hand-painted designs.

A. historic B. ancient C. elderly D. antique

7. In the past, villagers used natural ingredients to color their _____, such as turmeric for yellow and butterfly pea flower for blue.

A. beef noodle soup B. five-color sticky rice

C. spring rolls D. pancake

8. Before starting a long journey on a boat, Vietnamese fishermen would perform a specific _____ to wish for good luck and safe passage.

A. habit B. connection C. ritual D. celebration

9. Respect for elders was a _____ tradition in Vietnamese families. Children were expected to listen and learn from their grandparents.

A. temporary B. deep-rooted C. forgotten D. occasional

10. Folk tales and songs were passed down from generation to generation. This helped _____ to the cultural heritage of Vietnam.

A. preserve B. contribute C. occupy D. observe

IV. Read the passage and write True or False after each statement. ***(Đọc đoạn văn và viết True (Đúng) hoặc False (Sai) sau mỗi câu.)***

Before refrigerators became commonplace in the early 20th century, people relied(rely on) on iceboxes to keep food cold. These were insulated wooden boxes lined with zinc or tin. Large blocks of ice, harvested from frozen lakes or rivers in the winter, were placed inside a compartment at the top. The cold air from the melting ice would slowly travel down, keeping the food below cool.

Iceboxes were a vast improvement over simply leaving food at room temperature, but they weren't perfect. The ice needed to be replaced regularly, often every few days, which could be inconvenient and expensive. Additionally, the coldest area was near the bottom, so people had to be careful about where they stored different foods. Milk, for example, spoiled quickly if not kept very cold.

Despite their limitations, iceboxes were a vital tool for food preservation for many years. They allowed families to store leftovers, keep dairy products fresh for longer, and even enjoy a refreshing cold drink on a hot summer day.

1. ___ people use iceboxes to keep food fresh before the refrigerators become popular in the 20th century

2. ___ Iceboxes were made of wood lined with zinc and tins.

3. ___ The ice compartment in an icebox was located at the top.

4. ___ Ice in an icebox lasted for a few days

5. ___ leftovers were one of the foods that required the coldest storage in an icebox.

6. ___ Iceboxes made food preservation completely perfect.

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V . Put the verbs in the right tenses:

1. At 5 pm yesterday, I (wait)_____ for the bus when I (see)_____ a friend.

2. While I (do)_____ my homework, my brother (watch)_____ television.

3. The teacher (explain)_____ the lesson when a student (ask)_____ a question.

4.. The children (play)_____ in the park when the ice cream truck (come)_____.

5. What _____ you _____ when the power went out? (do)

6. We felt tired because we (work)_____…… in the garden all afternoon.

VI.WRITING:

1.Trường học ở quá khứ khác với trường học ở hiện tại

Schools in the past ……..schools at present.

2. Chúng rất nhỏ với các cơ sở vật chất nghèo nàn

They ……..with ……

3. Giáo viên thường dạy học sinh chỉ với phấn và bảng đen

Teachers used to …….only with ……

4. Học sinh không mặc đồng phục và đi bộ chân đất đến trường

Students didn't ……..and walked ……to school

5. Họ chỉ có các bài học vào buổi sáng và vào buổi chiều họ ở nhà giúp bố mẹ hoặc đi chơi với bạn

They only had ……..and in the afternoon they stayed at home to help their parents or hang out with friends

6. Ở trường, Họ chỉ học vài môn chính như Toán, Văn ,Sử và Khoa học.

At school, They only studied some ……

7. Họ không học Mĩ thuật, Âm Nhạc , Tin Học và Tiếng ANh

They didn't study ……IT and English.

8. Họ chỉ chơi ngoài trời và làm đồ chơi từ vật liệu tự nhiên thay vì các trò chơi điện tử

They only played games …….and made toys from ……instead ……

9. Họ cũng không đến các lớp học thêm, không có quá nhiều bài tập, không dự án

They didn't go to …….., they didn't have …….., no …….

10. Tôi nghĩ trường học ở quá khứ khá là thú vị

I think schools in the past were ……..

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