Tên: ……...

Lớp: S5…

Ngày giao bài: Thứ …., ngày…./….

Ngày nộp bài: Thứ …., ngày …./….

Week: 16 - GVNN

Ngữ pháp HW: ……..…..…

Đọc HW: ……..……

UNITS 1–4: COMPARATIVES/SUPERLATIVES & PAST SIMPLE REVISION

A. THEORY

Grammar *(Ngữ pháp)*

✓ **Comparative & Superlative Adjectives**

***Comparative:**

S1 + to be + Adj-er + than + S2

S1 + to be + more + Adj + than + S2

- **Cách dùng:** Dùng để so sánh đặc điểm, tính chất giữa 2 đối tượng.

E.g.: Tom is taller than Bob. / This book is more interesting than that one.

***Superlative:**

S + to be + the + Adj-est

S + to be + the most + Adj

- **Cách dùng:** So sánh 1 người/vật nổi bật nhất trong nhóm từ 3 trở lên.

E.g: Tom is the tallest boy in my class./ This is the most interesting book in the library.

✓ **Comparative & Superlative Adverbs**

***Comparative:**

S1 + V + Adv-er + than + S2

S1 + V + more + Adv + than + S2

- **Cách dùng:** Dùng để so sánh cách thức hành động diễn ra như thế nào giữa 2 đối tượng.

E.g: A car runs faster than a bike. / He speaks more loudly than his sister.

***Superlative:**

S + V + the + Adv-est

S + V + the most + Adv

- **Cách dùng:** So sánh cách làm nổi bật nhất trong nhóm từ 3 trở lên.

E.g: Planes fly the fastest of all kinds of transport. / Lily speaks English the most fluently in her class.

✓ **Past Simple – Irregular Verbs**

(+) S + V2/-ed

(-) S + didn't + V_inf

(?) Did + S + V_inf?

- **Cách dùng:** Dùng để diễn tả một hành động đã xảy ra và kết thúc hoàn toàn trong quá khứ.

E.g.: We went to the zoo yesterday.

- **Dấu hiệu nhận biết:** yesterday, last night/week/year, ago, in + year in the past…

- **Một số động từ bất quy tắc phổ biến:**

go → went	eat → ate	drink → drank	see → saw
buy → bought	do → did	have → had	make → made
take → took	write → wrote	bring → brought	think → thought

LIVEWORKSHEETS

B. HOMEWORK

GRAMMAR (20 questions)

I. Con học thuộc nghĩa của từ, chỉnh phát âm theo từ điển và chép mỗi từ ở phần EXTRA VOCABULARY (trang 3) 1 dòng vào vở ghi.

II. Circle the correct answer A, B or C.

0. Last weekend, my family _____ a picnic in the park.

A. have *B. had* *C. having*

1. A giraffe's neck is _____ than a zebra's neck.

A. longer B. long C. longest

2. Mai _____ a letter to her pen friend in Japan last week.

A. write B. wrote C. writed

3. This is _____ dress in the shop.

A. more expensive B. expensivest C. the most expensive

4. _____ you see the fireworks on New Year's Eve last year?

A. Did B. Were C. Do

5. Linh _____ her umbrella yesterday, so she got wet.

A. didn't bring B. didn't brought C. not brought

6. Your drawing is good, but Nam's drawing is even _____.

A. gooder B. best C. better

7. Grandpa speaks _____ than Dad, so we can understand his stories easily.

A. slowly B. the most slowly C. more slowly

8. This is _____ day of my life! I lost my wallet and missed the bus.

A. the worst B. the baddest C. worse

9. Our team practised _____ than the other teams, so we won the cup.

A. harder B. more hardly C. hardest

10. Ken, Bao and Long all sang at the school show, but Long sang _____.

A. more loudly B. the loudest C. the most loud

III. Complete the sentences with the correct form of the words in the box.

heavy	**~~teach~~**	**brightly**
forget	**dangerous**	**carefully**

0. Ms. Lan <u>taught</u> us a new English song last Monday.

1. A watermelon is _____ than an orange.
2. Oh no! I _____ to bring my lunch box this morning.
3. Playing with fire is _____ thing you can do at home.
4. The stars shine _____ in the countryside than in the city.
5. In my family, Dad drives _____ of all. He never drives fast.

LIVEWORKSHEETS

IV. Reorder the words to make complete sentences. There is one example.

0. pizza / last Saturday. / We / ate / at / the new restaurant

→ We ate pizza at the new restaurant last Saturday.

1. that chair. / comfortable / This sofa / more / is / than

→ _____

2. yesterday. / any / fish / Tom / didn't / catch

→ _____

3. busiest / for my mum. / Monday / day / the / is / of the week

→ _____

4. than / quietly / The new / more / fan / the old one. / works

→ _____

5. the ball / farthest / in / our class. / Huy / the / threw / Yesterday,

→ _____

READING PRACTICE (10 questions)

I. EXTRA VOCABULARY

Con học thuộc các từ dưới đây để làm bài bên dưới và chuẩn bị cho bài kiểm tra buổi sau nhé!

Con truy cập link hoặc quét mã QR để nghe và đọc lại từ vựng nhé:
https://on.soundcloud.com/8XhqZkaMGvrxAqi1Hc

No.	Words	Meanings	Pictures
1	teenager (n)	thiếu niên	
2	go well (phr)	diễn ra tốt đẹp	
3	look after yourself (phr)	tự chăm sóc bản thân	
4	article (n)	bài báo	
5	pay the bills (phr)	trả các hóa đơn	
6	career (n)	nghề nghiệp	

***Note:** n = noun: danh từ, phr = phrase: cụm từ.*

II. For each question, choose the correct answer.

Travel writer

Tim Greenwood lives in Oakland, USA. He has written about Cambodia, Thailand and India. At the moment he is writing a book about Nepal.

Tim, how did you start travelling?

We never travelled as a family, but when I was a teenager I saw movies like Lawrence of Arabia and they made me want to travel. I left college at the age of 21 and went to Europe alone. That trip didn't go well – I was too young and didn't know how to look after myself.

LIVEWORKSHEETS

How did you start writing?

I've loved writing since I was ten – I've never wanted any other career. At 21, I wrote for my weekly college paper and then started writing travel articles. At first, none of the travel magazines I sent them to wanted to buy them, but that slowly changed. It took two or three years, I guess.

What do you find difficult about writing?

It is easy to spend all my time travelling and then not have time to open up my laptop and work! Also, it's hard to earn enough money. I'll never stop writing, but one day I may have to do a few hours a week teaching just to pay the bills.

What's the best thing about being a travel writer?

I get letters from young people who've read my books and articles and enjoy my work. I just love that!

1. **As a teenager, Tim**
   A. went on trips with his parents.
   B. became interested in seeing the world.
   C. spent too much time watching TV.
2. **What does Tim say about his trip to Europe?**
   A. He didn't have time to see everything.
   B. It was more fun than college.
   C. It was not a great success.
3. **When Tim was 21, he couldn't**
   A. travel as much as he wanted to.
   B. decide what to write about.
   C. sell many of his articles.
4. **In the future, Tim thinks he might**
   A. do some extra work.
   B. earn more from writing.
   C. change his job.
5. **What does Tim like about being a travel writer?**
   A. hearing from his fans
   B. giving advice to people
   C. meeting other young writers

III. Read the text again. Write T (True) or F (False).

1. Tim is writing a book about India at the moment. → _____
2. Tim travelled to Europe with his friends. → _____
3. Tim has wanted to be a writer since he was a child. → _____
4. Tim started writing for his college paper when he was ten. → _____
5. It is sometimes hard for Tim to find time to write. → _____

LIVEWORKSHEETS