

Pytanie 2

Wybierz zdanie, w którym poprawnie zastosowano kontrast czasów Present Simple i Past Simple:

- A. She usually takes the bus to school, but yesterday she walked.
- B. Every morning she was waking up early and made breakfast.
- C. When I was a child, I live in a small village near the mountains.
- D. Last year, he studies hard every day to pass his exams.

Pytanie 1

Wybierz słowo, które najlepiej pasuje do luki w zdaniu: "Kate is a very _____ student; she is always well-prepared, does her homework on time, and never needs reminding."

- A. swot
- B. disruptive
- C. lenient
- D. self-disciplined

Pytanie 3

Uzupełnij zdanie poprawną formą wyrażenia **used to**: "When my brother was younger, he _____ like vegetables, but now he eats them every day."

- A. used to
- B. wasn't used to
- C. didn't used to
- D. didn't use to

Pytanie 4

Wybierz zdanie, w którym czasownik modalny **would** został poprawnie użyty do opisanie typowego zachowania w przeszłości:

- A. She would knowing all the answers during our history classes.
- B. When we were at university, we would spend hours discussing philosophy in the local café.
- C. My grandfather would live in a small wooden house when he was a boy.
- D. Whenever I feel stressed, I would go for a long walk in the forest.

Pytanie 1

Wybierz słowo, które najlepiej pasuje do luki w zdaniu: "Mark is incredibly _____; he always insists on doing things his own way and refuses to listen to anyone else."

- A. open-minded
- B. stubborn
- C. easy-going
- D. reliable

Pytanie 2

Uzupełnij zdanie odpowiednim czasownikiem phrasal verb: "I really don't get on well with my brother; we always _____ about the smallest things."

- A. fall out
- B. put up with
- C. take after
- D. look up to

Pytanie 3

Wybierz zdanie, w którym poprawnie zestawiono teraźniejszą rutynę (Present Simple) z jednorazowym wydarzeniem w przeszłości (Past Simple):

- A. She usually drank tea, but yesterday she drinks coffee.
- B. She usually drinks tea, but yesterday she drank coffee.
- C. She usually drinks tea, but yesterday she drinks coffee.
- D. She is usually drinking tea, but yesterday she drank coffee.

Pytanie 4

Uzupełnij zdanie poprawnymi formami czasowników: "My grandmother _____ in a small village when she was young, but nowadays she _____ in the city center."

- A. lived / lives
- B. lived / is living
- C. lives / lived
- D. was living / lives

Pytanie 6

Wybierz poprawne uzupełnienie pytania: "_____ you _____ play any instruments when you were at primary school?"

- A. Do / use to
- B. Did / use to
- C. Were / used to
- D. Did / used to

Pytanie 7

Wybierz zdanie, w którym **will** zostało użyte poprawnie do wyrażenia spontanicznej decyzji podjętej w momencie mówienia:

- A. I will visit my grandparents next weekend.
- B. Look at those dark clouds! It will rain soon.
- C. I'm tired. I think I'll go to bed early tonight.
- D. The train will arrive at 5 p.m. according to the schedule.

Pytanie 10

Uzupełnij zdanie poprawną formą czasownika: "Can you imagine _____ in a foreign country without knowing anyone?"

- A. to living
- B. to live
- C. living
- D. live