

ĐỀ SỐ 4**PART A: PHONETICS**

CHOOSE THE WORD WHOSE UNDERLINED PART IS PRONOUNCED DIFFERENTLY FROM THAT OF THE OTHERS.

- Question 1. A. informeded B. impressed C. installed D. admired
Question 2. A. planet B. fashion C. travel D. nature



CHOOSE THE WORD WHOSE PRIMARY STRESS IS PLACED DIFFERENTLY FROM THAT OF THE OTHERS.

- Question 3. A. cover B. control C. provide D. remote
Question 4. A. happy B. hobby C. region D. agree
Question 5. A. decorate B. tradition C. family D. festival

**PART B: GRAMMAR AND VOCABULARY**

CHOOSE THE BEST ANSWER TO COMPLETE EACH OF THE FOLLOWING SENTENCES.

- Question 6. This is the man _____ will help us with the project.
A. whose B. who C. which D. whom
- Question 7. Tim: "Would you mind lending me your dictionary?" - Paul: "_____."
A. Yes, let's B. Great C. No, of course not D. Yes. Here you are
- Question 8. I think that he danced _____ than his friend.
A. more beautiful B. most beautiful C. more beautifully D. most beautifully
- Question 9. Tet is a _____ which occurs in late January or early February.
A. festival B. meeting C. party D. activity
- Question 10. The children have never read that book before, _____?
A. haven't they B. have they C. hasn't he D. has he
- Question 11. It is reported that the severe _____ in April, 2015 in Nepal caused a lot of damage.
A. typhoon B. snowstorm C. tidal wave D. earthquake
- Question 12. She was sick yesterday, _____ she was absent from school.
A. so B. since C. because D. but

Question 13. Smoke from factories can cause air _____.

- A. pollute B. pollution C. polluting D. pollutant

Question 14. The Internet is _____ useful invention of modern life.

- A. a B. an C. the D. Ø (no article)

Question 15. The bus collected us at 5 o'clock early _____ the morning.

- A. on B. from C. in D. at



II. PUT THE VERB INTO THE CORRECT FORM.

Eg: John often (cycle) _____ cycles _____ to work.

Question 16. "Where's Jill?" – "She (have) _____ a bath at the moment."

Question 17. Jack broke his leg when he (play) _____ football.

Question 18. They (not see) _____ each other since they left school.

Question 19. If she (finish) _____ the work, she will go home early.

Question 20. We tried (work) _____ hard in order to get good marks.



III. CHOOSE THE LETTER A, B, C, OR D TO SHOW THE UNDERLINED PART THAT NEEDS CORRECTION.

Eg: (A) It rained (B) heavily, so I (C) don't go to (D) school yesterday.

Question 21. After (A) learning the lesson, the children got (B) many information (C) about the history of (D) their country.

Question 22. They asked me (A) what did happen (B) last night, but I was (C) unable to tell (D) them.

Question 23. Both Peter and his brother (A) are working (B) for a factory (C) where makes (D) electric bikes.

Question 24. (A) Could you please look (B) at my children (C) when I'm (D) away?

Question 25. My brother stopped (A) to smoke (B) because it was (C) harmful (D) for his health.



PART C: READING



I. READ THE PASSAGE AND ANSWER THE QUESTIONS.

For the last few years, my children have been going to a summer camp in Northern Greece called Skouras Camp. They always seem to have a good time, so if you're wondering what to do with the kids for three weeks this summer, you can send them to this beautiful camp on the shores of the Aegean Sea. If your children, like mine, are keen on adventure, sports and good company, the Skouras Camp will keep them busy all day doing the things they most enjoy. Skouras is an

international camp with children from all over the world. My children have made friends with children of their own age from Poland, China, Denmark and the United States. Naturally, they get lots of opportunities to practice their English as this is the only language spoken. The Camp is in one of the most beautiful parts of Chalkidiki. It is huge (120,000 square meters) and is just a stone's throw away from the clear, blue Aegean Sea. It takes the children just five minutes to walk to the golden sandy beach. The programme is packed with exciting activities such as horse riding and table tennis. Other sports include basketball, volleyball and athletics. The Camp ends with a sports contest in the last week which all parents are invited to attend.

Question 26. All the children come to the camp have to _____.

- | | |
|------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| A. be at the same age | B. be only keen on adventure |
| C. speak English | D. practice basketball |

Question 27. All the following statements are true EXCEPT _____.

- A.** The children will be busy taking part in the Camp's programmed activities
- B.** The Camp is quite far from the Aegean Sea
- C.** The parents can attend their children's sports contest
- D.** The children will take more chances of English practice

Question 28. The children can walk to the golden sandy beach within _____.

- | | | | |
|---------------------|----------------------|-------------------|-----------------|
| A. 5 minutes | B. 20 minutes | C. an hour | D. a day |
|---------------------|----------------------|-------------------|-----------------|

Question 29. How many kinds of sports can be played in the Camp?

Question 30. What is the last activity that the children can join in the Camp?



CHOOSE THE BEST ANSWER TO COMPLETE THE PASSAGE .

THE HISTORY OF SHOES

In the past, importance (Eg) _____ not given to shoes being comfortable or fashionable. These early foot coverings were probably animal skins, which people tied round their ankles during cold (31) _____. We still use leather today, but other materials such as silk, plastic, or cotton are also popular, depending (32) _____ what is in fashion.

It was only one hundred and fifty years ago that people began to wear a different shoe on each foot. Formerly, the two shoes had been straight instead of shaped and (33) _____ be worn on the left or the right foot. All shoes used to be made by hand, but now, (34) _____ there are shoemakers still using their traditional skills, most shoes are now machine-made in large factories. The introduction of sewing machines allowed the shoe industry to produce a large (35) _____ of cheaper shoes for a wider range of buyers.

Eg: **A.** is **B.** are **C.** was **D.** were

Question 31. **A.** weather **B.** climate **C.** temperature **D.** condition

Question 32. **A.** in **B.** of **C.** from **D.** on

- Question 33.** A. had to B. could C. ought to D. should
Question 34. A. although B. if C. unless D. since
Question 35. A. number B. total C. sum D. size



FILL IN THE BLANK WITH ONE SUITABLE WORD.

Television first (Eg) appeared some fifty years ago in the 1950s. Since then, it has been one of the (36) _____ popular sources of entertainment for both the old and the young. Television offers cartoons for children, world news, music and many other (37) _____. If someone is interested in sports, for (38) _____, he can just choose the right sports channel. There he can enjoy a broadcast of an international football match as it is actually happening. Television is also a very useful way for companies to advertise their products.

It is not too hard for us to see why (39) _____ is a TV set in almost every home today. And, engineers are developing interactive TV which allows communication (40) _____ viewers and producers.



PART D: WRITING



REWRITE THE SENTENCE, USING THE WORDS GIVEN SO THAT THE SECOND SENTENCE HAS EXACTLY THE SAME MEANING.

Eg: If you don't work hard, you will get bad marks.

- Unless *you work hard*, *you will get bad marks*.

Question 41. The teacher has invited all the students in the class.

- All the students in the class _____

Question 42. "Why do you like this job?" Tom said to me.

- Tom asked me _____

Question 43. She can't lift the table because she is not strong enough.

- If _____

Question 44. Because his bike was broken, he arrived late for the concert.

- Because of _____

Question 45. I haven't visited Hanoi since 1998.

- The last time _____



REWRITE THE SENTENCE, USING THE WORD IN THE BRACKET SO THAT THE SECOND SENTENCE HAS EXACTLY THE SAME MEANING.

Eg: "Why don't we go out for walk?" Mary said. (SUGGESTED)

- *Mary suggested going out for a walk.*

Question 46. It took him two days to decorate the living room. (SPENT)

→ _____.

Question 47. She speaks Russian better than her sister. (AS)

→ _____.

Question 48. The boy is too short to reach the book on the shelf. (ENOUGH)

→ _____.

Question 49. He doesn't know enough English vocabulary to talk to foreigners. (WISHES)

→ _____.

Question 50. The children found it interesting to watch the film. (INTERESTED)

→ _____.

Question 51. He played so well that he received a thunderous ovation from the audience (SUCH)

→ His _____.

Question 52. Sam tried extremely hard to convince her, but it was no use. (BRING)

→ Hard _____.

Question 53. Unless you take the train, you will be late for work. (MAKE)

→ Only by _____.

Question 54. Surprisingly, the website wouldn't allow me to access certain pages. (WHICH)

→ The website denied _____.

Question 55. She worked hard during her final year. Therefore, she easily got admitted to this prestigious high school (INDUSTRY)

→ Had it _____.

Question 56. Looking back, I really believe I did everything I could do to stop her. (MORE)

→ I can honestly say, with _____.

Question 57. When he arrived at the airport, his family welcomed him warmly. (GIVEN)

→ On _____.