

C Kelaskan haiwan-haiwan berikut mengikut bilangan anak.
 Classify the following animals according to the number of young.

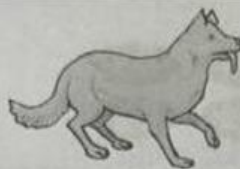
TP 3



Kucing
Cat



Tikus
Rat



Anjing
Dog



Arnab
Rabbit



Serigala
Wolf



Lembu
Cow



Gajah
Elephant



Ikan lumba-lumba
Dolphin



Monyet
Monkey



Badak air
Hippopotamus

Beranak sedikit
A few young

- 1 _____
- 2 _____
- 3 _____
- 4 _____
- 5 _____

Beranak banyak
Many young

- 6 _____
- 7 _____
- 8 _____
- 9 _____
- 10 _____

D Lengkapkan kitar hidup katak di bawah.
 Complete the life cycle of a frog below.

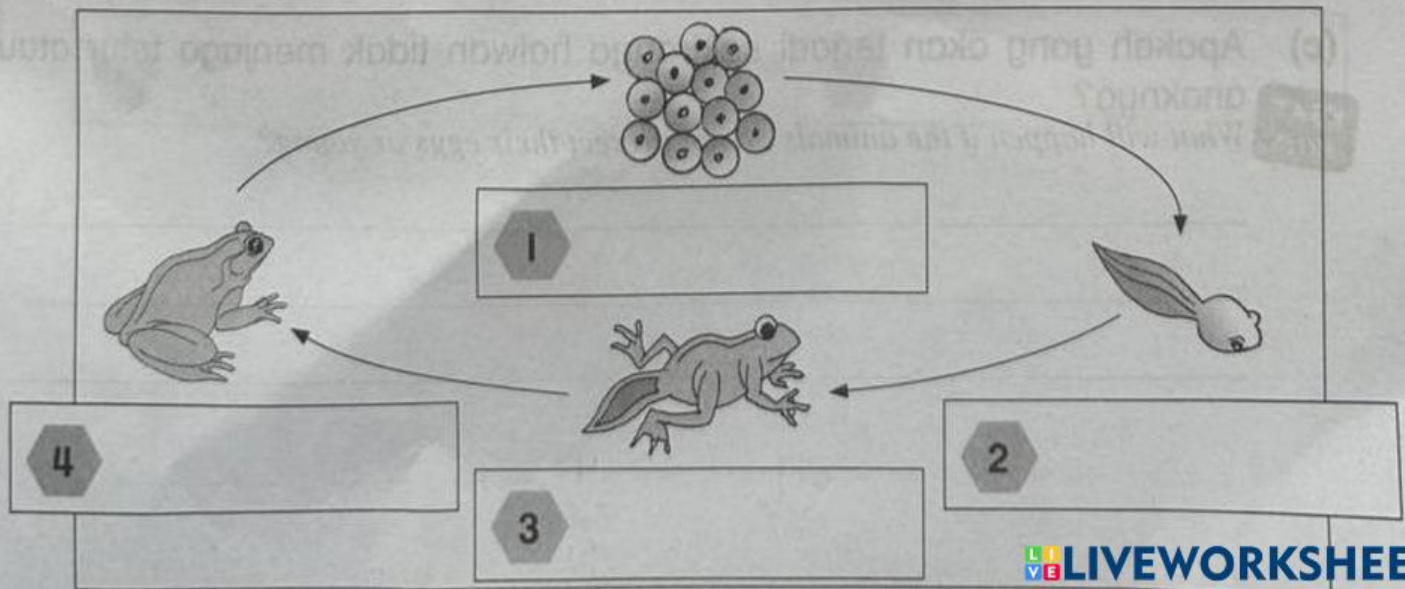
TP 4

Katak dewasa
Adult frog

Berudu
Tadpole

Telur
Egg

Anak katak
Froglet



A

Jawab semua soalan.
Answer all the questions.

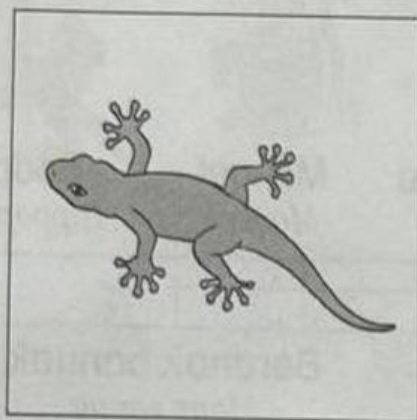
TP 1

TP 5

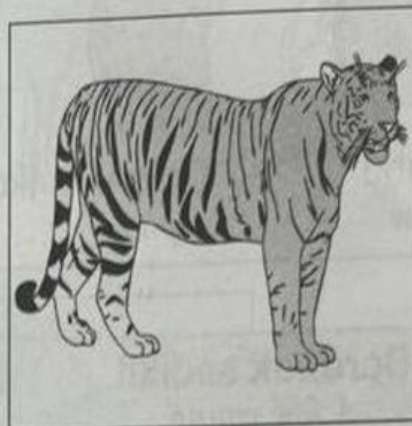
TP 4

TP 6

- I Rajah di bawah menunjukkan dua jenis haiwan.
The diagram below shows two types of animals.



R



S

- (a) Nyatakan cara pembiakan bagi haiwan R dan S.
State the reproduction method for animals R and S.

R : _____

S : _____

- (b) Bagaimanakah cara haiwan R dan S melindungi telur atau anaknya?
How animals R and S protect their eggs or young?

R : _____

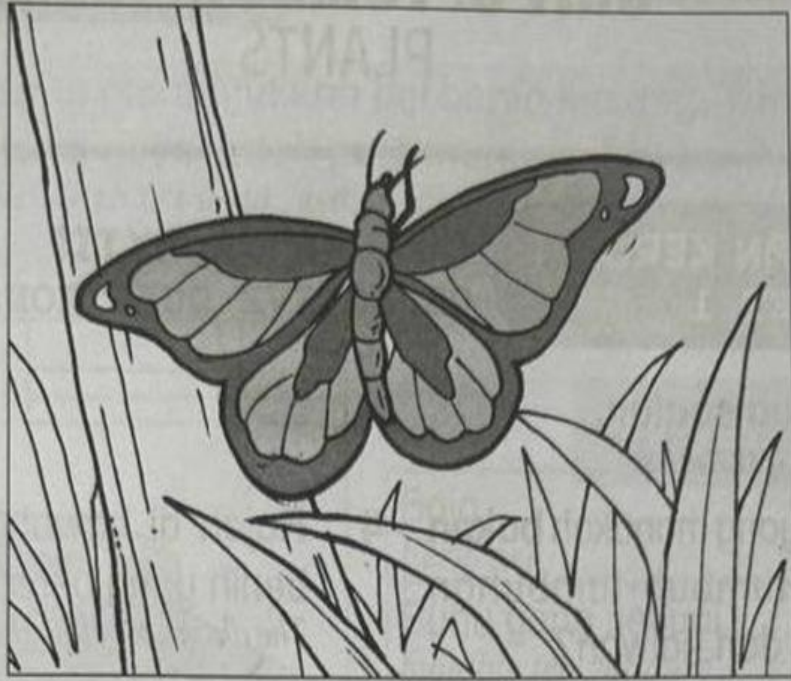
S : _____

- (c) Apakah yang akan terjadi sekiranya haiwan tidak menjaga telur atau anaknya?

**KBAT
HOTS**

What will happen if the animals do not protect their eggs or young?

- 2 Rajah di bawah menunjukkan sejenis haiwan.
The diagram below shows a type of animal.



- (a) Bagaimanakah haiwan di atas membiak?
How the animal above reproduce?

- (b) Adakah haiwan ini menyerupai induknya? Tandakan (✓).
Does this animal looks like its parents? Tick (✓).

Ya
Yes

☐

Tidak
No

☐

- (c) Lengkapkan kitar hidup rama-rama di bawah.
Complete the life cycle of a butterfly below.

Telur
Eggs

1

2

3