

USE OF ENGLISH

VOCABULARY (45 points)

1. Choose the correct option (12 points)

bowling



chess



coding



cooking



creative writing



cycling



gaming



hiking



marital arts



paddleboarding



painting



skateboarding



2. Complete the following sentences with the **correct word**. (5 points)

- a) Every weekend, Clara puts on her walking boots and goes _____ in the mountains.
- b) To win a game of _____, you need to concentrate deeply, think several moves ahead, and protect your king.
- c) Alejandro is very creative; he spent the whole afternoon _____ a beautiful landscape in his art class.
- d) You need excellent balance and a protective helmet if you want to practice _____ at the local skate park.
- e) My brother loves _____, and he loves preparing traditional Spanish dishes like paella for the whole family.

3. Look at the pictures and choose the correct option. (8 points)



She feels



She is



He is



He feels



She is



He feels



He feels



She is

4. Choose the correct word for each definition. (12 points)

- 1 to begin an examination of the facts about a situation
- 2 to have a positive effect on something / someone
- 3 to add a new rule to the system of rules everyone in a country must obey
- 4 to tell people about something that they might not know about already
- 5 to try very hard to make sure all people have the same rights and advantages
- 6 to make the number of people living without enough money lower
- 7 to collect money to help a specific situation
- 8 to make the effects of people not having the same rights and advantages less
- 9 to try hard to get fair treatment of people
- 10 to make a new item available to buy
- 11 to try very hard to be allowed to have something or behave in a particular way
- 12 to begin a series of planned activities to achieve a specific goal

5. Match the phrasal verbs in the box to their definitions: (8 points)

reach out

show up

carry on

deal with

figure out

show off

come across

give up

1 to stop trying to do something

2 to continue doing something

3 to contact someone

4 to find something accidentally

5 to arrive somewhere

6 to try to impress people with something

7 to take action to manage a difficult situation

8 to find the answer to something

GRAMMAR (52 points)

1. Complete the dialogue with the **present simple or present continuous** from of the verbs in brackets. **(10 points)**

Max What's up, Eva? You look annoyed.

Eva I've got tickets for the cinema later but I haven't finished this assignment yet. The film ¹ starts at 7pm. and I ² meet Alice outside at 6.30pm. **(meet)**

Max When do you need to hand the assignment in?

Eva The deadline ³ is tomorrow. I started it last **(be)** week, but it's taken ages. Oh well, schoolwork is more important. ⁴ are you doing anything nice tonight? **(you/doing)**

Max I ⁵ am having a paddle boarding lesson. I'm a bit **(have)** anxious because it's on a big lake and I'm not a strong swimmer.

Eva That sounds like fun! Right, I have to finish or I ⁶ will watch that film later! **(watch)**

2. Choose the correct modal verb.

(10 points)

- 1 I **can't** / mustn't / don't have to join you on the animal rights march this weekend. I'm busy.
- 2 Should you / Must you / Are you allowed to play video games after school?
- 3 I tried surfing on holiday, but I didn't have to / wasn't able to / shouldn't stand up – it was too difficult.
- 4 You mustn't / can't / don't have to log on to the Wi-Fi every time you visit – it automatically connects.
- 5 You are allowed to / must / can wear a helmet when you're mountain-biking – it's dangerous not to.
- 6 You should / can / are able to come to play volleyball with us. It's fun!

3. Complete the sentences with the correct form of the modal verbs in brackets. (10 points)

- 1 I **'m not allowed to** come to Freddy's party tonight – I got into trouble at school.
- 2 ' you paddleboard?' 'No, I'm terrible at it!' **(can)**
- 3 I'm sorry I come to your house yesterday. Maybe next week. **(be able to)**
- 4 You put a wetsuit on – it's quite cold in the water. **(should)**
- 5 You wear special boots when we're hiking – those trainers are fine. **(not have to)**
- 6 You use the laptops without permission. **(must not)**

4. Complete the questions and answers with the past simple or present perfect form of the verbs in brackets. (8 points)

- 1 **Have you started** (start) your food waste campaign yet?
Yes, but there **weren't** (not / be) many people at the meeting.
- 2 (be) on a plane before?
No, I (not fly) before.
- 3 (see) the Eiffel Tower?
Yes, I (live) in Paris when I was young.

4 (Katy / bake) a cake?

Yes, she (make) one earlier.

5 (take) a selfie at the top of the mountain on Saturday?

Yes, I !

5. **Complete** the text with the **past simple or present perfect** form of the verbs in brackets
(14 points)

A short history of Brighton

Brighton is a city on the south coast of England. People ¹ have lived (live) there for hundreds of years, although it ² (only / be) officially a city since 2000.

Brighton ³ (begin) as a village in the 5th century. At that time, it was called Beorthelms

Tun. The village ⁴ (grow) bigger, and by the 14th century it ⁵

(be) a busy market town. It ⁶ (be) called Brighton since

1660. Today Brighton is a popular city, but it ⁷ (experience) problems over the years. The

French ⁸ (burn) many of its houses in the 16th century, and in the 18th century a storm ⁹

(kill) many people. Things ¹⁰ (change) in the late 18th

century when the Prince of Wales ¹¹ (visit) Brighton. Since then, many tourists ¹²

(make) Brighton their holiday choice. There ¹³ (be) a

railway station, a hospital, a museum and a library in Brighton since the 19th century. In recent years, several big music

festivals ¹⁴ (bring) a party feeling to the city. Today the population of Brighton is

156,000. In the last few years it ¹⁵ (become) a very expensive place to live, but it is a still a great place to visit.