



Decide whether the statements are True (T), False (F), or Not Given (NG).

- 1.
 - 2.
 - 3.
 - 4.
 - 5.
 - 6.
 - 7.
 - 8.
 - 9.
 - 10.
 - 11.
 - 12.
1. Online shopping makes it easier for people to make impulsive purchases.
 2. The speakers believe that consumers are becoming less aware of environmental problems.
 3. People sometimes buy things for emotional reasons rather than because they need them.
 4. The supply of raw materials is described as unlimited.
 5. Producing and transporting goods can contribute to climate change.
 6. The speakers think that consumers should completely stop buying new products.
 7. Buying a more expensive product can sometimes be more economical in the long term.
 8. Consolidating purchases could help reduce packaging and transportation.
 9. The speakers believe that only individual consumers are responsible for overconsumption.
 10. Some electronic devices may be replaced even though they still work properly.
 11. The dialogue states that most consumers replace their smartphones every two years.
 12. The speakers agree that sustainable consumption requires more thoughtful decisions.

