



EJERCICIO 1. ORDER THE WORDS

Instrucciones: Ordena las palabras para formar una oración correcta en inglés.

1. always / I / play / soccer / after school

•

2. is / she / my / best friend

•

3. usually / he / watches / TV / at night

•

4. their / these / are / books

•

5. never / they / are / late / for school

•



EJERCICIO 2. COMPLETE WITH THE CORRECT WORD

Instrucciones: Completa cada oración con la palabra correcta.

1. Maria is my sister. _____ is 13 years old. (She / He / They)

2. This is _____ backpack. I use it every day. (my / mine / I)

3. That blue bicycle is _____. It belongs to me. (my / mine / me)

4. _____ are my new headphones. (This / These / That)

5. This is my parents' house. _____ house is very big. (Their /
Theirs / They)





EJERCICIO 3. FIND AND CORRECT THE MISTAKE

Instrucciones: Cada oración contiene un solo error. Identifica el error y escribe la oración correctamente.

1. He play soccer every Saturday.

•

2. She don't like video games.

•

3. These is my new phone.

•

4. I am usually play tennis after school.

•

5. They is always happy at school.

•



EJERCICIO 4. MULTIPLE CHOICE

Instrucciones: Elige la opción correcta. Solo hay una respuesta correcta.

1. ___ usually studies English after school. A) He B) Him C) His

2. This phone is ___. It belongs to Sarah. A) her B) hers C) she

3. My brother ___ video games every day. A) play B) plays C) playing

4. We ___ go to the park. A) never B) is never C) never are

5. My friends ___ at home today. A) is B) am C) are

Find us on
Facebook





EJERCICIO 5. REPLACE THE NAME WITH THE CORRECT PRONOUN

Instrucciones: Sustituye el nombre o sustantivo en negritas por el pronombre personal correcto y escribe nuevamente la oración.

1. Carlos plays basketball every Friday.
 -
2. Sofia likes pop music.
 -
3. My dog is very friendly.
 -
- 4.
5. My brother and I study English together.
 -
6. Daniel and Emma usually walk to school.
 -



EJERCICIO 6. TRANSFORM THE SENTENCE

Instrucciones: Transforma cada oración según se indica. Presta atención a la diferencia entre TO BE y PRESENT SIMPLE.

1. She is happy.
 - Cambia a pregunta afirmativa
2. They play soccer after school.
 - Cambia a oración negativa.
3. He doesn't watch TV at night.
 - Cambia a oración afirmativa.
4. You are usually tired after school.
 - Cambia a pregunta afirmativa.
5. Does Maria study English every day?
 - Cambia a oración afirmativa.

