

Tên:

Week: 7

Lớp: S4...

Ngữ pháp HW:

Ngày giao bài: Thứ....., ngày...../.....

Độc HW:

Ngày nộp bài: Thứ....., ngày...../.....



UNIT 1: OUR COMMUNITY - GRAMMAR REVISION

A. THEORY

I. GRAMMAR REVISION A



Comparative & Superlative Adverbs



Trạng từ so sánh hơn và so sánh nhất

Trạng từ bổ nghĩa cho động từ và có thể cho biết cách thức, thời gian hoặc khoảng cách của một hành động.

1. Comparative Adverbs

Dùng để so sánh 2 hành động

Công thức:

- Trạng từ ngắn: S + V + adv-er + than + ...
- Trạng từ dài: S + V + more + adv + than + ...



Tom runs fast.
Ben runs **faster than** Tom.

2. Superlative Adverbs

Dùng để so sánh từ 3 hành động trở lên

Công thức:

- Trạng từ ngắn: S + V + the + adv-est + ...
- Trạng từ dài: S + V + the most + adv + ...



Tom runs fast.
Ben runs faster.
Sam runs **the fastest**.

Quy tắc với trạng từ kết thúc bằng -ly

- Trạng từ đặc biệt: early → earlier → earliest.
- Tất cả các trạng từ đuôi -ly còn lại (như easily, happily, busily, quickly, slowly...) đều đi với more / the most.

Irregular adverbs / Trạng từ bất quy tắc

well	badly	far	little
well	badly	far	little
↓	↓	↓	↓
better	worse	farther	less
↓	↓	↓	↓
the best	the worst	the farthest	the least

II. GRAMMAR REVISION B

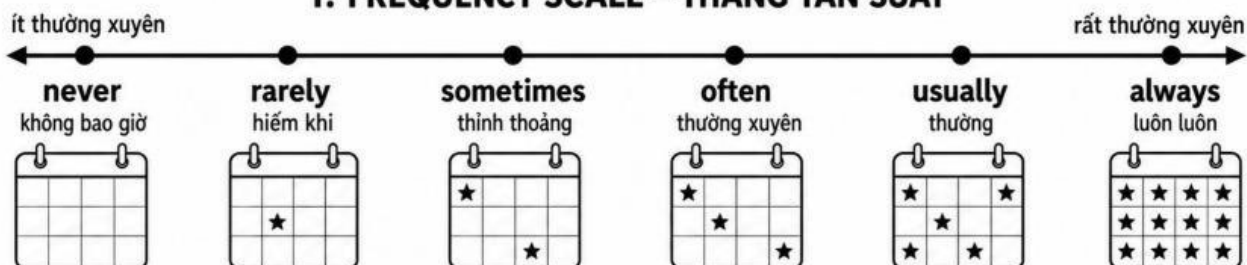
1. Adverbs of frequency

ADVERBS OF FREQUENCY

TRẠNG TỪ CHỈ TẦN SUẤT

Cho biết một việc xảy ra thường xuyên như thế nào.

1. FREQUENCY SCALE – THANG TẦN SUẤT



2. POSITION RULE – VỊ TRÍ TRONG CÂU

A

Trước động từ thường



S + adverb + V + ...

I usually play football after school.

B

Sau động từ to be

S + am/is/are + adverb + ...

She is always happy.



2. Infinitives & Gerunds



Infinitive & Gerund



1. Gerund

Form: love, like, enjoy + V-ing

Meaning: dùng để nói về sở thích, thói quen hoặc hoạt động nói chung.



I love reading.



She likes dancing.



We enjoy playing football.



2. Infinitive

Form: want, hope, learn + To -V

Meaning: dùng để nói về mục đích, hy vọng hoặc kế hoạch.



I want to play tennis.



He hopes to be a doctor.



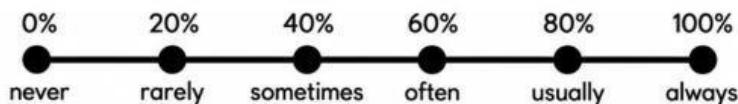
She is learning to swim.



B. HOMEWORK

GRAMMAR (15 questions)

I. Read the sentences and circle the correct answers. There is one example.



0. Our school cooks serve vegetables and fruit. They work from Monday to Friday.

- A. usually B. sometimes C. rarely

1. My dad is never late for work. He on time.

- A. is always B. always is C. is rarely

2. Nick only goes swimming twice a year. He visits the pool.

- A. often B. rarely C. always

3. Linh always keeps her glasses in her bag. She leaves them at home.

- A. sometimes B. usually C. never

4. Sarah plays the piano four days a week. She practices new songs.

- A. rarely B. often C. never

5. It is usually sunny here, but we see dark clouds once or twice a month.

- A. sometimes B. always C. rarely

II. Read and write the correct form of the verbs in the brackets.

0. She loves reading (read) comic books in her bedroom.

1. The young astronauts want (travel) to Mars.

2. Sarah and her mom enjoy (make) fruit cakes every Sunday.

3. David hopes (become) a video game designer.

4. All the students are learning (play) the guitar for the concert.

5. During their summer holiday, the children enjoyed (swim) with wild dolphins.

III. Unscramble the words and complete the sentences. There is one example.

0. Ben / than / runs / Tom / faster / .

→ Ben runs faster than Tom.

1. flies / higher / The red plane / than the blue jet / .

→ The red plane

2. paints / than Phong / The new student / more carefully / .

→ The new student

3. arrives / earlier / than her classmates / Linh / at school / .

→ Linh

4. plays / worse / than the other team / Our football team / .

→ Our football team

5. sleeps / on the farm / the least / The guard dog / .

→ The guard dog _____ .

READING PRACTICE (6 questions)

Read the story. Choose a word from the box. Write the correct word next to numbers 1-5. There is one example.



Example

competition	different	painted	pencils	shop
bring	scissors	difficult	bought	tell

David is an artist. He likes to make art out of wood and paper, but paper is his favourite. His art club is having a competition and everyone is making a piece of art for it. David is making a man out of paper.

First, he carefully cut the paper with his best (1) _____. He put all the paper on the table and looked for a bottle of glue. The bottle on his shelf was empty, but he had another bottle in his rucksack. 'Oh no!' said David. 'This one's empty too!' David asked his mother to buy him some more glue, but she said that she couldn't go to the (2) _____ until the next day.

David was unhappy. He phoned his friend Pat, who usually makes him feel better.

Pat told David that he would (3) _____ him some glue that night.

'Excellent!' said David.

With the help of Pat's glue, David worked on his paper man. It was easy to make arms and legs and a body, but the head was very (4) _____. When it looked OK and the glue was dry, David (5) _____ colourful clothes on it.

David was excited. 'Now I'll win the competition!' he said.

(6) Now choose the best name for this story. Choose one answer.

- A. David's paper man
- B. Pat's art competition
- C. David can't find his paper