

Name:

Class:

Date:

FINAL TEST – PRONUNCIATION/ READING / WRITING

Time: 30 mins

Pronunciation**Ex 1/ Chọn từ có phát âm khác với các âm còn lại**

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|------------------------|-------------------|---------------------|--------------------|
| 1. A. <u>h</u> ear | B. <u>c</u> lear | C. <u>b</u> ear | D. <u>e</u> ar |
| 2. A. <u>m</u> ouse | B. <u>c</u> ould | C. <u>w</u> ould | D. <u>sh</u> ould |
| 3. A. <u>r</u> ain | B. <u>tr</u> ain | C. <u>p</u> ain | D. <u>l</u> ie |
| 4. A. <u>gh</u> ost | B. <u>sh</u> ort | C. <u>l</u> ost | D. <u>c</u> ourse |
| 5. A. <u>t</u> our | B. <u>s</u> ure | C. <u>ple</u> asure | D. <u>c</u> ountry |
| 6. A. <u>cl</u> imbing | B. <u>t</u> ype | C. <u>f</u> ilm | D. <u>m</u> ine |
| 7. A. <u>d</u> ate | B. <u>p</u> age | C. <u>m</u> ap | D. <u>pl</u> ay |
| 8. A. <u>t</u> oy | B. <u>c</u> oin | C. <u>e</u> njoy | D. <u>n</u> ose |
| 9. A. <u>th</u> ere | B. <u>ap</u> pear | C. <u>w</u> ear | D. <u>pre</u> pare |
| 10. A. <u>s</u> now | B. <u>s</u> ound | C. <u>bl</u> ow | D. <u>r</u> ose |
| 11. A. <u>p</u> oor | B. <u>f</u> loor | C. <u>d</u> oor | D. <u>m</u> ore |
| 12. A. <u>h</u> eat | B. <u>gr</u> eat | C. <u>b</u> eat | D. <u>m</u> eat |
| 13. A. <u>f</u> ind | B. <u>th</u> ink | C. <u>dr</u> ive | D. <u>m</u> ind |
| 14. A. <u>a</u> go | B. <u>p</u> otato | C. <u>m</u> other | D. <u>s</u> o |
| 15. A. <u>c</u> oach | B. <u>b</u> oat | C. <u>s</u> ome | D. <u>c</u> oast |

Vocabulary & Reading

Exercise 1. Match the word with the right definition

Word	Definition
1. gadget (n)	a. important (adj)
2. portable (adj)	b. follow the news, or important information
3. essential (adj)	c. digital device
4. keep track of (v)	d. produce (v)
5. manufacture (v)	e. something which is small enough for you to bring to work/school

1.

2.

3.

4.

5.

Exercise 2. Read the passage and choose the correct answer

The Shichi-go-san Festival

Shichi-go-san is a festival in Japan. It happens every year on November 15th because people think it brings good luck.

"Shichi-go-san" means "seven-five-three," and it's a special festival for children who are seven, five, and three years old. These ages are seen as important in Japan. Parents celebrate when boys turn three and five, and when girls turn three and seven.

At age seven, girls wear an "obi" (a cloth tied around the waist over a kimono) for the first time. At age five, boys wear special "hakama" pants (like the ones Samurai used to wear) in public for the first time. At age three, children are allowed to let their hair grow.

On this day, children dress up like people from the past and pretend to be adults.

1. Who will probably celebrate the Shichi-go-san Festival?

- A. a seven-year-old boy B. a three-year-old boy C. a five-year-old girl

2. Who will NOT celebrate the Shichi-go-san Festival?

- A. a five-year-old girl B. a five-year-old boy C. a seven-year-old girl

3. Who wears obi for the first time?

- A. a five-year-old girl B. a seven-year-old boy C. a seven-year-old girl

4. At what age can a Japanese child let the hair grow?

- A. five years old B. three years old C. seven years old

5. Why do the Japanese celebrate it on 15 November?

- A. Because they think the day brings luck to them.
B. Because the day brings money to them.
C. Because children dress up like the adults in the ancient times on the day.

Writing

Exercise 1. Write a paragraph (50-70 words) about your memorable trip.

- *When was your trip?*
- *Where did you go? Who did you go with?*
- *What were you doing during the trip?*
- *Why was it the most memorable trip for you?*

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