BỔ TRỢ NGỮ PHÁP SUBJECT-VERB AGREEMENT

Exercise 1: Gap Filling

Điền dạng đúng của động từ trong ngoặc.

1. Everybody _____ (want) to protect the environment.
2. There _____ (be) many endangered animals in the forest.
3. A lot of the plastic _____ (end) up in the ocean.
4. Feeding wild animals _____ (be) sometimes dangerous.
5. Some of the students _____ (prefer) to study online.
6. No one _____ (like) pollution.
7. One-half of the ice _____ (melt) every year.
8. The children _____ (can) recycle paper and plastic.
9. All of the information _____ (be) useful for the project.
10. There _____ (be) a big problem with climate change.

Exercise 2: Choose the Correct Verb

Khoanh tròn đáp án đúng.

1. Many people **(think / thinks)** climate change is a serious problem.
2. There **(is / are)** a lot of litter in the park.
3. Everybody **(need / needs)** clean air and water.
4. Protecting wildlife **(help / helps)** the planet.
5. Some of the animals **(live / lives)** in the rainforest.
6. No one **(want / wants)** to see forests disappear.
7. A lot of the plastic waste **(come / comes)** from cities.
8. Elephants **(can / cans)** walk long distances.
9. All of the trees **(are / is)** important for the environment.
10. There **(is / are)** many ways to help the Earth.

LIVEWORKSHEETS

Exercise 3: Rewrite the Sentences

Viết lại câu cho đúng chủ-vị (Subject-Verb Agreement). Có thể sửa động từ hoặc thêm từ nếu cần.

1. Everyone want to live in a clean environment. →
   _____
2. There is many wild animals in this area. →
   _____
3. A lot of the pollution come from cars. →
   _____
4. Protecting endangered species are important. →
   _____
5. Some of the habitat loss are caused by deforestation. →
   _____
6. Nobody like illegal hunting. → _____
7. One-half of the world's forests is under threat. →
   _____
8. The students can helps the environment by recycling. →
   _____

Exercise 4: Reading Comprehension

Topic: Why Bees Are Important

Bees are small **insects** (côn trùng), but they **play a very important role** (đóng vai trò quan trọng) in nature. They fly from flower to flower and **collect nectar** (thu thập mật hoa). When they do this, they also **carry pollen** (mang theo phấn hoa). This **process** (quá trình) helps plants grow fruits and vegetables. **Without** (Nếu không có) bees, many of our favourite foods would **disappear** (biến mất).

Unfortunately (Không may mắn là), the number of bees is **decreasing** (giảm). One reason is habitat loss. People cut down forests and build cities, so bees have fewer places to live. Another problem is pollution. **Chemicals** (hóa chất) from farms can make bees sick. Climate change also **affects** (làm ảnh hưởng đến) bees because flowers **bloom** (nở) at different times.

LIVEWORKSHEETS

Many people around the world are trying to help. Some people **plant** (trồng) special flowers in their gardens to **attract** (thu hút) honey bees. Others stop using **harmful chemicals** (các hóa chất có hại) . Scientists **study** (nghiên cứu) bees **carefully** (một cách cẩn thận) and share information with farmers. Everybody can do something small to protect these **useful** (hữu ích) insects.

Questions:

1. What do bees collect from flowers?

2. Why are bees important for plants?

3. How can ordinary people help bees?

ĐIỀN TRUE/FALSE/NOT GIVEN

4. Climate change has effects on bees.
5. Some people plant flowers in the gardens for ***decoration (trang trí)***.
6. Scientists are going to share the information with the world on how to protect bees.
7. Only farmers and scientists can protect insects.

LIVEWORKSHEETS