



NAME:

LEVEL:

APRIL TEST

• READING

Sofia is a student who lives near her school. She usually walks to school every morning. Today, she is studying for an important English test. However, her friends are playing in the park. Although she wants to go with them, she stays at home because she wants good grades. Besides, her teacher told her that practice is very important. Therefore, she finishes her homework and feels proud.



1. Where does Sofia live?
2. What does she usually do every morning?
3. What is she doing today?
4. Why does she stay at home?
5. Find three connectors in the text.

• USE OF ENGLISH

Choose the correct option.

1 She _____ volleyball every Saturday.

☐ a play
☐ b plays
☐ c is playing



4 We _____ TV at the moment.

☐ a watch
☐ b are watching
☐ c watches



2 They _____ English now.

☐ a study
☐ b studies
☐ c are studying



5 My mother _____ in a hospital.

☐ a work
☐ b works
☐ c is work



3 He _____ vegetables.

☐ a don't like
☐ b doesn't like
☐ c isn't liking



6 I _____ a book right now.

☐ a read
☐ b reads
☐ c am reading



NARRATIVE

Use the information below to write a **short narrative paragraph**.

ABOUT HE

- **Name:** Rodrigo
- **Age:** 28 years old
- **Country:** Colombia
- **Job:** Waiter
- **Place of work:** A coffee shop



AT PRESENT

- **Work**
- **Study programming**
- **Have a pet (NO)**



ADJECTIVES

- **At present:** Bald (x) - Sad
- **In the past:** Blonde - Shy (No)
- **In the future:** Happy - Busy (no)



COMPARATIVE / SUPERLATIVE

- **COMPARATIVE:**
TALL/BROTHER
INTELLIGENT/COUSIN
- **SUPERLATIVE:**
CURIOUS/FAMILY



Write your narrative paragraph.





Remember: Use the information to **tell about Rodrigo**.



LISTENING

Listen to the teacher and answer the questions.



1 Where does the boy live?



2 What is he doing today?



3 Why is he studying?



4 How does he feel at the end?



1. _____

2. _____

3. _____

4. _____



Remember: Listen carefully and write short and clear answers.



RELATIVE CLAUSES



Join the sentences using **who**, **which** or **where**.

1 This is the girl. She is my best friend. 	a This is the girl who is my best friend. b This is the girl which is my best friend. c This is the girl where is my best friend.
2 I have a bike. It is very fast. 	a I have a bike who is very fast. b I have a bike which is very fast. c I have a bike where is very fast.
3 That is the school. I study there. 	a That is the school who I study. b That is the school which I study there. c That is the school where I study.
4 He is the teacher. He helps us. 	a He is the teacher who helps us. b He is the teacher which helps us. c He is the teacher where helps us.
5 This is the dog. It is very friendly. 	a This is the dog who is very friendly. b This is the dog which is very friendly. c This is the dog where is very friendly.



CONNECTORS



Complete the sentences using: **although**, **however**, **besides**, **therefore**.

1 I was tired, _____ I finished my homework.	a although	b however	c besides	d therefore
2 She likes music. _____, she plays the guitar.	a although	b however	c besides	d therefore
3 _____ it was raining, we went to school.	a although	b however	c besides	d therefore
4 He didn't study. _____, he failed the test.	a although	b however	c besides	d therefore
5 I like English. _____, I practice every day.	a although	b however	c besides	d therefore



Remember: **Connectors** help us join ideas and give more meaning to our sentences.