

- C. People opting for off-grid living used to be considered quite eccentric.
- D. The number of "off-gridders" in the US is said to have risen by 33% over the past 10 years

Question 12: Which of the following can be inferred from the passage?

- A. Most people living in temperate regions are against the idea of living off-grid.
- B. Many "off-gridders" have made a fortune selling their own electricity.
- C. Leading a 21st-century lifestyle means consuming a great deal of electricity.
- D. Adopting an off-grid lifestyle is only suitable for low-income people

3. Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the answer to each of the question. (Đề chính thức 2020 đợt 2 mã đề 423)

A recent study shows that an unequal share of household chores is still the norm in many families, despite the fact that many more women now have jobs. In a survey, men said they contributed an average of 37 percent of the total housework, while the women estimated their share to be nearly double that, a 70 per cent. This ratio was not affected by whether the women was working or not.

When they were asked what they thought was a fair division of labour, women with jobs felt that housework should be shared equally between male and female partners. Women who did not work outside the home were satisfied to perform 80 per cent if their husbands did **the remainders**. Research has shown that, if levels increase beyond these percentages, women become unhappy and anxious, and feel **they** are unimportant.

After marriage, a woman is reported to increase her household workload by 14 hours per week, but for men the increased amount is just 90 minutes. So the division of labour becomes unbalanced. It is the inequality and loss of respect, not the actual number of hours, which leads to anxiety and depression. The research describes household chores as thankless and fulfilling. Women who have jobs report that they feel overworked by the chores in addition to their professional duties.

In cases where men perform most of the housework, results were similar. The research showed that the least distressed people are those who have an equal share. The research concludes, "Everybody benefits from sharing the housework. Even for women keeping house, a shared division of labour is important. If you decide to stay at home to raise the children, you don't want to become the servant of the house".

(Adapted from Achieve IELTS 1 by Louis Harrison and Caroline Cusben)

Question 13: Which is the most suitable title for the passage?

- A. A Housekeeping Guide for Working Men
- B. Benefits of Doing Household Chores for Working Women
- C. Men's Doing Household Chores Cause Stress
- D. An Equal Share of Housework Makes a Happy Relationship

Question 14: In the survey mentioned in paragraph 1, men said that they _____

- A. did around 37 per cent of the total housework
- B. did not share the housework when they had jobs
- C. contributed 70 per cent of the total housework