


Name: _____

Class: _____


Date: _____

A. Vocabulary.


Unscramble the words.

1.  The bones in your chest


b i r s

6.  the bones of the head

l k l s u

2.  the part between the top of your leg and your waist


p h i

7.  the top part of the leg


g h h t i

3.  hard, strong frame that supports our body


e k s l t o e n

8.  animals with no skeleton


v e t a b s t n r r i e e

4.  front of the lower part of the leg

i h s n

9.  the part of the body that allow our bones to move

e u s m c l

5.  hard parts that form the skeleton

e o s b n

10.  animals with backbone

b r s e t r a v e e t

B. PRACTICE

Part 1. Answer these following questions.

1. Write the word for animals that have a backbone.

2. Write the word for animals that do not have a backbone.

3. Write the word for a type of skeleton found on the outside of an animal's body

Part 2. Fill in the blank.

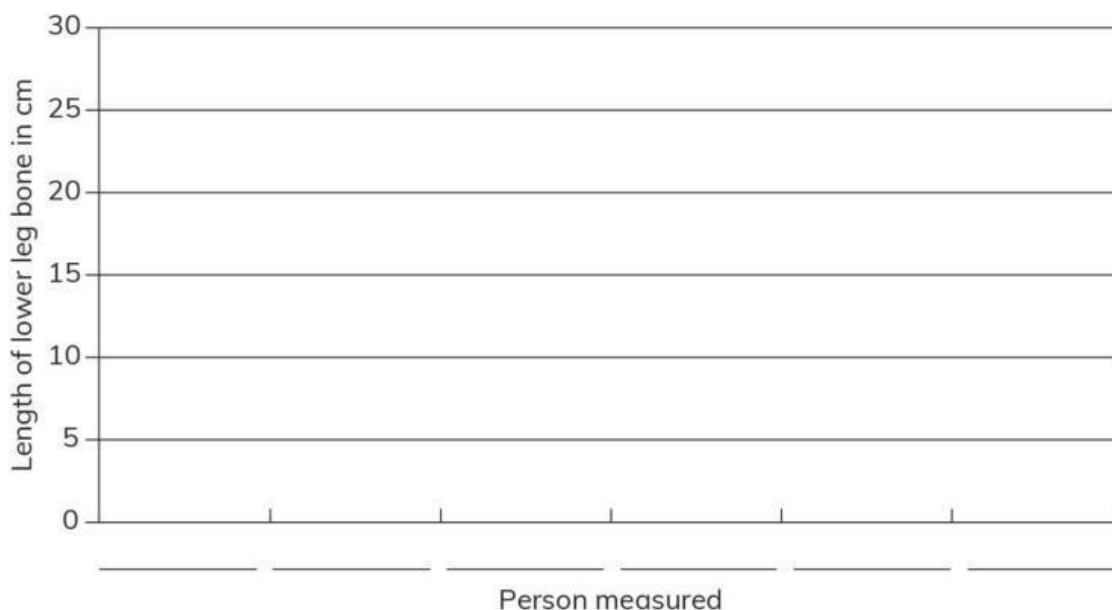
pull	relax	skin
pairs	shape	contract

1. Muscles are found under the _____.
They cover the skeleton and give your body the _____ that you have.
2. Muscles _____ on bones to make them move. Muscles work by getting shorter and longer.
3. When muscles get shorter, they _____.
4. When muscles _____ they get longer and let you rest.
5. Muscles always work in _____.

Part 3. Mira's group measured the lengths of their lower leg bones. These are their results.

Name	Length of bone in cm
Mira	22
Naima	25
Gita	20
Padmini	23

1. Draw a bar chart of their results.



2. Answer the following questions:

a. Whose leg bone was longest? _____

b. Whose leg bone was shortest? _____

Part 4. Label the drawing of the human skeleton to identify each of these bones.

Draw lines from the name of the bone to the bone in the skeleton drawing.

- A. skull
- B. rib cage
- C. jaw
- D. spine
- E. hip



- The end -