

Quiz - Unions, Strikes, & Retaliation in the Industrial Revolution

Part 1: Multiple Choice: Choose the best answer for each question.

1. What was the main purpose of labor unions?
 - a. To increase factory pollution
 - b. To improve wages and working conditions
 - c. To close all factories
 - d. To reduce transportation
2. What is a strike?
 - a. A factory celebration
 - b. Workers refusing to work to demand changes
 - c. A railroad accident
 - d. A type of machine
3. Why did workers form unions during the Industrial Revolution?
 - a. To shorten school days
 - b. To improve safety and pay
 - c. To increase child labor
 - d. To reduce factory production
4. Which of the following was a common problem faced by factory workers?
 - a. Short workdays
 - b. Unsafe working conditions
 - c. High wages
 - d. Too many vacations
5. What was one way some factory owners retaliated against striking workers?
 - a. Raising wages immediately
 - b. Hiring replacement workers
 - c. Closing schools
 - d. Giving workers vacations
6. Which group often supported workers' rights?
 - a. Labor unions
 - b. Railroad companies
 - c. Factory owners
 - d. Bankers
7. During the Industrial Revolution, strikes sometimes became—
 - a. peaceful festivals
 - b. violent conflicts
 - c. school events
 - d. sporting events
8. What did many unions demand?
 - a. Longer working hours
 - b. Safer workplaces
 - c. Lower wages
 - d. More child labor
9. Which of the following best describes retaliation?
 - a. Rewarding workers
 - b. Punishing workers for protesting
 - c. Building more factories
 - d. Improving schools
10. Why were strikes important during the Industrial Revolution?
 - a. They helped workers fight for change
 - b. They stopped all businesses forever
 - c. They ended railroads
 - d. They reduced communication

Part 2: True or False

Write True or False for each statement.

11. ____ Labor unions wanted better working conditions for workers.
 12. ____ Factory owners always agreed with workers' demands immediately.
 13. ____ Many strikes occurred because workers were unhappy with low pay and unsafe conditions.
 14. ____ Retaliation could include firing workers who joined unions.
 15. ____ Workers during the Industrial Revolution often worked long hours.
 16. ____ Strikes were never connected to labor unions.
 17. ____ Some strikes turned violent during the Industrial Revolution.
 18. ____ Labor unions fought against child labor and unsafe factories.
 19. ____ Factory owners sometimes hired replacement workers during strikes.
 20. ____ Unions played a role in improving workers' rights over time.
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Part 3: Mix and Match

Match the term with the correct definition.

Column A

Column B

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|------------------------|--|
| 21. Union | a. Unsafe conditions and low pay |
| 22. Strike | b. Group organized to protect workers |
| 23. Retaliation | c. Workers refusing to work |
| 24. Factory Conditions | d. Fair pay for workers |
| 25. Wages | e. Punishment against protesting workers |
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