Assessment: African Americans & Urbanization in the 1900s

Part 1: Multiple Choice: Choose the best answer for each question.

1. What was one major reason African Americans moved from the rural South to northern cities in the early 1900s?
   A. To find gold
   B. To escape Jim Crow laws and find jobs
   C. To become farmers
   D. To join the military
2. The large movement of African Americans from the South to northern cities was called the:
   A. Industrial Revolution
   B. Civil Rights Movement
   C. Great Migration
   D. Urban Expansion
3. Which type of jobs attracted many African Americans to northern cities?
   A. Factory jobs
   B. Farming jobs
   C. Fishing jobs
   D. Mining jobs
4. Urbanization means:
   A. Moving from cities to farms
   B. Building more schools
   C. The growth of cities as people move into them
   D. The end of transportation systems
5. Which city became an important center for African American culture during the Harlem Renaissance?
   A. Los Angeles
   B. Atlanta
   C. Chicago
   D. New York City
6. African Americans faced discrimination in northern cities through:
   A. Equal housing opportunities
   B. Segregation and unfair treatment
   C. Free education for all
   D. Better voting rights everywhere
7. What was the Harlem Renaissance?
   A. A farming movement
   B. A political campaign
   C. A cultural movement celebrating African American art, music, and literature
   D. A transportation project
8. Which invention helped support urbanization in the early 1900s?
   A. The cotton gin
   B. Elevators and skyscrapers
   C. Steamships only
   D. Horse-drawn wagons

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9. Many African Americans moved to cities like Chicago, Detroit, and New York because:
    A. Cities offered more jobs and opportunities
    B. Farming became easier
    C. There were no factories in the South
    D. They wanted colder weather only

10. Jazz music became popular during this period and was strongly connected to:
    A. Native American traditions
    B. African American culture
    C. European kings
    D. Ancient civilizations

11. Which factor pushed many African Americans to leave the South?
    A. Excellent living conditions
    B. Strong voting protections
    C. Violence and racial discrimination
    D. Free transportation

12. Urban areas often became overcrowded because:
    A. Too many people moved into cities quickly
    B. Farms grew larger
    C. Roads disappeared
    D. People moved back to the countryside

13. What role did factories play in urbanization?
    A. They reduced city populations
    B. They attracted workers to cities
    C. They eliminated transportation
    D. They ended immigration

14. African American newspapers and organizations helped people by:
    A. Encouraging segregation
    B. Providing information and support
    C. Closing businesses
    D. Preventing migration

15. Which statement best describes the Great Migration?
    A. A movement of settlers to the West
    B. A migration of African Americans to urban areas for better opportunities
    C. A return to plantation farming
    D. A journey to other countries only

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