

TƯƠNG LAI GẦN

Cấu trúc	Cách dùng	Dấu hiệu nhận biết
(+) S + am / is / are + going to + V + O (-) S + am / is / are + not + going to + V + O (?) Am / Is / Are + S + going to + V + O?	- Diễn tả một dự định, một kế hoạch đã có từ trước. <i>E.g. I'm going to get my car next month.</i> - Diễn tả một dự đoán có căn cứ rõ ràng, có dẫn chứng cụ thể. <i>E.g. It sounds like the plane is going to take off in a few minutes.</i>	Trong câu có các trạng từ chỉ thời gian giống như dấu hiệu nhận biết của thì tương lai đơn: <i>tomorrow, next week, in 2 days, ...</i>

B Luyện tập

Choose the best answer (A, B, C, or D) to complete each of the following sentences.

1. She came into the room while they _____ television.
 A. watched B. have watched C. are watching D. were watching
2. I _____ a headache since yesterday.
 A. had B. was having C. have had D. would have
3. The teacher _____ into the room.
 A. has still come B. has already come
 C. has yet come D. has recently come
4. When he failed to meet us, we _____ without him.
 A. left B. would leave C. was leaving D. has left
5. He _____ book the tickets, but he had no time to call at the cinema.
 A. would B. will C. is going to D. was going to
6. Peter has been trying for an hour, but his car still _____ start.
 A. won't B. wouldn't C. didn't D. hasn't
7. It's been an hour since he _____, so he must be at the office now.
 A. is leaving B. was leaving C. has left D. left
8. Most students _____ hard for the last few weeks.
 A. were working B. worked
 C. are working D. have been working

