

ĐỀ THAM KHẢO – KỶ THI TUYỂN SINH VÀO LỚP 10 THPT MÔN TIẾNG ANH
Thời gian: 90 phút

I/ Choose the word or phrase (A, B, C or D) that best fits the space in each sentence: (3.5pts)

1. Which word has the underlined part *pronounced differently* from that of the others?

- A. increases B. lives C. judges D. mixes

2. Which word has the underlined part *pronounced differently* from that of the others?

- A. truth B. nutrient C. virus D. produce

3. Which word has a *different stress* pattern from that of the other?

- A. possibility B. cafeteria C. disappointment D. specialty

4. Which word has a *different stress* pattern from that of the other?

- A. request B. comment C. password D. profile

5. **Ken:** “_____ Maths tomorrow?”

Rose: “No. it’s on Tuesday”.

- A. Would you have B. Are you having C. Do you have D. Are you going to have

6. **Anna:** You’ve been so busy lately! Are you even getting enough rest?

Tom: I know, but I’m trying to _____ better to avoid burnout.

- A. avoid stress B. find balance C. rest more often D. take care of yourself

7. **Sofia:** "I'm thinking about planting some trees in our neighborhood park. What do you think?"

Jenny: "_____"

- A. It's not for me. B. That's a great idea! Let's do it.
C. I didn't know that. D. Ok. Maybe next year.

8. **Peter:** Can we use our phones during the meeting?

Julia: Actually, they _____ using phones in the conference room.

- A. stop B. prohibit C. allow D. suggest

9. **Mom:** Remember Thomas! It is important to _____ your homework and look for mistakes carefully so you can improve.

Thomas: I will, Mom!

- A. see off B. go over C. keep on D. look up

10. **Nancy:** _____ December, Christmas spirit fills the air as people shop for presents and decorate their homes with lights

Lucy: Yeah, I love how the city lights up during Christmas time!

- A. On B. In C. By D. At

11. **Mai:** What does your mom think would make housework easier?

Lan: My mom wishes she _____ a robot to help her with housework.

- A. has B. had C. was having D. is having

12. **Jane:** Why did you decide to buy a used textbook?

Annie: _____ the new one was too expensive.

- A. Because of B. Because C. Even though D. In spite of

13. **Oliver:** Do you know _____ car is parked in front of our house?

Mia: I think it belongs to our neighbor.

- A. who B. whom C. which D. whose

14 **Minh:** “Could you do me a favor, please?” – **Paul:** “_____”

- A. Let me help you. C. Yes, go ahead
B. No, Thanks. I'm fine D. Sure. What can I do for you?

II/ Look at the signs. Choose the best answer (A, B, C, or D) for each sign: (0.5pt)



15. What does the sign mean?
- A. You must not use a mobile phone here
 - B. You must not use a camera here.
 - C. Dogs can't be entered.
 - D. You can't come into.



16. What does the notice say?
- A. The shop closes at 11 pm every day.
 - B. The shop will remain closed until next week.
 - C. The shop will resume work at 11 am tomorrow.
 - D. The shop is still working today.

III/ Choose the correct answers to fill in the blanks: (1.5 pts)

Mood disorders are a group of mental health problems which result from the disconnection between actual life circumstances and the person's (17) _____ of mind or feelings. What causes mood disorders in teens is not well known. Certain chemicals in the brain are responsible (18) _____ positive moods while other neurotransmitters, which (19) _____ to receptor molecules on the receiving cell, affect mood. The (20) _____ of these chemicals in the brain may lead to mood disorders. This can happen on its own or happen along with environmental factors such as unexpected life events and long-lasting stress. Teens (21) _____ parents lose their jobs, get divorced or have financial problems have a greater chance of having a mood disorder. These stressful life events can exaggerate feelings of sadness and (22) _____ depression. It depends on teens' coping skills and their ability to overcome rough times.

(Adapted from Mood Disorders in Teens –

www.stanfordchildrens.org)

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|--------------------|--------------|--------------|----------------|
| 17. A. state | B. status | C. sense | D. symbol |
| 18. A. with | B. to | C. as | D. for |
| 19. A. attack | B. attach | C. attract | D. adapt |
| 20. A. distraction | B. imbalance | C. shortness | D. uselessness |
| 21. A. which | B. that | C. who | D. whom |
| 22. A. improve | B. turn up | C. take out | D. bring on |

IV/ Read the following passage. Decide if the statements from 23 to 26 are True or False, and choose the correct answers (A, B, C or D) for questions 21 and 22: (1.5 pts)

Traditional markets have long played an important role in Vietnamese commerce and community life. However, these bustling places are now facing an existential threat as consumers flock to online platforms. The convenience and competitive pricing of online shopping leaves age-old markets struggling to survive, forcing businesses to adapt or perish. Hà Nội's historic wholesale markets, Đồng Xuân and Hòm markets, are typical of this transformation. "Customers buy everything online, and they don't go to the market anymore," one long-time clothing vendor said. Once-crowded aisles are now empty, and the chatter of bargaining has been replaced by the bored scrolling of vendors on their phones. This results from the difficulty of matching the aggressive pricing of online sellers. High overhead costs like rent, employee salaries and transportation have become too much of a heavy burden for vendors.

Another challenge faced by traditional retailers is their limited physical location. While online retailers can reach customers from all over the world, vendors at local markets only restricts their reach to a specific geographical area. Consumers living far from markets have to travel over a long distance to buy groceries. Such challenge requires vendors to expand their reach by offering online shopping options.

It is certain that the future of Việt Nam's retail sector will be a combination of tradition and technology. The challenge for traditional markets is not just about survival; it is about finding ways to integrate and offer an experience e-commerce cannot replicate.

(Adapted from www.vneconomy.vn)

23. There has been a drop in consumer numbers going to traditional markets. _____

24. Market vendors don't find it difficult to compete with online retailers thanks to overhead costs.

25. . Online retailers fail to reach a large number of consumers. _____

26. Traditional sellers need to provide more shopping options. _____

27. What does the passage mainly discuss?

- A. Challenges faced by traditional markets.
- B. The rise of e-commerce and digital marketplaces.
- C. How to apply technology to supermarkets.
- D. Governmental interference in online shopping.

28. What can be inferred from the passage?

- A. Traditional markets like Đồng Xuân and Hòm have gradually disappeared.
- B. Market vendors get used to online advertising and selling their products on social media.
- C. The growth rate of online shopping is expected to increase by 20 per cent by 2030.
- D. Rapid digitalization requires traditional retailers to adapt themselves to the new environment.

V/ Use the correct form of the verbs given in each sentence: (1.5pts)

29. A certified _____ can help create personalized meal plans to improve your health.
(nutrient)

30. Air pollution _____ affects the health of millions in cities. (potential)

31. A warm, _____ soup is perfect for cold winter evenings. (nourish)

32. Heavy traffic might _____ residents from driving to work daily. (encouragement)

33. The company introduced an _____ solution to reduce traffic congestion. (innovate)

34. This new smartphone is the best _____ of the year. (produce)

VI/ Look at the entry of the word 'information' in a dictionary. Use what you can get from the entry to complete the sentences with two or three words. (0.5 pt)

trend *noun*



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/trend/

/trend/

★ a general direction in which a situation is changing or developing

- *social/economic/political/demographic trends*
- *fashion/market trends*
- **trend towards something** *There is a **growing trend** towards later retirement.*
- **trend in something** *The article discusses **current trends** in language teaching*
- *This **downward trend** in sales is likely to continue.*
- *There has been an **upward trend** in the number of accidents reported.*
- *Predicting **long-term trends** in consumer behaviour is more difficult.*
- **trend for something** *A trend for romance and nostalgia has emerged.*

35. If this _____ in sales continues, we will go bankrupt.

36. The famous singer seems to _____ a new _____ for young people.

VII/ Rewrite each of the following sentences in another way so that it means almost the same as the sentence printed before it: (1.0pts)

37. "Why not teach young children how to save energy?", said Ms. Rose.

→ **Ms. Rose suggested young children** _____

38. The exercise was very difficult. None of us could do it.

→ **It was such** _____

39. The children are excited for the trip to Dalat.

→ **The children are looking** _____

40. Don't use too many cars, or the air will be polluted.

→ **If** _____