# Prueba de Inglés

## PARTE 1

**RESPONDA LAS PREGUNTAS 80 A 84 DE ACUERDO CON EL EJEMPLO**

¿Dónde puede ver estos avisos?

En las preguntas **80 - 84**, marque **A**, **B** o **C** en su hoja de respuestas.

Ejemplo:

0. Breakfast from 6:00 to 10:00 a.m.

A. In a food shop.
B. In a clothes shop.
C. In a toy shop.

Respuesta: 0. (A) B C

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80. DON'T GIVE FOOD TO THE GIRAFFES

A. at a zoo.
B. at a garden.
C. at a pet store.

81. YOU CAN'T TAKE PICTURES OF THE DRAWINGS

A. In a music class.
B. In a sports class.
C. In a painting class.

82. How do I drive?

A. on a truck.
B. on a train.
C. on a motorbike.

83. Clean your desk!

A. in a playground.
B. in a classroom.
C. in a hall.

84. Old people and women with babies can sit here.

A. on a boat.
B. on a bike.
C. on a bus.



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## PARTE 2

### RESPONDA LAS PREGUNTAS 85 A 89 DE ACUERDO CON EL EJEMPLO

Lea las descripciones de la columna de la izquierda **(85 - 89)**. ¿Cuál palabra de la columna de la derecha **(A - G)** concuerda con cada descripción?

La opción **H** se usa para el ejemplo. Sobran dos palabras más.

En las preguntas **85 - 89**, marque la letra correcta **A - G** en su hoja de respuestas.

# Professions

**Ejemplo:**

**0.** You can listen to me at school to learn new things.

**Respuesta:** 0. Ⓐ Ⓑ Ⓒ Ⓓ Ⓔ Ⓕ Ⓖ ⓗ

| Descripciones | Palabras |
|---|---|
| **85.** I plant the vegetables that you buy in the market. | **A.** astronaut |
| | **B.** chef |
| **86.** You laugh when you see me at the circus. | **C.** clown |
| | **D.** driver |
| **87.** I go outside our world to look for new stars and planets. | **E.** farmer |
| | **F.** nurse |
| **88.** You find me in cafeterias or restaurants making fantastic food. | **G.** pilot |
| **89.** I care for people who are sick and need medicine. | **H.** teacher |



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## PARTE 3

### RESPONDA LAS PREGUNTAS 90 A 96 DE ACUERDO CON EL EJEMPLO

Complete las siete conversaciones.

En las preguntas **90 - 96**, marque **A**, **B** o **C** en la hoja de respuestas.

**Ejemplo:**

**90.** Honey, I invited my parents to the party.

**A.** Be careful!
**B.** That's great!
**C.** As soon as possible!

**91.** Hey Mark! You should visit us next November.

**A.** How often?
**B.** I'd love to!
**C.** let's look for it.

**92.** My dad would like to play tennis with us.

**A.** That's great!
**B.** I have to go.
**C.** Can I do it?

**93.** Have you ever gotten in trouble at the university?

**A.** What a pity!
**B.** Several times.
**C.** Is it here?

**94.** Are you going to the gym tonight?

**A.** Maybe tomorrow.
**B.** Not much.
**C.** Twice a month.

**95.** How long will the journey take?

**A.** Over two hours.
**B.** At midnight.
**C.** I won't be late.

**96.** I can clean the house for you today.

**A.** That's nice!
**B.** They're mine.
**C.** How many?

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PARTE 4.A

RESPONDA LAS PREGUNTAS 97 A 104 DE ACUERDO CON EL SIGUIENTE TEXTO

Lea el texto y seleccione la palabra correcta para cada espacio.

En las preguntas **97 - 104**, marque **A**, **B** o **C** en su hoja de respuestas.

## Golden Gate Bridge

The Golden Gate Bridge is a well-known bridge that crosses **(0)**_____ the sea. Once the bridge was **(97)**_____ in 1937, a large number of people visited San Francisco. They just wanted to cross the **(98)**_____ bridge in the world.

Joseph Strauss and most of the engineers who were in the project, spent some months **(99)**_____ on something which could actually hold the long heavy cables of the bridge **(100)**_____. The engineers **(101)**_____ agreed the colors of the bridge should be red and orange. People thought that these colors were **(102)**_____ easy to see and they were similar to the colors of others places **(103)**_____ the city.

People can cross it by car or motorbike **(104)**_____ time. During the day, they can use their bicycles or just walk.

Ejemplo:

| | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| 0. | A. over | B. beside | C. along | Respuesta: 0. (A) B C |

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| 97. | A. finishes | B. finishing | C. finished |
| 98. | A. tall | B. taller | C. tallest |
| 99. | A. decide | B. deciding | C. decides |
| 100. | A. itself | B. himself | C. herself |
| 101. | A. so | B. anyway | C. also |
| 102. | A. such | B. quite | C. much |
| 103. | A. around | B. above | C. into |
| 104. | A. both | B. another | C. any |



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PARTE 4.B

RESPONDA LAS PREGUNTAS 105 A 112 DE ACUERDO CON EL SIGUIENTE TEXTO

Lea el texto y seleccione la palabra correcta para cada espacio.

En las preguntas **105 - 112**, marque **A**, **B** o **C** en su hoja de respuestas.

## Elephants in the circus

One of America's top shows will have no elephants **(0)**_____ stage in a few years. All their elephants will go to a natural park and be **(105)**_____ there than in the circus. One hundred years ago, people **(106)**_____ it was OK for animals to be in these shows; **(107)**_____, today things have changed. People have **(108)**_____ to worry about it because the animals aren't free.

A lot of environmental groups believe that these kinds **(109)**_____ shows are not right. One group says circus elephants have a bad life. They **(110)**_____ have pains in their bodies and get sick. This group **(111)**_____ wants elephants to rest. There are even some places in the USA where shows **(112)**_____ use elephants because people agree that it is important to protect them.

Ejemplo:

0. A. on B. in C. at

Respuesta: 0. (A) B C

| | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 105. | A. | happier | B. | happy | C. | happiest |
| 106. | A. | thinking | B. | thought | C. | think |
| 107. | A. | neither | B. | next | C. | however |
| 108. | A. | begin | B. | begun | C. | began |
| 109. | A. | for | B. | about | C. | of |
| 110. | A. | may | B. | shall | C. | should |
| 111. | A. | least | B. | only | C. | almost |
| 112. | A. | never | B. | usually | C. | always |



LIVEWORKSHEETS

## PARTE 5

### RESPONDA LAS PREGUNTAS 113 A 119 DE ACUERDO CON EL SIGUIENTE TEXTO

Lea el texto y responda las preguntas.

En las preguntas **113 - 119**, marque **A, B o C** en su hoja de respuestas.

There's a fun traditional water festival every Thai NewYear that people want to go to! It's the unusual "Songkran Festival", also called the "Water Festival". It's the most expensive in Thailand, but it's known for the fantastic things people can do at it.

Songkran is in April, and it's open to everyone. For 3-5 days, people from rural areas who are working in the capital go back home with their children for the festival; they spend time with their parents who they haven't seen for a long time. People throw water on their heads to have an excellent year, with money and without problems.

However, the festival has changed. Now people make teams to throw water at each other in a match and choose a winner. It's a wonderful reason to travel and enjoy the games. People sell, buy and use water toys, as well as carry cups of different sizes from their kitchens to throw water. Students don't wear their usual school clothes or get up early. During Songkran, it's very important to wear comfortable clothes and use something to protect your eyes from the sun and water.

Tourists from other countries say this is the most special festival they've ever been to because of its new idea of having fun. People of different ages participate; they act like kids, they shout and have a wonderful time.

**Ejemplo:**

**0.** Why has the Songkran festival been so popular?

A. It has amazing activities.
B. It's quite scary.
C. It's outdoors.

**Respuesta:** 0. ● B C

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**113.** One of the activities people do in the festival is to

A. visit their families.
B. play without their kids.
C. get a new job.

**114.** The festival is special because

A. it's only for workers.
B. it takes lots of time.
C. it's for good luck.

**115.** The festival has become

A. a famous market.
B. a place to cook.
C. a fun competition.

**116.** What should people bring from home?

A. uniforms.
B. bowls.
C. puzzles.

**117.** What is needed for the festival?

A. A bathing suit.
B. An umbrella.
C. A pair of sunglasses.

**118.** What do foreign visitors think about the festival?

A. It's modern.
B. It's awesome.
C. It's noisy.

**119.** What is the best title for the text?

A. The fun festival.
B. The cheapest festival.
C. The kids' festival.



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## PARTE 6

### RESPONDA LAS PREGUNTAS 120 A 124 DE ACUERDO CON EL SIGUIENTE TEXTO

Lea el texto y responda las preguntas.

En las preguntas **120 - 124**, marque **A, B, C** o **D** en la hoja de respuestas.

I have the uncomfortable feeling that I can't concentrate the way I used to some time ago. I have noticed that my lack of concentration starts, particularly, when I attempt to focus my attention on a novel or an essay. Going back to the text becomes a challenge. This might be because I've increased the amount of time in front of a screen searching for information on the internet in the past months.

Clive Thompson suggests that Google is an extension of the mind. This search engine, he says, has a positive effect on our thinking abilities. After all, thanks to Google we have access to almost anything. However unexpected effects may result from this situation. In the 1960's Marshall McLuhan suggested that technology would provide knowledge to everyone, and that's what is happening nowadays. Online media not only produces contents but it also controls the process of thought, making our mind jump from one thought to another so quickly that we don't even notice.

A recent study of internet search habits indicated that internet users often glance at headlines and list of contents. They succeed in getting what they need in a short time. They may well be getting much more knowledge and reliable information than ever before, but in the process, several important skills like memory may become less reliable. I fully agree with these conclusions.

Maybe I'm just a negative person. However, just as there are supporters of technological progress, there are also people who refuse to accept it. Socrates, for example, believed that writing didn't serve to promote the development of new ideas. Only time will prove me right or wrong.

**120.** What is the writer doing in this article?

- **A.** Presenting the positive effects of the internet on concentration and attention.
- **B.** Suggesting that the internet could be useful to manage time and skills.
- **C.** Discussing the possible influence of the internet on people's abilities.
- **D.** Recommending how to use the internet to get reliable information.

**121.** What idea does the writer express in the second paragraph?

- **A.** Although Google helps people improve their skills, it disorganizes people's thought.
- **B.** The effects of search engines depend on how the content is arranged.
- **C.** It is worth recognizing the disadvantages of search engines.
- **D.** Google lets us increase our mental activity to the maximum.

**122.** On paragraph 3, what does the writer report regarding online search habits?

- **A.** Short texts are more interesting to users as they improve memory.
- **B.** Internet users have developed the ability to find information faster.
- **C.** The amount of available information involves the building of knowledge.
- **D.** Studies show little evidence on how memory is affected by internet use.

**123.** In paragraph 4, how does the writer feel about technology?

- **A.** Certain that there is a variety of opinions about its development.
- **B.** Confident that it can be improved in the future.
- **C.** Curious about its negative effects on people's minds.
- **D.** Confused about the arguments for and against it.

**124.** A suitable title for this text could be

- **A.** ***The Development of Human Intelligence.***
- **B.** ***Efficient Ways to Access Information.***
- **C.** ***How Online Media Improves your Memory.***
- **D.** ***The Influence of Technology On Our Mind.***

LIVEWORKSHEETS

PARTE 7

RESPONDA LAS PREGUNTAS 125 A 134 DE ACUERDO CON EL SIGUIENTE TEXTO

Lea el texto y seleccione la palabra correcta para cada espacio.

En las preguntas **125 - 134**, marque **A, B, C** o **D** en su hoja de respuestas.

## Animals scared during a movie production

A famous movie in the **(0)**_____ frightened farm animals during its production. The movie, "The Lost City of Z", is **(125)**_____ in the 1920s. It's about a soldier who disappeared in the jungle while searching for a city called Z. Film makers were required to **(126)**_____ explosions for the movie. **(127)**_____ being far away, these special effects caused stress among farmers in the town. They complained that the sound **(128)**_____ frightened animals.

People said the explosions made the animals **(129)**_____ somewhere. The noise **(130)**_____ windows in houses. One farmer mentioned how animals were **(131)**_____. He said: "The cows ran like crazy after I heard some explosions..." The producers are animal **(132)**_____ activists. They might be upset if they heard that the animals suffered. In spite **(133)**_____ this situation, the shooting of the movie wasn't put **(134)**_____, and farmers wished the movie to be a huge success.

Ejemplo:

0. A. headlines B. topics C. labels D. titles

Respuesta: 0. (A) (B) (C) (D)

| | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| 125. | A. stuck | B. installed | C. set | D. fixed |
| 126. | A. happen | B. perform | C. attempt | D. create |
| 127. | A. Besides | B. Despite | C. Through | D. Regarding |
| 128. | A. really | B. early | C. urgently | D. nearly |
| 129. | A. hides | B. hid | C. hiding | D. hide |
| 130. | A. broke | B. disappeared | C. disturbed | D. tore |
| 131. | A. unpleasant | B. stressful | C. terrified | D. nasty |
| 132. | A. benefits | B. rights | C. advantages | D. improvements |
| 133. | A. with | B. to | C. from | D. of |
| 134. | A. away | B. through | C. off | D. up |



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