



NATURAL SCIENCES REINFORCEMENT TEST
FIRST TRIMESTER

I. CHOOSE THE CORRECT OPTION TO COMPLETE THE SENTENCES:

1. The _____ is one of the coldest zones in Bolivia. It includes the departments of La Paz, Oruro and Potosí.
a) Andean Zone b) Llanos zone c) Sub Andean- zone d) ice zone
2. _____ it covers 95% of the national territory and is north of Eastern or real mountain range. The departments of Santa Cruz, Beni and Pando are framed in this area.
a) Andean Zone b) Llanos zone c) Sub Andean- zone d) ice zone
3. _____ This intermediate region between the Altiplano and the Eastern plains covers 13 % of the Bolivian territory, is 2500 meters of average altitude and includes the valleys and the Yungas.
a) Andean Zone b) Llanos zone c) Sub Andean- zone d) ice zone

II. COMPLETE WITH THE CORRECT OPTION:

glacial zone macrothermic floor subtropical floor
mesothermal floor paramo microthermal floor

- _____ It is located between sea level and 900 meters. Its climate is tropical, warm temperature all year (with an average between 25 and 30° C) and abundant rain fall.
- _____ It has the most stable climate and the temperature remains between 22 and 25 °C. Its altitude is 900 to 1800 meters. In Bolivia it is located in Santa Cruz, and Tarija.
- _____ Its main characteristic is the perpetual snow.
- _____ It is located in the upper area of Los Andes, below the perpetual zone between 3400 to 4800 meters above the sea level; it covers the department of La Paz and Oruro.
- _____ In Bolivia this type of floor is found in the departments of La Paz, Oruro and Potosí. Its altitude is between 2500 and 3400 m.a.s.l. so its temperature is very low, being the annual average of 10° C.
- _____ this zone is located in Bolivia's valleys within the departments Chuquisaca, Cochabamba, Tarija, and part of Santa Cruz.

III. MATCH THE BASINS WITH THE CORRECT DESCRIPTION.



Amazon basin		It runs from east to west and its mainly made up of the Madre de Dios, Orthon, Abuná, Beni, Mamore and Itenez or Guapore rivers. It has an area of 718.137 km ² and covers approximately 65.7% of Bolivia's hydrographic basins.
Rio de la plata basin		Formed by lakes Titicaca and Poopó, as well as the Desaguadero river and large salt flats such as Coipasa and Uyuni.
Lacustre o altiplano basin		It is made up the Paraguay, Pilcomayo, and Bermejo rivers. It has an area of 226.678 km ² , which corresponds to 20.5% of the hydrographic basins.