

Resuelve aplicando la fórmula general
Ecuación: $2x^2 + 11x - 13 = 0$

X=

$$\frac{- (\quad) \pm \sqrt{ (\quad)^2 - (4) (\quad) (\quad) }}{(2) (\quad)}$$

X=

$$\frac{\boxed{} \pm \sqrt{\boxed{} \boxed{}}}{\boxed{}}$$

Respuestas

X=

$$\frac{\boxed{} \pm \sqrt{\boxed{}}}{\boxed{}}$$

X₁=

$$\frac{\boxed{} - \boxed{}}{\boxed{}} = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} =$$

X=

$$\frac{\boxed{} \pm \boxed{}}{\boxed{}}$$

X₂=

$$\frac{\boxed{} + \boxed{}}{\boxed{}} = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} =$$