GLOBAL SUCCESS 9

MÃ SỐ 14

[40 ĐỀ TINH HOA]

ĐỀ THI THỬ VÀO 10 HÀ NỘI 2026

LỚP 9 | MÔN TIẾNG ANH – *Thời gian: 60 phút*

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word whose underlined part differs from the other three in pronunciation in each of the following questions from 1 to 2.

Question 1: A. devot<u>ed</u> **B.** suggest<u>ed</u> **C.** provid<u>ed</u> **D.** wish<u>ed</u>

Question 2: A. w<u>ea</u>ve **B.** cl<u>ea</u>nse **C.** tr<u>ea</u>t **D.** pl<u>ea</u>se

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word that differs from the other three in the position of primary stress in each of the following questions from 3 to 4.

Question 3: A. trumpet **B.** worldwide **C.** program **D.** album

Question 4: A. Saturday **B.** overseas **C.** management **D.** pharmacy

Mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions from 5 to 12.

Question 5: For my birthday, Tom gave me _____ gift: a handmade album of our class memories.

A. the most thoughtful **B.** more thoughtful **C.** as thoughtful **D.** the more thoughtful

Question 6: My old phone often _____ in cold weather, so I plan to buy a new one soon.

A. cuts down on **B.** picks up **C.** hangs out **D.** breaks down

Question 7: Travelling to _____ places helps teenagers broaden their worldview and appreciate new traditions without judging too quickly.

A. differently **B.** different **C.** differ **D.** difference

Question 8:

Hana: "Your room looks so neat and comfortable. I love your shelves."

Viet: "Thanks!"

Hana: "_____"

A. You should give me your shelves right now. **B.** I don't like your shelves anymore.

C. They look great! Where did you get them? **D.** You should stop using shelves.

Question 9: She speaks _____ little French, but she's still learning.

A. the **B.** a **C.** an **D.** some

Question 10: What _____ Nam _____ in the bathroom at the moment?

A. is/doing **B.** do/go **C.** does/go **D.** will/be going

Question 11: Teenagers can't join the trip _____ they have permission from their parents.

A. unless **B.** if **C.** until **D.** without

Question 12: He got used to _____ a helmet, but he still forgets it when he is in a hurry.

A. wear **B.** to wear **C.** wearing **D.** wore

Read the following announcement and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct option that best fits each of the numbered blanks from 13 to 16.

⚠️ EMERGENCY AWARENESS WEEK DISASTER SAFETY WORKSHOP (FREE)
📅 **Date/Time: Fri, April 10 | 2:00–3:15 p.m.** 📍 **Place: Library Room**

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👤 **Guest: Local firefighter**
✅ **What you will do:**
- **Learn to prepare a small first (13) _____ kit + an emergency backpack**
- **Practise "Drop, Cover, and Hold On"**
- **Learn what to do if a (15) _____ warning is announced after a strong sea quake**

📌 **Check-in: (14) _____ Gate 2 by 1:50 p.m.**
🎒 **Bring: sports shoes + notebook**
📱 **Tech note: (16) _____ group should bring at least one charged phone for a short online quiz (sharing is OK)**
📝 **Sign up: with your class monitor by Apr 8**
☎ **Questions? Ms. Hanh (Room 05) 0903 123 456**

Question 13: A. help **B.** aid **C.** care **D.** rest
Question 14: A. in **B.** on **C.** to **D.** at
Question 15: A. tsunami **B.** tornado **C.** drought **D.** fog
Question 16: A. much **B.** many **C.** each **D.** a little

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions from 17 to 18.

People often think our world is too big to change, so they stop paying attention to small actions. Yet daily choices can protect rivers, reduce waste, and support fair communities. **(17)** _____ Even a simple conversation can widen your view beyond one neighborhood. **(18)** _____

Question 17: Put the sentences (a–c) in the correct order, then fill in the blank to make a logical text.
a. When you learn where your food comes from, you may waste less without trying.
b. Sharing local problems online can connect you with groups doing real projects nearby.
c. A clean street today can influence how younger children treat public spaces tomorrow.
A. a – c – b **B.** b – a – c **C.** a – b – c **D.** c – a – b

Question 18: Choose the sentence that can **END** the text most appropriately.
A. In the end, caring about our world begins with noticing it, then acting with others.
B. When people share ideas online, they can learn more about the world and its problems.
C. Many small actions matter, but they only work when governments make strict rules.
D. Protecting nature is important, and recycling is a good habit for every family.

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct option that best fits each of the numbered blanks from 19 to 24.

Smart home devices are becoming common in many families. A small speaker on the table can turn on lights, play music, and answer questions. For some people, this constant monitoring feels invasive. The problem is that these gadgets often listen all the time, creating **(19)** _____ for some users. They both collect data and store it on servers that you cannot see. Some companies add cameras and sensors that can record sound in the background, even when **(20)** _____. Many users say the service is convenient. However, they rarely read the privacy settings, so they do not know **(21)** _____ their recordings. If you ever notice strange lights on the device at night, you may feel worried, but it can be hard to prove what happened. Weak passwords and old software also **(22)** _____ a risk to children and other vulnerable people at home. They may also use extra electricity, which is not always sustainable. To reduce the harm, you **(23)** _____ change default passwords, update the system, and turn the microphone off **(24)** _____ you do not need it.

Question 19 [*]: A. serious digital comfort **B.** personal privacy worries

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C. helpful private support D. modern family balance

Question 20: A. one speaks no B. one no speaks C. no one speaks D. speaks no one

Question 21 [*]: A. which can access B. that is accessing C. whom accessing D. who can access

Question 22: A. make B. do C. pose D. take

Question 23: A. have B. ought C. may D. should

Question 24: A. while B. since C. during D. when

Mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the sentence that is closest in meaning to the original sentence in each of the following questions from 25 to 26.

Question 25: "Why don't you get your hair cut, Gavin?" said Adam.

A. Adam advises Gavin to have his hair cut.

B. Adam invited Gavin to have his hair cut.

C. Adam promised to cut Gavin's hair.

D. Adam suggested Gavin should have his hair cut.

Question 26: The local market is believed to be the best place to buy fresh food.

A. It is believed that the local market is the best place to buy fresh food.

B. A better place than the local market is believed to buy fresh food.

C. I believe that the local market has the best place to buy fresh food.

D. No place is less good than the local market to buy fresh food.

Mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the sentence that is best made from the given cues in each of the following questions from 27 to 28.

Question 27: I / wish / everyone / understand / value / maintain / traditional crafts / future generations.

A. I wish everyone can understand the value of maintaining traditional crafts for future generations.

B. I wish even- one to understand the value to maintain traditional crafts for future generations.

C. I wish even one understood the value of maintaining traditional crafts for future generations.

D. I wish everyone will understand value of maintaining traditional crafts for future generations.

Question 28: Peter and Mary / wish / they / on holiday / Brazil / instead of / stay at home.

A. Peter and Mary wish they were on holiday in Brazil instead of staying at home.

B. Peter and Mary wish they will be on holiday in Brazil instead of stay at home.

C. Peter and Mary wish they will on holiday in Brazil instead of staying at home.

D. Peter and Mary wish they were on holiday in Brazil instead of stay at home.

Read the following notice or message and mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions from 29 to 30.

Question 29: What does the notice mean?

A. The tour is about one hour.

B. The museum tour should be one hour at the minimum.

C. Visitors need to spend one hour inside the museum.

D. Visitors can visit the museum at 29:00 p.m.

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Question 30: What does this message mean?

Dear students,

Please remember that all application forms for the Summer Camp are due this Wednesday. Late registration will not be accepted except for health reasons.

Thank you.

Send Attach Discard

A. Registration forms for this Summer Camp will be accepted on Wednesday.

B. Unless your application form is due by Wednesday, you do not need to reply.

C. Students may apply for the Summer Camp after Wednesday if they are ill.

D. All late registration forms will be fined.

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions from 31 to 36.

Green tourism, also called sustainable tourism, is a way of traveling that protects the environment and helps local communities. More travelers today want to enjoy beautiful places without causing harm to nature or local people.

Traditional tourism can damage the environment in many ways. Popular tourist destinations often face problems like pollution, too much garbage, and **depleted** natural resources such as water and energy. Hotels and restaurants use large amounts of electricity and produce waste. When too many visitors come to one place, they can destroy forests, beaches, and wildlife habitats. Local people may also lose their traditional way of life.

Green tourism offers better solutions. Eco-friendly hotels use solar power and save water. Tourists can choose activities that don't harm animals or plants, like bird watching or hiking on marked trails. Buying products from local sellers helps families earn money and keeps traditional crafts alive. Some travelers even **participate** in conservation projects, such as planting trees or cleaning beaches during their vacation.

Everyone can practice green tourism. Simple actions make a difference: stay in locally-owned hotels, use public transportation, bring reusable water bottles, and respect local customs and nature. When we travel responsibly, we help preserve beautiful places for future generations to enjoy.

[Adapted form A Guide for Policy Makers]

Question 31: The word "**depleted**" in paragraph 2 is closest in meaning to _____.

A. increased **B.** exhausted **C.** protected **D.** discovered

Question 32: The word "**participate**" in paragraph 3 is **OPPOSITE** in meaning to _____.

A. assist **B.** cooperate **C.** refuse **D.** contribute

Question 33: What is the main idea of the passage?

A. Green tourism is mainly about staying in eco-friendly hotels and using solar power.

B. Traditional tourism always harms wildlife, so travelers should stop visiting popular places.

C. Green tourism is difficult for most people because it requires expensive equipment.

D. Travelers can reduce harm by choosing green tourism that supports nature and local life.

Question 34: Why does the passage suggest that buying products from local sellers is a good choice for green tourists?

A. Local products are always cheaper than hotel services.

B. It helps families earn money and keeps traditional crafts alive.

C. It reduces the need for public transportation in tourist areas.

D. It prevents tourists from hiking in forests and wildlife habitats.

Question 35: Based on the passage, why does the author suggest staying in locally-owned hotels?

A. They are usually cheaper and provide more modern facilities for guests.

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B. They are always equipped with solar power systems to save electricity.
C. They offer better public transportation options for international visitors.
D. They contribute to the well-being and economic stability of the residents.
Question 36: According to the passage, which idea is supported by information across several paragraphs?
A. Green tourism is mainly about safe activities like bird watching and hiking on trails.
B. Traditional tourism mostly harms local customs, while forests and wildlife remain protected.
C. Eco-friendly hotels are the best solution because they use solar power and save water.
D. Travelers can reduce harm by supporting local services and using simple actions while traveling.
Four phrases/sentences have been removed from the text below. For each question, mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct option that best fits each of the numbered blanks from 37 to 40.

More and more people are choosing to remember the past in new ways—not only by telling stories, but also by using old photos, short videos, and even AI to recreate memories. On social media, trends like **(37)** _____. Looking back at small moments—a trip, a birthday, an old message—can help us understand how much we have changed. For many young people, **(38)** _____.

However, remembering the past is not always positive. Some people get stuck in memories, compare the present with their "best time," and feel sad. **(39)** _____. So how should we remember? **(40)** _____. The past can be a mirror to understand ourselves, but it should not become a cage that holds us back.

A. remembering the past is also a way to find motivation when life today feels fast and full of pressure
B. Others edit the past too much, keeping only happy parts and forgetting the hard ones, so the memory becomes less real
C. "then vs. now" or "a day in 2015" make many people feel warm and connected
D. Maybe the key is to choose wisely: keep the lessons and the people we love, but still focus on today
Question 37: _____. **Question 38:** _____. **Question 39:** _____. **Question 40:** _____.

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