

**A) Rephrase the sentences beginning with the words in brackets:**

1. She has plenty of money, but she is very mean. (although)  
.....
2. They have a car, but they rarely use it. (though)  
.....
3. He was innocent, but he was sent to prison. (although)  
.....
4. He has a number of relatives living nearby, but he never visits them. (even though)  
.....
5. She never takes any kind of exercise, but she is quite fit and healthy. (even though)  
.....

**B) Rephrase the sentences using the words in brackets + being (verb form):**

1. They went out for a walk, even though the weather was bad. (despite)  
.....
2. She managed to write, even though her hand was injured. (in spite of)  
.....
3. All the trains were on time, even though the snow was heavy. (despite)  
.....
4. Our coach didn't arrive late, even though the traffic was terrible. (in spite of)  
.....

5. A lot of people buy those houses, even though the prices are high. (despite)  
.....
6. He stayed up late, even though he was very tired. (despite)  
.....
7. I didn't buy the car, even though I had the money. (despite)  
.....
8. He stayed outside in the cold weather, even though he felt ill. (despite)  
.....
9. People continue to smoke, even though they know the dangers. (in spite of)  
.....

**C) Sally and Peter are good friends, but they are very different.**

Compare Sally and Peter. Join each idea in A with the most suitable idea in B. Make sentences **using different signal words**.

A

B

- |                                  |                                |
|----------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| 1. She likes hard work.          | a) He prefers classical music. |
| 2. She likes jazz and pop music. | b) He prefers staying at home. |
| 3. She likes going out a lot.    | c) He can be rather mean.      |
| 4. She's very practical.         | d) He's quite lazy.            |
| 5. She's very generous.          | e) He's quite idealistic.      |