Adjectives

a Match the words and pictures.

beautiful /'bju:tɪfl/	ugly /'ʌgli/
big /bɪg/	small /smɔ:l/
cheap /tʃi:p/	expensive /ɪk'spensɪv/
clean /kli:n/	dirty /'dɜ:ti/
easy /'i:zi/	difficult /'dɪfɪkəlt/
fast /fɑ:st/	slow /sləʊ/
full /fʊl/	empty /'em(p)ti/
good /gʊd/	bad /bæd/
high /haɪ/	low /ləʊ/
hot /hɒt/	cold /kəʊld/
light /laɪt/	dark /dɑ:k/
long /lɒŋ/	short /ʃɔ:t/
old /əʊld/	new /nju:/
old /əʊld/	young /jʌŋ/
rich /rɪtʃ/	poor /pɔ:/
right /raɪt/	left /left/
right /raɪt/	wrong /rɒŋ/
safe /seɪf/	dangerous /'deɪndʒərəs/
the same /seɪm/	different /'dɪfrənt/
strong /strɒŋ/	weak /wi:k/
tall /tɔ:l/	short /ʃɔ:t/

b 2.6 Listen and check.

c Test your partner. **A** say an adjective and **B** say the opposite.

Modifiers: *very / really, quite*

We often use modifiers before adjectives.
*A Ferrari is **very** / **really fast**.*
*It's **quite cold** today.* (= It's cold, but not very cold.)

ACTIVATION Look at the things in the list. Say two adjectives for each one. Use modifiers.

a Ferrari Mount Kilimanjaro Elon Musk
the *Mona Lisa* the Pyramids Australia
your town or city

a Ferrari – It's really fast and very expensive.

Opinion adjectives

good: *nice* /naɪs/, *great* /greɪt/, *fantastic* /fæn'tæstɪk/

bad: *awful* /'ɔ:fl/, *terrible* /'terəbl/

p.18



LIVEWORKSHEETS