ĐỀ THI GIỮA KÌ 2 LỚP 10 (FORM MỚI NHẤT)

TEST 1

Read the following advertisement and mark the letter A, B, C and D on your answer sheet to indicate the option that best fits each of the numbered blanks from 1 to 6

Advancements and Challenges in Gender Equality in Vietnam

Gender equality in Vietnam has been a topic of significant discussion in recent years. Women, (1) _____ by various policies, are now playing a more prominent role in the workforce. With laws ensuring equal pay and protection against discrimination, the government aims (2) _____ fairness. However, challenges persist in rural areas where (3) _____ are still deeply ingrained. Many women have been seen overcoming these obstacles, (4) _____ access to education and career opportunities. Efforts are continually made to encourage women to break free (5) _____ stereotypes and pursue their aspirations. The notion of "equal opportunities" is slowly becoming more widespread, though more (6)_____is needed for full equality.

Câu 1: A. which empowered B. empowered C. was empowered D. empowering

Câu 2: A. to promoting B. promote C. to promote D. to be promoted

Câu 3: A. traditional gender roles B. traditional roles gender

C. gender traditional roles D. roles traditional gender

Câu 4: A. coming B. getting C. catching D. gaining

Câu 5: A. in B. at C. from D. for

Câu 6: A. activity B. action C. active D. active

Read the following leaflet and mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the option that best fits each of the numbered blanks from 7 to 12.

Gender Equality in Vietnam: Progress and Challenges

- (7)_____ the government's policies, gender equality in Vietnam has seen significant improvement in recent years. Women's empowerment is at the forefront of these changes. (8) _____ key factor is the role of education in promoting equal opportunities.
- The (9) _____ of women entering higher education and securing leadership positions has steadily increased. However, the battle for equal pay and equal representation (10) _____, as the gender pay gap persists in many sectors.
- Social (11) _____ often limit women's opportunities, especially in rural areas. Despite this, efforts to encourage female participation in all fields are strengthening, and the government remains committed to closing the (12) _____ gap.

Câu 7. A. According to B. Irrespective of C. On account of D. Thanks to

Câu 8. A. Others B. Other C. The others D. Another

Câu 9. A. maximine B. majority C. number D. amount

Câu 10. A. goes on B. looks for C. stands by D. thinks over

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Câu 11. A. practices B. norms C. experiences D. skills

Câu 12. A. generation B. gender C. life D. assessment

Mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the best arrangement of utterances or sentences to make a meaningful exchange or text in each of the following questions from 13 to 17.

Câu 13

a. Mai: Yes, I have. I've attended workshops on women's rights and gender equality. I also try to inspire other girls to be more confident in their work and life.

b. Mai: Hi Minh! Long time no see. You look so confident and strong!

c. Minh: Hi Mai! Thanks. You look really active too. Have you been involved in any gender equality activities recently?

A. b-a-c **B.** b-c-a **C.** c-b-a **D.** a-b-c

Câu 14

a. Lan: They help raise awareness about gender issues and encourage people to support equality.

b. Lan: I'm going to organize workshops on women's empowerment.

c. Mai: I think organizing workshops might be difficult because of the costs. I'm not sure if I could do that.

d. Mai: How do you plan to promote gender equality in your community?

e. Mai: Why workshops?

A. c-d-e-a-b **B.** c-e-d-b-a **C.** d-b-a-e-c **D.** d-b-e-a-c

Câu 15

Hi Clara,

a. It was interesting to start reading it.

b. I also appreciate the list of online resources on gender equality — they seem more useful than the ones I've seen before.

c. It's really inspiring to read about how women are making a difference, but right now I'm focusing on my work, so I'll read it later.

d. I was thinking it would be great if we could go through these resources together sometime. What do you think?

e. Thanks so much for sending me the book on feminism last week.

Looking forward to your reply.

Lucas

A. d-b-a-c-e **B.** e-c-a-b-d **C.** a-d-b-c-e **D.** a-c-d-b-e

Câu 16

a. While presentations and meetings are important, I enjoy seeing the positive impact of our programs on employees.

b. For the past year, I have worked with companies to help them improve gender balance in the workplace.

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c. I'm very satisfied with my job, as it allows me to combine my expertise with my commitment to gender equality.

d. My passion for gender equality inspired me to become a consultant in diversity and inclusion.

e. Working remotely gives me the opportunity to connect with global clients while maintaining a flexible schedule.

(Adapted from *Bright*)

A. d-b-e-a-c **B.** a-b-c-d-e **C.** b-c-d-a-e **D.** c-a-d-b-e

Câu 17

a. As a result, more women are pursuing careers in fields like engineering, where they were once underrepresented.

b. However, despite these efforts, women still face barriers when it comes to promotion opportunities in some industries.

c. Over the past decade, gender equality has gained more attention in policy-making.

d. Many governments are now implementing laws that require businesses to ensure equal pay for men and women.

e. These policies have led to a more balanced workforce and helped raise awareness about women's rights.

A. c-a-e-b-d **B.** d-c-a-b-e **C.** d-e-a-b-c **D.** c-d-e-a-b

Read the following passage about gender equality and mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the option that best fits each of the numbered blanks from 18 to 22.

Gender equality has been a key issue for many years, and significant progress has been made in recent decades. (18) _____ and are actively participating in sectors such as politics, education, and business. However, challenges still remain, particularly in terms of equal pay and representation in leadership roles. (19) _____, the gender pay gap persists, and women are still underrepresented in top management roles. Women (20) _____, regardless of their gender. Achieving this requires not only changes in laws but also a shift in societal attitudes towards gender roles. Many organizations are working tirelessly to close the gender gap, (21) _____, advocating for policy changes, and providing women with the resources to succeed in their careers. Fighting for gender equality is crucial, as it empowers women and (22) _____. In the future, it is hoped that gender equality will be achieved globally, and women will no longer face barriers limiting their potential.

(Adapted from the New York Times)

Câu 18:

A. Women now have more opportunities than ever before

B. Women with more opportunities than ever before now have

C. Women now having more opportunities than ever before

D. Women have more opportunities now than before ever.

Câu 19:

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A. Because many women holding high-ranking positions

B. Since many women hold high-ranking positions

C. Consequence many women hold high-ranking positions

D. Although many women hold high-ranking positions

Câu 20:

A. must be given equally opportunities to succeed

B. can be given equality opportunities to succeed

C. should be given equal opportunities to succeed

D. might be given equal opportunities to succeeding

Câu 21:

A. in which included offering mentorship programs

B. which includes offering mentorship programs

C. whose have included offering mentorship programs

D. what include offering mentorship programs

Câu 22:

A. takes society by unlocking the full potentially of its people

B. brings society by unlocking the fully potential of its people

C. controls society by unlocking the full potential of it's people

D. benefits society by unlocking the full potential of its people

Read the following passage about Gender Equality in Vietnam and mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the best answer to each of the following questions from 23 to 30.

Vietnam has made significant strides in promoting gender equality in recent years. Women in Vietnam now have access to better education and employment opportunities than ever before. The government has implemented policies to reduce gender discrimination in the workplace and increase female participation in leadership roles. However, challenges still exist. In many rural areas, traditional gender roles remain strong, and women continue to face **barriers** in areas such as land ownership and access to healthcare.

One of the key issues in Vietnam is the gender pay gap. Women, on average, earn less than men for doing the same work. While there have been improvements in the legal **framework**, the gap persists in many industries, especially in the private sector. The government has introduced measures to address this issue, but progress is slow.

In the political sphere, Vietnam has seen an increase in female representation. **Women now make up a significant portion of the National Assembly**, and there is growing awareness of the importance of

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gender-balanced decision-making. Nevertheless, women are still underrepresented in **their** high-ranking political positions.

To promote gender equality further, many NGOs and international organizations are working with local communities to challenge traditional gender norms and promote women's rights. Technology is also playing an increasing role in raising awareness and empowering women. Through digital platforms, women are connecting, sharing experiences, and advocating for change.

(Adapted from vietnamesenews)

Câu 23. Which of the following is NOT mentioned as an area where gender equality is being promoted in Vietnam?

A. Education B. Employment opportunities

C. Political representation D. Sports

Câu 24. The word "**barriers**" in paragraph 1 is OPPOSITE in meaning to

A. Support B. Obstacles C. Restrictions D. Opportunities

Câu 25. The word "**their**" in paragraph 2 refers to

A. Women B. Policies C. The government D. Measures

Câu 26. The word "**framework**" in paragraph 2 could be best replaced by

A. Structure B. Barrier C. Law D. System

Câu 27. Which of the following best paraphrases the underlined sentence "**Women now make up a significant portion of the National Assembly**" in paragraph 3?

A. There are more women in the National Assembly now.

B. The number of women in politics has decreased.

C. Women have less representation in the National Assembly.

D. The National Assembly is dominated by men.

Câu 28. Which of the following is TRUE according to the passage?

A. The gender pay gap in Vietnam no longer exists.

B. Women are now more likely to hold high-ranking political positions than men.

C. The government is addressing gender inequality with legal measures.

D. Women are equally represented in the National Assembly.

Câu 29. In which paragraph does the writer discuss a specific issue woman face in rural areas?

A. Paragraph 1 B. Paragraph 2 C. Paragraph 3 D. Paragraph 4

Câu 30. In which paragraph does the writer explore the role of modern technology in promoting gender equality?

A. Paragraph 1 B. Paragraph 2 C. Paragraph 3 D. Paragraph 4

Read the following passage about Gender Equality in Vietnam and mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the best answer to each of the following questions from 31 to 40.

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[I] Gender equality in Vietnam has **made significant strides** over the past few decades, especially in urban areas. [II] The government has implemented policies aimed at closing the gender gap in education, health, and employment. [III] However, many challenges remain, particularly in rural areas where traditional gender roles are more deeply ingrained. [IV] Despite improvements, women in Vietnam continue to face discrimination in the workplace, unequal access to leadership positions, and limitations in their economic opportunities.

The primary drivers of gender inequality in Vietnam include cultural norms and economic barriers. Women are often expected to take on the majority of household duties, limiting their time and energy to pursue careers. In rural areas, these traditional expectations are even more pronounced, with many women **relegated** to agricultural labor or domestic work. On the other hand, urban areas offer better opportunities for women in terms of education and employment, though the gender pay gap remains substantial.

Efforts to promote gender equality in Vietnam must address both societal attitudes and structural barriers. For instance, the government needs to strengthen laws ensuring equal pay for equal work and improve access to affordable childcare, particularly in rural regions. Moreover, there is a growing need to **empower** women through leadership training programs and increase their representation in political and economic decision-making.

Ultimately, **gender equality is not only a matter of fairness but also of national development**. Ensuring that women have equal opportunities to contribute to society benefits the economy and fosters a more just and prosperous nation.

(Adapted from vietnamese news)

Câu 31. Where in paragraph 1 does the following sentence best fit?

"Efforts to promote gender equality in Vietnam have been underway for years, but significant challenges persist."

A. [I] B. [II] C. [III] D. [IV]

Câu 32. The phrase "**make significant strides**" in paragraph 1 could best be replaced by ____.

A. face challenges B. achieve considerable progress

C. encounter difficulties D. maintain status quo

Câu 33. The word "**relegated**" in paragraph 3 refers to ____

A. promoted B. limited C. trained D. empowered

Câu 34. According to paragraph 2, which of the following is NOT a barrier to gender equality?

A. Cultural norms and traditional gender roles B. Unequal access to education for women

C. Economic limitations on women's careers D. Gender pay gap in urban areas

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Câu 35. Which of the following best summarises paragraph 3?

A. Structural barriers must be tackled to ensure equal opportunities for women in the workplace.

B. The government's policies on gender equality should focus only on rural women.

C. Gender equality in Vietnam requires more women in leadership positions and equal pay.

D. Women's empowerment is less important than improving the economy in Vietnam.

Câu 36. The word "**empower**" in paragraph 3 is OPPOSITE in meaning to ____

A. limit B. support C. strengthen D. encourage

Câu 37. Which of the following is TRUE according to the passage?

A. The government has fully succeeded in eliminating gender inequality in Vietnam.

B. There is no significant difference in gender equality between rural and urban areas in Vietnam.

C. Women in Vietnam still face challenges in leadership and economic opportunities.

D. Gender equality policies have been more effective in rural areas than in urban areas.

Câu 38. Which of the following best paraphrases the underlined sentence "**Gender equality is not only a matter of fairness but also of national development**" in paragraph 4?

A. Gender equality contributes to social justice and the growth of the nation.

B. Fairness and economic growth are irrelevant to the issue of gender equality.

C. Gender equality hinders the development of a prosperous nation.

D. National growth can occur without ensuring fairness for all genders.

Câu 39. Which of the following can be inferred from the passage?

A. Vietnam has fully closed the gender gap in all aspects of society.

B. There are significant differences in gender equality between urban and rural regions.

C. Women's roles in agriculture are less important than their roles in the economy.

D. Gender equality in Vietnam is solely dependent on government policies.

Câu 40. Which of the following best summarises the passage?

A. While gender equality in Vietnam has improved, it remains a complex challenge, especially in rural areas, requiring further action to address societal and economic barriers.

B. Gender equality in Vietnam is an issue that primarily affects urban areas and has limited importance in rural regions.

C. Vietnam's progress in gender equality has led to full economic and social inclusion of women, particularly in urban areas.

D. The gender gap in Vietnam can only be closed by addressing the legal and economic status of women in urban regions.

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