

REVISION FOR THE 2ND MID TERM TEST

A. REVISION CONTENT: From Unit 7 to Unit 9

I. Phonetics:

1. Sounds:

- /e/ and /ei/
- /t/, /d/ and /id/
- /əʊ/ and /aʊ/

2. Stress: Word stress (two syllables)

II. Vocabulary: Use the lexical items related to

- Traffic
- Films
- Festivals around the world

III. Grammar:

- It to indicate distance
- used to
- Connectors: although, despite/ in spite of, however, nevertheless
- H/Wh questions
- Adverbial phrases

IV. Skills

1. Reading: Read for general and specific information about 3 topics: Traffic, Films and Festival around the world.

2. Listening: Listen for general and specific information about 3 topics: Traffic, Films and Festival around the world.

B. PRACTICE:

I. PHONETICS

Ex 1. Find the word which has a different sound in the underlined part in each line.

1. brainstorm sailing railway captain ___
2. plane safety traffic station ___
3. vehicle mention enter helicopter ___
4. hey honey obey grey ___
5. healthy bread seatbelt ahead ___

Ex 2. Put the words in the correct column according to the pronunciation of the ending –ed.

washed looked stopped needed wanted decided
volunteered played watched raised appeared laughed
moved fascinated starred convinced shocked interested picked clicked promised delivered
developed included liked loved jumped received annoyed embarrassed crowded
excited divided stayed

/t/	/d/	/id/
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Ex 3. Choose the word which has a different stress pattern from the others. Say them aloud.

1. silent noisy pretty polite —
2. station season police sandal —
3. agree hungry enter visit —
4. fasten describe listen hover —
5. degree student funny widen —

II. VOCABULARY AND GRAMMAR

Ex 4. Find the word which does not belong to each group

1. A. joyful B. funny C. prefer d. happy
2. A. party B. elephant C. camp d. desert
3. A. festival B. local C. traditional d. cultural
4. A. harvest B. rice god C. feast d. dance
5. A. artist B. dancer C. celebration d. performer

Ex 5. Choose the best answer

1. _____ does it take to go from Ha Noi to Ho Chi Minh City by plane?
A. How far B. How much C. How long D. How many
2. There _____ a bus station in the city centre, but it has been moved to the suburbs.
A. used to be B. used to had C. use to have D. were
3. I _____ marbles when I was young, but now I didn't.
A. play B. used to play C. have played D. didn't use to play
4. We should wait for the traffic lights _____ before we cross the street.
A. turn green B. to turn green C. turn yellow D. to turn yellow
5. All of us have to obey _____ strictly.
A. traffic rules B. traffic C. traffic jam D. regular
6. Cyclists and motorists have to wear a _____ when they ride a motorbike.
A. hard hat B. cap C. mask D. helmet
7. He forgot to give a _____ before he turned left and got a ticket.
A. signal B. sign C. light D. hand
8. A lot of cultural and _____ activities are held as part of the Flower Festival in Da Lat.
A. arts B. artist C. artistic D. art
9. Diwali, the Hindu Festival of Light, is the _____ holiday of the year in India.
A. more important B. most important
C. importance D. most importance
10. It is _____ to see elephants racing in the Elephant Race Festival in Dak Lak.
A. amaze B. amazing C. amazed D. amazement
11. People put pumpkin _____ outside the homes during Halloween.
A. lanterns B. lights C. neon signs D. bulbs

12. The Samba Parade in Rio Carnival has thousands of samba _____ from various samba schools.
 A. perform B. performance C. performer D. performers
13. People in Cannes take the Cannes Film Festival _____ a very serious way.
 A. in B. at C. on D. with
14. The festival _____ every year at the end of August.
 A. takes B. takes place C. occur D. held
15. La Tomatina _____ on the last Wednesday of August every year.
 A. hold B. held C. is held D. be held
16. A lot of dancers go to Rio de Janeiro to _____ the Rio Carnival.
 A. play B. take C. attend D. follow
17. In La Tomatina, people get to throw tomatoes at _____.
 A. themselves B. once C. together D. each other
18. Which do you think are _____ festivals?
 A. season B. harvester C. artistic D. music
19. A _____ is a film that shows real life events or stories.
 A. action B. documentary C. thriller D. comedy
20. I found the book so _____ that I couldn't put it down.
 A. gripping B. boring C. tiring D. shocking
21. A _____ is a film that tries to make audiences laugh.
 A. horror B. sci-fi C. comedy D. documentary
22. The end of the film was so _____ that many people cried.
 A. shocking B. moving C. exciting D. boring
23. Mr. Bean's Holiday is a _____ film – I was laughing from beginning to end.
 A. hilarious B. violent C. scary D. moving
24. _____ they spent a lot of money on the film, it wasn't a big success.
 A. However B. Nevertheless C. When D. Although
25. Last night, I didn't go to bed early _____ being very tired.
 A. despite of B. in spite of C. although D. because of
26. Not many people went to see the film; _____, it received good reviews from critics.
 A. however B. despite C. but D. although

III. SYNONYM AND ANTONYM

Ex 6. Mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word or phrase that is CLOSEST in meaning to the underlined part in each of the following questions.

1. We were stuck in a traffic jam on the freeway for two hours.
 A. traffic congestion B. traffic rules C. situation D. highway
2. The end of the film was so moving that many people cried.
 A. scary B. shocking C. exciting D. touching
3. I'll take the new job whose salary is fantastic.
 A. reasonable B. acceptable C. pretty high D. wonderful
4. The festival is held once a year at the end of August.
 A. weekly B. monthly C. annually D. every day

Ex 7. Mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word or phrase that is OPPOSITE in meaning to the underlined part in each of the following questions.

1. Signs with red circles are mostly prohibitive – that means you can't do something.
A. banned B. allowed C. warning D. informative
2. I found the plot of the film exciting.
A. moving B. hilarious C. boring D. gripping
3. Although he spent much money on the film, it wasn't a big success.
A. failure B. victory C. false D. advance
4. The movie is so gripping that we cannot stop watching it.
A. boring B. exciting C. moving D. frightening

IV. COMMUNICATION

Ex 8. Choose the best answers.

1. "Would you like me to turn off your computer?"
- "_____. Thanks."
A. Don't do it. B. Yes, please. C. Don't do. D. Of course.
2. "Do you like seeing a film?"
- "_____."
A. Who is in this film?
B. I'm sorry. I can't.
C. Sure. What film shall we see?
D. No, I don't like it at all.
3. "How about seeing a film?"
- "_____."
A. Good idea. What shall we see?
B. It is nice of you to say so.
C. You're kidding.
D. I don't think so.
4. How far is it from house to here?
A. About 10 minutes.
B. It's about 2 kilometers.
C. I walk to my house.
D. My house 2 kilometers.

V. FINDING ERROR

Ex 9. Find the mistake in each of the following sentences.

1. You should to obey the rules in the cinema by turning off your mobile phone.
A. B. C. D.
2. Her teaching method is amazed. All the students like it.
A B C D
3. When my baby sister is younger, she didn't use to eat pizza.
A B C D

VI. READING

Ex 10. Fill a word in each blank in the following passage:

ADVANTAGES OF FESTIVALS

Around the world, there are a lot of festivals. People love festivals (1) _____ of the advantages they bring about. First of all, festivals are (2) _____ for the community. They create an opportunity for the people to take part in the festival (3) _____. Also, festivals help people cooperate with one another when they organise the activities together. They can also (4) _____ more about and appreciate their cultural values. Second, families can benefit from festivals. These are the opportunities for family (5) _____ to gather, prepare for the festival and (6) _____ some fun. For example, before Tet, the whole family (7) _____ their house, go to the flower market, make Chung cake, etc. During Tet, they enjoy the meals (8) _____ and visit their relatives.

Ex 11. Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions.

The volume of traffic in many cities in the world today continues to **expand**. This caused many problems, including serious air pollution, lengthy delays, and the greater risk of accidents. Clearly, something must be done, but it is difficult to persuade people to change habits and leaves their cars at home.

One possible approach is to make it more expensive for people to use their cars by increasing charges for parking and bringing in tougher fines for anyone who breaks the law. In addition, drivers could be required to pay for using particular routes at different times of the day. This system, known as road pricing has already been introduced in a number of cities, using a special electronic card fixed to the windscreen of the car. Of course, the most important thing is to provide good public transport. However, to get people to **give up** the comfort of their cars, public transport must be felt to be reliable, convenient and comfortable, with fares kept at an acceptable level.

Glossary: persuade (v.) (~ sb to do sth): thuyết phục (ai làm gì)

tough (adj.) = difficult; strict: khó; nghiêm khắc

a tough fine: phạt tiền thật nặng reliable (adj.): đáng tin cậy

38. The word **expand** in paragraph 1 is closest in meaning to _____.

A. decrease B. increase C. reduce D. develop

39. Which of the following is NOT mentioned as a problem caused by more traffic?

A. serious air pollution B. greater risks of accidents
C. people's habits D. very long delays

40. The most important thing to encourage people to use public transport is _____.

A. high parking fees B. good public transport
C. road using fees D. high charges for public transport

41. The verb **give up** is closest in meaning to _____.

A. continue using B. encourage C. get bored with D. stop using

42. We can learn from the text that _____.

A. it is easy for people to change their habits
B. many people will not drive expensive cars
C. more people will use public transport if it is cheap, reliable and comfortable
D. pollution and lengthy delays cause people to leave their cars at home

Ex 12. Read the text and choose the correct answer for each blank

Titanic is a romantic film, which was (1) by James Cameron. However, it's also about a disaster. It (2) Leonardo DiCaprio and Kate Winslet. The film is about the sinking of the ship Titanic on its first voyage. The main (3) are Jack Dawson and Rose DeWitt Bukater. Jack saves Rose from killing herself during the journey on board the ship.

(4) they are from different social classes, and Rose is already engaged, they fall in love. The film has a sad (5): the Titanic sinks and more than a thousand people die in the disaster, including Jack. (6) say it is a must-see. I agree, because the story is moving and the acting is excellent. The (7) effects, visuals, and music are also incredible. Titanic is a very sad film. Nevertheless, many people really love it. Go and see it if you can.

- | | | | |
|----------------------------|--------------|-----------------|----|
| 1. A. direction
direct | B. directed | C. directing | D. |
| 2. A. stars
introduces | B. plays | C. creates | D. |
| 3. A. people
humans | B. actors | C. characters | D. |
| 4. A. because
therefore | B. although | C. nevertheless | D. |
| 5. A. end
starting | B. start | C. ending | D. |
| 6. A. critics
criticize | B. criticism | C. critical | D. |
| 7. A. unique
special | B. important | C. great | D. |

F. WRITING

Ex 13. Mark the letter A, B, C or D on the answer sheet to indicate the sentence that is closest in meaning to each of the following questions.

- Many people came to enjoy the program in spite of the expensive entrance tickets.
 - Many people came to enjoy the program despite the entrance tickets were expensive.
 - Many people came to enjoy the program although the entrance tickets were expensive.
 - Many people came to enjoy the program although the expensive entrance tickets.
 - Many people came to enjoy the program because the entrance tickets were expensive.
- Although it is not a rush hour, there is a lot of traffic now.
 - It is not a rush hour. However, there is a lot of traffic now.
 - It is not a rush hour because there is a lot of traffic now.
 - It is not a rush hour, so there is a lot of traffic now.
 - In spite of it is not a rush hour, there is a lot of traffic now.
- I thought that the film would be boring, but in fact it was really good.
 - I thought that the film would be boring despite it was really good.
 - I thought that the film would be boring because it was really good.
 - I thought that the film would be boring, so it was really good.
 - I thought that the film would be boring. Nevertheless, it was really good.
- Watching this horror film made us feel terrified.
 - It was terrifying for us to watching this horror film.
 - It was terrified for us to watch this horror film.
 - It was terrifying (for us) to watch this horror film.
 - It was terrifying watch this horror film.
- Flying from Vietnam to Australia was so tiring to us.
 - We were so tired to fly from Vietnam to Australia.
 - We were so tiring to fly from Vietnam to Australia.

- C. We were so tired to flying from Vietnam to Australia.
D. We were so tired fly from Vietnam to Australia.

Ex 14. Rewrite the sentences, using the words in the brackets. Change other words in the sentence if necessary.

1. I couldn't sleep. I was tired. **(in spite of)**
.....
2. They have little money. They are happy. **(despite)**
.....
3. My foot was hurt. I managed to walk to the nearest village. **(although)**
.....
4. We planned to visit Petronas in the afternoon. We could not afford the fee. **(however)**
.....
5. They restored many old houses in Hoi An in 2008.
.....
6. I do all my homework on my computer.
.....
7. People speak English all around the world.
.....
8. Did you often go to the beach when you lived in Nha Trang?
.....
9. Mr. Nam often went to work by motorbike, but now he goes to work by bus.
.....
10. There were traffic jams in this street during rush hours, but now the street becomes wider.
.....