

## Present Simple – Third Person (He / She / It)

### Positive Sentences (Affirmative)

We use **he, she, it** for one person or thing. In the third person, we usually **add -S** to the verb.

Subject	Verb	Example
He	works	He works every day.
She	plays	She plays soccer.
It	eats	It eats fish.

### Negative Sentences

Structure: **He / She / It + does not (doesn't) + base verb.**

*In this structure we don't add S to the verb.*

#### Examples:

- He doesn't work on Sundays.
- She doesn't like coffee.

### Questions

Structure: **Does + he / she / it + base verb?**

*In this structure we don't add S to the verb.*

#### Examples:

- Does he play soccer? • Yes, he does. / No, he doesn't.
- Does she like pizza? • Yes, she does. / No, she doesn't.
- Does it work? • Yes, it does. / No, it doesn't.

## SPELLING RULES

### - Present Tense 3<sup>rd</sup> Person

**Normally in the present tense we add S to the end of the verb in the 3<sup>rd</sup> person (he, she, it).**

Verb	3rd Person
Speak	Speaks
Play	Plays
Give	Gives

**Examples:**  
He **speaks** three languages.  
She **drinks** coffee every morning.  
My dog **hates** my cat.

**If the verb ends in SS, X, CH, SH or the letter O, we add + ES in the 3<sup>rd</sup> person.**

Verb	3rd Person
Kiss	Kisses
Fix	Fixes
Watch	Watches

**Examples:**  
A mechanic **fixes** cars.  
She **watches** soap operas.  
He **kisses** his wife.

**If the verb ends in a Consonant + Y, we remove the Y and + IES in the 3<sup>rd</sup> person.**

Verb	3rd Person
Carry	Carries
Hurry	Hurries
Study	Studies

**Examples:**  
Isabel **studies** every night.  
The baby **cries** all the time.  
He **denies** all responsibility.

### Exercise 1: Add -s or -es

1. She \_\_\_\_\_ (play) the piano.
2. He \_\_\_\_\_ (watch) TV at night.
3. It \_\_\_\_\_ (go) fast.
4. She \_\_\_\_\_ (study) English.
5. He \_\_\_\_\_ (wash) his car.

### Exercise 2: Choose the correct option

1. She (likes / likes) chocolate.
2. He (eats / eates) breakfast at 7:00.
3. It (runes / runs) very fast.
4. She (don't / doesn't) like milk.
5. He (don't works/ doesn't work) on Sunday.

### Exercise 3: Make the sentence negative

**Example:** She plays tennis. → She doesn't play tennis.

1. He works on Saturdays. → \_\_\_\_\_
2. She likes pizza. → \_\_\_\_\_
3. It rains a lot. → \_\_\_\_\_
4. He drives fast. → \_\_\_\_\_

### Exercise 4: Make questions

**Example:** She plays soccer. → Does she play soccer?

1. He likes coffee. → \_\_\_\_\_
2. She works here. → \_\_\_\_\_
3. It eats fish. → \_\_\_\_\_
4. He studies English. → \_\_\_\_\_