

MOCK EXAM

A. Read the text and choose TRUE or FALSE.

The Rise of Urban Farming

In many large cities around the world, a new trend is changing the way people think about food. Urban farming, the practice of growing vegetables and raising small animals in city environments, is becoming increasingly popular. Many people are now transforming their rooftops, balconies, and even abandoned parking lots into lush green spaces. They believe that producing food locally is much more sustainable than transporting it from far-away rural farms, which often requires a lot of fuel and creates pollution.

Currently, a community in London is working on one of the most ambitious urban farming projects in Europe. They are using an old underground tunnel to grow salad greens and herbs. Because the temperature inside the tunnel stays constant throughout the year, they can grow crops even in the middle of winter. The project leaders say that while traditional farming depends heavily on the weather, their "underground farm" is much more predictable. While they were setting up the systems last year, they discovered that using LED lights allowed the plants to grow 20% faster than under natural sunlight.

Experts predict that urban farming will play a crucial role in the future of food security. As the world's population grows, we will need more efficient ways to feed everyone. If cities become self-sufficient in food production, they will be more resilient to global supply chain issues. Although it hasn't replaced traditional agriculture yet, urban farming has already changed the lives of thousands of city dwellers. If you visit a community garden today, you will see people of all ages working together, sharing tips, and enjoying the freshest vegetables they have ever tasted.

1. Urban farming involves growing food only in rural areas. _____
2. Transporting food from far away is considered better for the environment. _____
3. A project in London is currently growing vegetables underground. _____
4. The underground farm cannot produce food during the winter. _____
5. LED lights were found to be less effective than natural sunlight. _____
6. The text suggests that urban farming helps build community spirit. _____

B. Answer in complete sentences:

1. Why do people prefer locally produced food over transported food?

2. What kind of spaces are being transformed into urban farms?

3. What were the project leaders doing when they discovered the benefits of LED lights?

4. How does the underground farm compare to traditional farming regarding the weather?

5. What will happen if cities become self-sufficient in food production?

6. Has urban farming replaced traditional agriculture at this point?

C. Complete the text with the correct form of the verbs in present simple or continuous.

Mark is a freelance graphic designer who (1) _____ (work) from home most of the time. Usually, he (2) _____ (start) his day with a cup of green tea and (3) _____ (check) his emails before 9:00 AM. However, this week is very different. He (4) _____ (stay) at a co-working space downtown because his home internet (5) _____ (not/work) properly. At the moment, he (6) _____ (collaborate) with a team of developers on a new app. They (7) _____ (have) a meeting right now to discuss the user interface. Mark (8) _____ (not/like) noisy environments, but he (9) _____ (understand) that teamwork is essential for this project. Every day, the team (10) _____ (eat) lunch together at a local deli, but today Mark (11) _____ (skip) lunch because he (12) _____ (try) to finish a design before the deadline.

D. Complete the text with the correct form of the verbs in the Past Simple or Continuous.

Last summer, Sarah (1) _____ (decide) to go on a solo hiking trip in the Andes. One afternoon, while she (2) _____ (walk) along a narrow path, the weather suddenly (3) _____ (change). The sun (4) _____ (shine) when she started, but an hour later, dark clouds (5) _____ (cover) the sky. As she (6) _____ (look) for a place to hide, it (7) _____ (begin) to snow heavily. She (8) _____ (not/have) a tent, so she (9) _____ (find) a small cave. While she (10) _____ (wait) for the storm to pass, she (11) _____ (see) a mountain goat nearby. The animal (12) _____ (stand) perfectly still, watching her. Finally, the wind (13) _____ (stop) blowing, and she (14) _____ (return) safely to the base camp.

E. Complete the sentences with the Present Perfect form of the verbs in brackets.

1. I _____ (see) that documentary about climate change three times.
2. We _____ (not/visit) the new museum yet.
3. _____ you _____ (ever/eat) Japanese street food?
4. She _____ (work) for this company for over a decade.
5. My parents _____ (just/arrive) at the airport.
6. He _____ (lose) his passport, so he is very worried.
7. How many books _____ they _____ (write) together?

8. It _____ (not/rain) much this month.
9. I _____ (already/finish) all the exercises on this page.
10. We _____ (know) each other since we were in primary school.

F. Complete the sentences in the Zero or First conditional.

1. If you _____ (mix) blue and yellow, you _____ (get) green.
2. If the flight _____ (be) delayed, I _____ (call) you immediately.
3. Plants _____ (die) if they _____ (not/get) enough water.
4. If you _____ (not/leave) now, you _____ (be) late for the interview.
5. If I _____ (drink) too much coffee, I _____ (not/sleep) well.
6. She _____ (buy) that dress if it _____ (be) on sale.
7. If we _____ (not/protect) the oceans, many species _____ (disappear).
8. If you _____ (touch) a fire, you _____ (get) burned.
9. What _____ you _____ (do) if it _____ (snow) tomorrow?
10. I _____ (lend) you the money if you _____ (promise) to pay me back.

G. Complete the sentences with the comparative or superlative form of the adjectives.

1. This laptop is _____ (expensive) the one I saw yesterday.
2. Tokyo is one of the _____ (crowded) cities in the world.
3. Learning Italian is _____ (easy) learning Chinese.
4. That was the _____ (good) meal I have had in a long time.
5. My brother is _____ (tall) my father.
6. Public transport in this city is _____ (bad) it used to be.
7. This is the _____ (interesting) documentary on the list.
8. Gold is _____ (heavy) silver.
9. Who is the _____ (famous) person in your country?
10. The weather today is _____ (warm) it was last week.

H. Choose the correct option (A or B) to complete the paragraph.

We have a lot of plans for our backyard. First, we (1) _____ plant some fruit trees. I've already bought the seeds, so we (2) _____ start digging this Saturday. My neighbor saw the garden and said, "I think it (3) _____ look beautiful when the trees grow." I'm a bit worried about the dry weather, but I (4) _____ probably install an automatic watering system. Wait! The phone is ringing. I (5) _____ answer it. It might be the gardener; he (6) _____ give me some advice on the soil.

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|------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| 1. A. will / B. are going to | 4. A. will / B. am going to |
| 2. A. will / B. are going to | 5. A. will / B. am going to |
| 3. A. will / B. is going to | 6. A. will / B. is going to |

I. Choose the correct modal verb (A, B, or C).

1. You _____ use your phone during the exam. It's a strict rule.

A. couldn't / B. mustn't / C. don't have to

2. I _____ swim very well when I was five years old.

A. can / B. could / C. should

3. It's cloudy. It _____ rain later this afternoon.

A. must / B. might / C. has to

4. You _____ bring any food to the party; the host is providing everything.

A. mustn't / B. don't have to / C. shouldn't

5. If you feel sick, you _____ see a doctor immediately.

A. should / B. might / C. may

6. _____ I open the window? It's very hot in here.

A. Must / B. Shall / C. Will

7. Drivers _____ stop when the traffic light is red.

A. must / B. should / C. can

8. I _____ find my keys anywhere! Have you seen them?

A. mustn't / B. can't / C. shouldn't

9. You _____ be exhausted after that long flight.

A. must / B. can / C. should

10. We _____ buy some milk; there is none left in the fridge.

A. have to / B. may / C. could

J. Use of English: Choose the correct option (A, B, or C).

1. There _____ many people at the concert last night.

A. was / B. were / C. are

2. She _____ to the gym every morning before work.

A. is going / B. go / C. goes

3. I _____ my homework when the lights went out.

A. did / B. was doing / C. have done

4. This is _____ cake I have ever tasted!

A. the most delicious / B. more delicious / C. deliciouser

5. Have you _____ to Australia?

A. ever been / B. never been / C. yet been

6. If it _____ tonight, we will stay at home.

A. snows / B. will snow / C. snow

7. I _____ help you with those heavy bags.

A. am going to / B. will / C. go to

8. There isn't _____ cheese in the fridge.

A. some / B. many / C. any

9. They _____ in London for five years before they moved to Paris.

A. live / B. lived / C. are living

10. You _____ be late for the meeting; it's very important.

A. shouldn't / B. don't have to / C. might not