

Tên:

Lớp: S7...

Ngày giao bài: Thứ, ngày/.....

Ngày nộp bài: Thứ, ngày/.....



Từ vựng & Ngữ pháp HW:

Nghe HW:

GLOBAL ENGLISH 7

UNIT 7: SUCCESS – VOCABULARY 1 & PET LISTENING

A. THEORY

I. UNIT 7 VOCABULARY

- Jobs

No.	New words	Meanings	No.	New words	Meanings
1	accountant (n)	kế toán	4	soldier (n)	quân nhân, lính
2	pharmacist (n)	độc sĩ	5	receptionist (n)	lễ tân
3	plumber (n)	thợ sửa ống nước	6	electrician (n)	thợ điện

- Science and Technology

No.	New words	Meanings	No.	New words	Meanings
1	hydroelectric (adj)	thuộc về thủy điện	4	turbine (n)	tua-bin
2	propeller (n)	cánh quạt (máy bay, tàu thuyền,...)	5	generator (n)	máy phát điện
3	prototype (n)	nguyên mẫu, mẫu thử			

- Others

No.	New words	Meanings	No.	New words	Meanings
1	portable (adj)	có thể mang theo, xách tay	4	convert (into) (v)	chuyển đổi thành
2	get involved in (phr.)	tham gia vào	5	disability (n)	sự khuyết tật (thể chất hoặc tinh thần)
3	work your way up (idiom)	thăng tiến dần (từ vị trí thấp)			

II. CAMBRIDGE VOCABULARY

- CLASSWORK

No.	New words	Meanings	No.	New words	Meanings
1	compete (v)	thi đấu, cạnh tranh	4	period (n)	giai đoạn (mang tính thời điểm, chu kỳ)
2	concerned (adj)	quan tâm, lo lắng	5	injured (adj)	bị chấn thương
3	business (n)	công việc kinh doanh			

- HOMEWORK

No.	New words	Meanings	No.	New words	Meanings
1	car-share (v)	đi chung xe	4	research (n)	bài nghiên cứu
2	colleague (n)	đồng nghiệp	5	suitable (adj)	phù hợp
3	generation (n)	thế hệ	6	mild (adj)	nhẹ (vị, mùi)

*Note: *n* = noun: danh từ; *adj* = adjective: tính từ; *v* = verb: động từ; *idiom* = thành ngữ; *phr.* = phrase: cụm từ.

*Con học thuộc nghĩa của từ, chính phát âm theo từ điển và chép mỗi từ **1** dòng vào vở ghi.

III. METHOD

Step 1: Underline Keywords (Gạch chân từ khóa)

Mục tiêu: Giúp não tập trung vào thông tin quan trọng trước khi nghe.

Step 2: Answer Elimination (Loại trừ đáp án)

Mục tiêu: Giúp học sinh loại nhanh đáp án sai, tránh bẫy nghe nhầm, tăng độ chính xác khi làm bài nghe trắc nghiệm.

Cách làm cụ thể

✓ Không nghe để tìm đáp án đúng ngay → Nghe để loại đáp án sai trước.

✓ So sánh từng đáp án với nội dung nghe, không so với câu hỏi.

Các kiểu đáp án sai thường gặp

1 Đáp án được nhắc đến nhưng **KHÔNG** phải lựa chọn cuối

- Thường là ý được nói trước rồi bị phủ định / thay đổi

Ví dụ: "I wanted to take the train, but in the end I drove."

✗ Train → loại ✓ Car → chọn

2 Đáp án đúng thông tin nhưng sai thời điểm

- Nghe kỹ thì / mốc thời gian
- Hay nhầm now / before / later / tomorrow / in the end

✦ Từ khóa cần để ý: *at first, before, in the end, later, changed my mind*

3 Đáp án dùng từ có sự tương đồng nhưng không trùng ý nghĩa hoàn toàn

✦ Ví dụ: *cheap ≠ free; late ≠ miss*

4 Đáp án đúng với người khác, không phải nhân vật chính

- Nghe rõ ai nói / ai làm
- Tránh nhầm *he / she / they*

B. CLASSWORK

1. Pre-listening: Match the words/phrases to make correct collocations.

1. go in for	1-	a. properly
2. train	2-	b. shape
3. push myself	3-	c. too hard
4. get into	4-	d. competitions

2. Listening (6 questions):

Con làm bài nghe theo link/code sau:

<https://soundcloud.com/ms-chi-english/collins-pet-test-2-part-4-0-85>



Part 4



Questions 20–25

For each question, choose the correct answer.

You will hear an interview with a man called Tom Walker, who is a personal trainer.

20 Tom explains that

- A he is injured.
- B he used to compete against other cyclists.
- C he no longer cycles.

21 Tom thinks that

- A people don't train properly.
- B he found it hard to push himself.
- C his injury was a useful experience.

22 What does Tom say about his business?

- A It's difficult to get enough work.
- B He doesn't only train cyclists.
- C There are some people he chooses not to help.

23 What does Tom say about using a gym for training?

- A He prefers to use the gym.
- B The gym can get too warm.
- C People work harder in a gym.

24 Tom says that some customers

- A don't like being watched while they exercise.
- B dislike early morning sessions.
- C have training sessions before they go to work.

25 What does Tom think about the summer period?

- A It is his busiest time.
- B He has to take a holiday.
- C It has advantages and disadvantages.

C. HOMEWORK

VOCABULARY & GRAMMAR (20 questions)

I. Choose the correct answers.

0. A(n) _____ checks financial records and prepares accounts for a company.
 A. plumber B. receptionist C. accountant D. soldier
1. A(n) _____ works in a hospital or a shop and gives people medicine.
 A. electrician B. pharmacist C. accountant D. soldier
2. A _____ is used to produce electricity in a power station.
 A. propeller B. prototype C. generator D. portable
3. This small machine can be carried easily because it is _____.
 A. hydroelectric B. prototype C. portable D. turbine
4. He started as an assistant and slowly _____ in the company.
 A. got involved in B. converted into C. disability D. worked his way up
5. The old factory was _____ a museum for the public.
 A. got involved in B. converted into C. turbine D. generated

II. Match the word/phrase with its definition.

0. portable	0- <u>d</u>	a. the first model of a product that is made to test how it works
1. disability	1-	b. to take part in an activity or event
2. prototype	2-	c. a physical or mental condition that makes it difficult for someone to do some everyday activities
3. electrician	3-	d. easy to carry or move from one place to another
4. get involved in	4-	e. a person who works at the front desk of a building, answering phones and welcoming visitors
5. receptionist	5-	f. a person whose job is to install and repair electrical systems and equipment

III. For each question, choose the correct answer A, B, or C.

Work and Technology

A. Tom

Tom works as an electrician. He installs and repairs electrical systems in homes and offices. He often uses a portable generator when there is no power. Tom started as an assistant, but over the years he worked his way up to become a skilled worker.

B. Sarah

Sarah is a pharmacist who works in a busy city pharmacy. She gives people medicine and explains how to use it safely. She also gets involved in local health projects to support people with a disability.

C. Leo

Leo is an engineer who works with machines. He helps design a prototype of a new energy system using a turbine and a generator. The system is hydroelectric and uses moving water to produce electricity. Some old buildings were later converted into small power stations.

Questions:

0. Who works with electrical systems and power? → A
1. Who gives advice about medicine? → _____
2. Who works on an early model of a machine? → _____
3. Who has slowly improved their position at work? → _____

4. Who takes part in community or social activities? → _____
5. Who works with hydroelectric energy? → _____

IV. Write sentences with your own ideas using the correct COMPARATIVE forms of the adverbs given in the box.

<i>fast</i>	<i>clearly</i>	<i>carefully</i>	<i>early</i>	<i>well</i>	<i>confidently</i>
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0. *My brother finishes his homework faster than I do.*

1. _____.
2. _____.
3. _____.
4. _____.
5. _____.

CAMBRIDGE LISTENING PRACTICE (12 questions)

Lưu ý:

1. Khi làm bài tập có từ mới, các con phải tra từ điển. Sau khi tra từ điển, các con chép mỗi từ mới **1 dòng** để ghi nhớ.
2. Các con gạch chân các từ khoá chính trong bài.

I. PET Part 2

Con làm bài nghe theo link/code sau:

<https://soundcloud.com/ms-chi-english/collins-pet-test-2-part-2-0-1>



Part 2



Questions 8–13

For each question, choose the correct answer.

- 8 You will hear two friends talking about a new café in town.
What does the woman say about it?
 A It has just opened.
 B The choice of food is too simple.
 C She thinks it will be successful.

- 9 You will hear two friends talking about litter.
They both agree
 A there aren't enough street cleaners.
 B people drop litter without thinking.
 C people should tidy up litter in their street.

- 10** You will hear a woman telling a friend about a new car.
What does she say about it?
- A** She has seen one she likes in town.
 - B** A colleague has a similar car.
 - C** She plans to drive to work.
- 11** You will hear two friends talking about a website they use.
They both think
- A** it can be difficult to choose a date or time.
 - B** it's cheaper if you book immediately.
 - C** you get the tickets very quickly.
- 12** You will hear two friends talking about a photography competition.
The man's brother
- A** gets permission before using a photo.
 - B** has strangers asking him to take a photo of them.
 - C** has never deleted a photo.
- 13** You will hear two friends talking about the man's birthday.
What does he say about the morning?
- A** He usually has breakfast in bed.
 - B** His son got up late.
 - C** His son and daughter were laughing and joking.

II. PET Part 4

Con làm bài nghe theo link/code sau:

<https://soundcloud.com/ms-chi-english/collins-pet-test-3-part-4>



Part 4



Questions 20–25

For each question, choose the correct answer.

You will hear an interview with a woman called Maggie Taylor, who is talking about garlic.

20 Maggie explains that

- A** she discovered garlic at university.
- B** you often find garlic in an English kitchen.
- C** people in the older generation don't like garlic.

21 Maggie says that because of learning about garlic

- A** she did a cookery course.
- B** she can now cook meals from other countries.
- C** she has travelled all over the world.

22 What does Maggie say about the health benefits of garlic?

- A** She thinks it can cure the common cold.
- B** It has been used as a medicine for many years.
- C** She has used it to help with a skin condition.

23 Maggie explains that

- A** garlic from the supermarket is OK to grow in an English garden.
- B** you can grow garlic in any climate.
- C** in the past it was harder to buy suitable garlic to grow in an English garden.

24 What does Maggie say about growing garlic?

- A** she wasn't successful the first time she tried.
- B** she has always had great results.
- C** you shouldn't dig it up while it's still green.

25 Maggie explains that

- A** her family like the soup she makes.
- B** her family dislike the smell of garlic.
- C** she doesn't worry what her family think.