

**Objectives:** Listen, read and talk about interests and lifestyles; meet people, ask how they are and say goodbye; write an email; learn about the Present Simple.

**TEFL Exam preparation:** Reading, Writing

## TOPIC TALK

1 Look at the photos (a-c). Find the people's interests and activities in the network.

2 1.26 1.27 Listen to the people in the photos (a-c). Check your guesses from Exercise 1. Add two interests for each person.

Kate: *dancing, cinema*

3 1.28 1.29 Listen again to the first person. Complete the information in the network.



b Ben



### Interests

computer games, computers, dancing, fashion, films, football, music, photography, reading, shopping, sport, swimming, tennis

### Free time activities

buy things/chat with my friends online, do sport, go shopping/swimming/running, go out with my friends, go to the cinema/discos/parties, listen to music, play computer games/football/tennis/basketball, relax at home, use the internet, watch TV/films

### My interests

I like <sup>1</sup> dancing and <sup>2</sup> \_\_\_\_\_.  
In the <sup>3</sup> morning/afternoon/evening,  
I <sup>4</sup> \_\_\_\_\_.  
On Saturday, I <sup>5</sup> \_\_\_\_\_.  
On Sunday, I <sup>6</sup> \_\_\_\_\_.

4 1.30 Pronunciation Listen and write the sentences. Underline the stressed words.

*In the evening, I use the internet.*

### LANGUAGE CHOICE 13: VOCABULARY PRACTICE

5 Work in groups. Use the network to talk about your interests.

18 Interests and free time Complete the sentences with the verbs below.

use go play watch chat go to

- In the evening, I chat with my friends online.
- On Saturday, I \_\_\_\_\_ shopping.
- In the evening, I \_\_\_\_\_ the cinema.
- On Sunday, I \_\_\_\_\_ tennis with my dad.
- In the afternoon, I \_\_\_\_\_ the internet.
- In the evening, I \_\_\_\_\_ TV.

### LANGUAGE CHOICE

c Mandy



## THE SUPER-RICH

## Warm Up

1 Look at the photos (a-b). Use the adjectives below to describe the people.

- rich
- interesting
- happy
- busy
- friendly
- hard-working

2 Read about two super-rich teenagers. Which lifestyle is interesting for you?



1.31

London is the world capital of the super-rich. A lot of billionaires live there. Meet two of London's richest teenagers.

Robert (19) is a history student at University College London. He lives in a small house with four good friends. They like shopping in the local market and they cook their dinners together. Robert always goes to college on his bike. He doesn't use a car. He says, 'My family is rich but my teachers and friends don't know about it. My day starts at 6.30 in the morning. I cycle to college and to work. I work in a bookshop on Fridays and Saturdays and I often play football in the park. My life is very ordinary.'

Lindsay (18) never starts her day before 9 a.m. In the morning, she goes swimming in her private swimming pool and then she usually goes shopping in her Range Rover. She doesn't do housework and she doesn't like studying. In the afternoon, she sometimes plays golf and in the evening, she goes out with her friends. She says, 'My friends come from rich families, too. We don't study or work. We love parties and often go to discos. I don't want to work. My parents work hard and they're always tired.'

## Present Simple

1 Complete the sentences from the text with *go/goes* (affirmative) or *don't/doesn't* (negative). Then complete the rules.

## Affirmative

I **play** football on Fridays.  
You **know** rich teenagers.  
He **lives** in a small house.  
She <sup>1</sup> goes shopping.  
My day **starts** at 6.30 in the morning.  
We <sup>2</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ to discos.  
You **have** fun.  
They **come** from rich families.

## Negative

I **don't** want to work hard.  
You **don't** go to school.  
He <sup>3</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ use a car.  
She **doesn't** like studying.  
Her day **doesn't** start early.  
We <sup>4</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ study  
You **don't** work.  
They **don't** know about it.

2 Read the rule. Match the sentences (a-b) with the uses (1-2). Find more examples of each use in the text.

- a We **love** parties.  
b I **work** in a bookshop on Fridays and Saturdays.

We use the Present Simple to talk about:

- 1 things that happen regularly.
- 2 things that are true in general.

## Affirmative

- The verb has \_\_\_\_\_ at the end with *he/she/it*.

## Negative

- We use \_\_\_\_\_ with *he/she/it*.
- We use \_\_\_\_\_ with *I/you/we/they*.

## Practice

- 9 Complete the sentences with the verbs in the Present Simple.

- Over seventy billionaires live (live) in New York.
- Children of the super-rich \_\_\_\_\_ (go) to private schools.
- Rich people often \_\_\_\_\_ (not like) expensive clothes.
- Bill Gates \_\_\_\_\_ (eat) hamburgers.
- A rich person \_\_\_\_\_ (not understand) a poor person's problems.

### LANGUAGE CHOICE 14

- 9 Complete the text with the verbs in the correct form of the Present Simple.

Francesca <sup>1</sup> comes (come) from a family of billionaires but she <sup>2</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ (not talk) about it very often. Her parents <sup>3</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ (live) in a big house in London. Her father <sup>4</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ (work) in his bank and her mother <sup>5</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ (not work). Francesca <sup>6</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ (go) to a private school. On Saturdays, she often <sup>7</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ (play) tennis. On Sundays, Francesca and her family <sup>8</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ (go out) to have dinner in an expensive restaurant. Francesca and her brothers <sup>9</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ (not like) the restaurant, they <sup>10</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ (like) home-cooked dinners.

- 9 Read the sentences in the Sentence Builder. Put **always** and **never** in the correct places. Then read sentences 1 and 2 and underline the correct word in the rules below.

### Sentence Builder Adverbs of frequency

- 100% Robert \_\_\_\_\_ goes to college on his bike.  
 80% After breakfast, Lindsay **usually** goes shopping.  
 60% Robert **often** plays football in the park.  
 30% In the afternoon, Lindsay **sometimes** plays golf.  
 0% Lindsay \_\_\_\_\_ starts her day before 9 a.m.

- We **often** go to discos.
- They're **always** tired.

- The adverb of frequency goes *before/after* the verb *be*.
- The adverb of frequency goes *before/after* other verbs.

### LANGUAGE CHOICE 15

- 9 Use the adverbs below and the sentences (1-6) to write true sentences about you. Remember the correct position of the adverbs.

always usually often sometimes never

- I do homework at night.  
*I usually do homework at night.*
- I buy things online.
- I watch horror films.
- I play football on Sundays.
- I listen to music in the morning.
- I'm happy on Monday mornings.

## Grammar Alive Talking about habits

- 9 **STEP 1** Listen to the conversation between Josh and Katie and complete the sentences with the correct names.

- Katie plays tennis.
- \_\_\_\_\_ watches tennis.
- \_\_\_\_\_ plays football.
- \_\_\_\_\_ often goes out at weekends.

- 12 Work in pairs. Use the cues to make sentences about Josh and Katie.

A: *Josh often watches football on TV.*  
 B: *Katie never watches TV.*

### Josh

- often / watch football games on TV
- sometimes / go to the cinema
- usually / go shopping at the weekend
- never / do his homework

### Katie

- never / watch TV
- often / go to the disco
- sometimes / go shopping on Saturday
- always / do her homework

- 12 Use the cues to say true things about your life.

*I usually start school at 8 a.m. ...*

- start school at 8 a.m. / do my homework / relax at home
- go shopping on Saturday / do my homework / listen to my parents
- listen to pop music / go running / go to discos

## LANGUAGE CHOICE

### 14 Present Simple Use the cues to make sentences in the Present Simple.

- 1 My friends / not speak Spanish  
My friends don't speak Spanish.
- 2 We / go out at weekends  
\_\_\_\_\_
- 3 Young people / love sport  
\_\_\_\_\_
- 4 My mother / work in a bank  
\_\_\_\_\_
- 5 My sister / not do housework  
\_\_\_\_\_
- 6 I / not live in a big city  
\_\_\_\_\_
- 7 My dog / not like cats  
\_\_\_\_\_
- 8 You / not know me  
\_\_\_\_\_

### 15 Adverbs of frequency Use the cues to make sentences in the Present Simple. Put the adverbs in the correct place.

- 1 I / be happy / always  
I am always happy.
- 2 My friend / study / never  
\_\_\_\_\_
- 3 My brothers / watch football on TV / often  
\_\_\_\_\_
- 4 We / go to parties / sometimes  
\_\_\_\_\_
- 5 My parents / be at home on Saturday / usually  
\_\_\_\_\_
- 6 He / be tired in the evening / never  
\_\_\_\_\_
- 7 I / speak English / often  
\_\_\_\_\_
- 8 My teacher / use the computer / sometimes  
\_\_\_\_\_

## REFERENCE

### Interests and free time (Интересы и занятия в свободное время)

*I like computer games and photography.*

*In the morning, I listen to music and use the internet.*

*In the afternoon, I play football and go running.*

*In the evening, I watch TV and listen to music.*

*On Saturday, I go shopping and go swimming.*

*In the afternoon, I go to the cinema.*

### Present Simple (Время Present Simple)

Мы используем время **Present Simple**, когда говорим:

- о том, что происходит регулярно:

*I start school at 8 a.m.*

*She plays tennis on Saturdays.*

*My friends don't go out very often.*

- о том, что является в целом правдой:

*My grandparents live in Sweden.*

*I don't like sport.*

*My sister knows a lot of interesting people.*

|                                                                                                                                                                                 |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Утверждение</b><br><i>I/You/We/They like sport.</i><br><i>He/She/It likes sport.</i>                                                                                         |
| <b>Отрицание</b><br><i>I/You/We/They don't like sport.</i><br><i>He/She/It doesn't like sport.</i>                                                                              |
| <b>Вопрос</b><br><i>Do I/you/we/they like sport?</i><br><i>Does he/she/it like sport?</i><br><i>How often do you go out?</i><br><i>When does your teacher use the internet?</i> |
| <b>Краткие ответы</b><br><i>Yes, I/you/we/they do.</i><br><i>No, I/you/we/they don't.</i><br><i>Yes, he/she/it does.</i><br><i>No, he/she/it doesn't.</i>                       |

### Adverbs of frequency (Наречия частотности)

Со временем **Present Simple** мы используем наречия **always, usually, often, sometimes, never**:

|        |         |       |           |       |    |
|--------|---------|-------|-----------|-------|----|
| 100%   |         |       |           |       | 0% |
| always | usually | often | sometimes | never |    |

Эти наречия ставятся после глагола **to be** и перед всеми остальными глаголами:

*He is usually nice.*

*He usually goes to bed early.*