

Key Vocabulary

Lightning bolts	to amaze	to frighten	injured
to explode	to protect	a shelter	to attract

1. The loud noise of the bomb made everyone _____.
2. The fireworks may _____ if we are not careful.
3. Many people stayed in a _____ during the storm.
4. The magic show was so amazing that it _____ the audience.
5. After the accident, three people were seriously _____.
6. The bright lights _____ many tourists to the festival.
7. Parents try their best to _____ their children from danger.
8. During the storm, we saw _____ in the dark sky.

Vocabulary Building

1. frighten (v.) / fright (n.) / frightening (adj.) The movie was very _____.
2. protect (v.) / protection (n.) / protective (adj.) Wearing a helmet gives good _____.
3. attract (v.) / attraction (n.) / attractive (adj.) The festival is very _____ to tourists.
4. injure (v.) / injury (n.) / injured (adj.) Three people were seriously _____ in the accident.
5. explode (v.) / explosion (n.) / explosive (adj.) The loud _____ scared everyone.

add the correct punctuation

1. Yesterday I had a lot of homework so I stayed up late to finish it.
2. I was very tired in the morning therefore I could not concentrate in class.
3. The weather was extremely hot Therefore we decided to cancel outdoor activities.
4. The bell rang so the class ended immediately.

Cause (C) or an Effect (E)

Decide if the following statements in each pair are a Cause (C) or an Effect (E).
Then join the two statements using so, therefore, or because.

1. _____
a. The road was very slippery. _____
b. Many cars drove slowly. _____
2. _____
a. I did not set my alarm. _____
b. I woke up late for school. _____
3. _____
a. The computer suddenly shut down. _____
b. The battery was empty. _____

Name _____ M.4/1 _____ No. _____