SAMPLE TEST NO. 11

I. Choose the word, phrase, or sentence that best fits the space in each sentence or best answers the question. (3.5 pts).

1. Which word has the underlined part pronounced differently from that of the others?
   A. <u>h</u>our B. <u>h</u>onest C. <u>h</u>eir D. <u>h</u>ospital
2. Which word has the underlined part pronounced differently from that of the others?
   A. d<u>ea</u>r B. w<u>ea</u>r C. sh<u>are</u> D. comp<u>are</u>
3. Which word has a different stress pattern from that of the others?
   A. police B. office C. advise D. suppose
4. Which word has a different stress pattern from that of the others?
   A. authentic B. decision C. official D. referee
5. **Teacher:** To really remember this lesson, how should you study it?
   Student: I should learn it _____!
   A. by heart B. by brain C. from heart D. from brain
6. **Principal:** Did any of the students you talked to know when school reopens?
   Teacher: None of the students _____ I spoke to had any idea.
   A. who B. whom C. which D. that
7. **News Reporter:** Wow, look at all the people here!
   Camera Operator: Yeah, a large crowd of _____ has gathered to watch the kite festival.
   A. viewers B. spectators C. audiences D. watchers
8. **Mom:** Those shoes are disgusting!
   Child: But I like them!
   Mom: Let's _____ your old pair of shoes. They're too worn out.
   A. throw up B. throw in C. throw away D. throw off
9. **Investigator:** Did you tell anyone about the secret deal?
   Secretary: I deny *ever* _____ been informed of any secret business deal.
   A. had B. to have C. having D. have
10. **Detective:** Why do you think the thief wore gloves?
    Officer: The thief wore gloves _____ leave any fingerprints.
    A. so that B. in order to C. in order to not D. in order not to
11. **Tour Guide:** Dolphins are amazing hunters! How do they find their food?
    Tourist: They use echolocation, which is _____ sonar.
    A. similar to B. as like as C. looks like D. the same
12. **Student:** What's the word for the place where an animal lives? Like, its home in nature?
    Teacher: That's called its _____.
    A. ecology B. habitat C. extinction D. biodiversity
13. Mary had difficulty carrying her parcels upstairs, and her friend Luke offered to help.
    Luke: "Need a hand with your parcels, Mary?"
    Mary: "_____"
    A. Not a chance. B. I don't believe it. C. That's very kind of you. D. Well done!
14. Janet and Phillip are talking about Patrick.
    Janet: "Patrick was born and brought up in New York, so he must know it very well."
    Phillip: "_____ He couldn't even tell me where to buy some souvenirs there."

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A. I can't agree with you more.
B. You must be right.
C. I'm of the opposite opinion.
D. I don't think that's a good idea.

II. Look at the sign or the notice. Choose the best answer for questions 15 and 16. (0.5 pt)

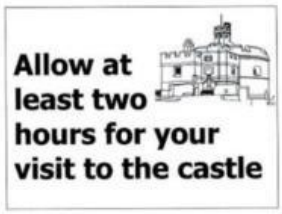
15. What does the sign mean?

A. You have to keep your shoes safe in this area.

B. You are allowed to wear shoes in this area.

C. You should wear shoes in this area because of safety.

D. You have to wear shoes that can provide protection in this area.



16. What does the notice mean?

A. Each tour of the castle lasts less than two hours.

B. Two hours is the minimum time recommended for a visit to the castle.

C. Visitors are only allowed to spend two hours inside the castle.

D. Visitors are only allowed to visit the castle at 2 o'clock.

III. Choose the word that best fits the blank space in the following passage. (1.5 pts)

Moments in space history

On October 4,1957, the Soviet Union sent Sputnik 1 into space and a new age in history began - The Space Age. The Soviets (17) _____ more Sputnik satellites in the fifties and by 1961 they had put the first man into space. Eight years later, an American finally walked on the moon, and during the (18) _____ seventies the US led the Soviet Union in the space race. However, space travel was expensive, and they needed to co-operate more. Nearly two decades later, leaders from both countries said they had agreed (19) _____ plans for a new International Space Station (ISS), and by the turn of the century the ISS had started (20) _____ the Earth. Nowadays, the ISS is used by scientists from all over the world.

At the beginning of the twenty-first century, businessman Dennis Tito told the world he loved space as he spent eight days on the ISS. Since then, space (21) _____ has developed with plans for regular tours and floating hotels. And what about the next half a century? In 2010, the US president Barack Obama told (22) _____ that by the mid-2030s the US would send humans to Mars. The race for Mars has already started.

Adapted From "Life - Pre-Intermediate Student's Book"

17. A. flew	B. gathered	C. launched	D. transmitted
18. A. last	B. early	C. previous	D. recent
19. A. on	B. with	C. at	D. with
20. A. running	B. turning	C. circling	D. orbiting

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21. A. exploration B. research C. science D. tourism

22. A. audiences B. bystanders C. observers D. crowds

IV. Read the following passage. Decide if the statements from 23 to 26 are True or False. Choose the correct answer for questions 27 and 28. (1.5 pts)

A long and healthy life

While in the past scientists have looked at things such as diet and lifestyle for an explanation of long life, these days they are investigating genetics. One such researcher is Eric Topol, who says, 'There must be genes that explain why these individuals are protected from the aging process.'

The new research into long life looks at groups of people who have a genetic connection. For example, one group of interest lives in Ecuador. In one area of the country, there are a number of people with the same genetic condition. It's called Laron syndrome. The condition means that they do not grow to more than about one meter, but it also seems to give them protection against cancer and diabetes. As a result, they live longer than other people in their families. Meanwhile, on the Hawaiian island of Oahu, there's another group of long-lived men, Japanese - Americans. They have a similar gene to the Laron syndrome group.

In Calabria, scientists are trying to work out exactly how much of the longevity is due to genetics and how much to the environment. By checking public records going back to the 19th century, researchers have reconstructed the family trees of 202 nonagenarians and centenarians. They concluded that there were genetic factors involved. And they seemed to benefit the men more than the women - a surprising result because generally in Europe, there are five times more women centenarians than men.

23. Genetics used to be one of the factors for the explanation of long lifespan in ancient times.

_____

24. People with Laron syndrome seem to face lower risks of contracting diabetes than those without.

_____

25. Residents in a certain area of Ecuador have Laron syndrome.

_____

26. According to some research in the 19th century, women lived longer than men.

_____

27. Which following statement is not true?

A. In reality, European females live longer than males.

B. Some Hawaiian people having a long lifespan originated in Japan.

C. Laron syndrome can help people grow exponentially.

D. Genetic factors, lifestyles and eating habits are some factors protecting people from the aging process.

28. According to the passage, what made researchers surprised after checking public records?

A. The number of centenarians and nonagenarians

B. The number of men with long lifespans compared to that of women

C. The number of genetic factors

D. The number of family trees

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V. Use the correct form of the word given in each sentence. (1.5 pts)

29. Police do not think this killing was a random act of _____. **(violent)**

30. It is obvious that there is no _____which can help you gain knowledge without learning. **(invent)**

31. Thanks to diverse cultures, our lifestyles differ, and our tastes _____. **(variety)**

32. The most _____nation on earth is undergoing the most rapid economic growth in human history. **(population)**

33. If all supermarkets used recyclable bags, all _____would be able to help fight pollution. **(consume)**

34. The village is so remote. It is _____located and economically underdeveloped. **(convenient)**

VI. Look at the entry of the word "essential" in a dictionary. Use what you can get from the entry to complete the sentences with two or three words. (0.5 pt)

essential *adjective*

B1 OPAL W OPAL S

/ɪˈsenʃl/

/ɪˈsenʃl/

★ completely necessary; extremely important in a particular situation or for a particular activity

SYNONYM **vital**

- *an **essential part/feature** of something*
- *an **essential element/ingredient/component** of something*
- *The local government is not able to provide **essential services** such as gas, water and electricity.*
- *Vitamins play an **essential role** in many body processes.*
- *The museum is closed while essential repairs are being carried out.*
- *The charity will be taking food and essential supplies to six refugee camps.*

35. Teachers play an _____in helping children learn and grow.

36. Hospitals and fire departments are _____that keep our community safe.

VII. Finish each of the following sentences in such a way that it means almost the same as the sentence printed before it. (1.0 pt)

37. "You damaged my camera," said Hung to his sister.

→ Hung accused

38. You spent 3 hours painting that picture, didn't you?

→ It took

39. It's ages since I last talked to him.

→ I have

40. Nowadays, children would rather play computer games than take part in outdoor activities.

→ Children nowadays prefer

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THE END OF THE TEST

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