

English Revision: Term 2 - Administration

Vocabulary, the hours & comparatives and superlatives adjectives

Vocabulary: The office & giving directions

1. Translate the following words and sentences into Spanish:

Words

1. reception → _____
2. conference room → _____
3. corridor → _____
4. ground floor → _____
5. top floor → _____
6. lift → _____
7. stairs → _____
8. warehouse → _____
9. go straight → _____
10. between → _____
11. opposite → _____
12. turn left → _____



Sentences

13. Go straight and turn right.

→ _____

14. The office is on the ground floor, next to the reception.

→ _____

15. The conference room is opposite the manager's office.

→ _____

16. Go past the cafeteria and turn left at the end of the corridor.

→ _____

17. The restroom is between the stockroom and the warehouse.

→ _____

18. Take the lift to the top floor.

→ _____

19. When you enter the building, the reception is in front of you.

→ _____

20. Go up the stairs and turn right.

→ _____

2. Match the vocabulary with its translation

- | | |
|-------------------|--------------------------|
| 1. behind | a. enfrente de |
| 2. between | b. girar a la derecha |
| 3. opposite | c. detrás de |
| 4. turn right | d. entre |
| 5. in front of | e. al final |
| 6. turn left | f. pasar de largo |
| 7. up | g. girar a la izquierda |
| 8. down | h. a tu izquierda |
| 9. at the end | i. arriba / hacia arriba |
| 10. go past | j. delante de |
| 11. on your left | k. abajo / hacia abajo |
| 12. on your right | l. subir |



3. Choose the correct option to complete each situation.

1. A visitor enters the building for the first time and wants to ask for information about offices and meetings. The first place they need to go to is the _____, where someone can help them and give directions.

- warehouse
- reception
- restroom
- stockroom

2. The meeting is on the third floor and starts in five minutes. The person is in a hurry and does not want to walk up many steps, so it is better to take the _____ instead of the stairs.

- cafeteria
- corridor
- lift
- ground floor

3. You are walking along the corridor and you see the cafeteria on your right. The office you are looking for is not there yet, so you must _____ the cafeteria and continue walking straight.

- go past
- turn left
- enter
- go straight

4. The manager's office and the conference room are facing each other on opposite sides of the corridor. This means the conference room is _____ the manager's office.

- behind
- between
- opposite
- at the end

5. You are giving directions to a new worker in the building. You say: "Go straight along the corridor and then _____ at the corner to arrive at the office."

- enter
- turn left
- go past
- exit

6. The photocopier room is in the middle of two rooms, not at the beginning or at the end of the corridor. It is exactly in the centre, with one room on each side. It is _____ the stockroom and the restroom.

- opposite
- behind
- down
- between

4. Complete each sentence using the correct word or expression from the box.

Words & expressions:

between – lift – on your right – ground floor – corridor – opposite – turn left – reception – stairs – at the end – go straight – restroom – behind – top floor – conference room – on your left – turn right

(Some words can be used more than once.)

A. When you enter the building for the first time, the _____ is just in front of you. This is where visitors ask for information.

B. The meeting is not downstairs. It is on the _____, so you need to go up.

C. If the lift is not working today, you can use the _____ to go to the next floor.

D. Walk along the _____ and look at the offices on both sides until you arrive at the end.

E. The _____ is next to the cafeteria, so you can go there during your break.

F. After you leave the reception, _____ and continue walking until you see the conference room.

G. The conference room is _____ the manager's office. They are facing each other.

H. The photocopier room is _____ the stockroom and the restroom, not at the beginning or at the end.

I. Go down the corridor and you will find the lift _____.

J. When you exit the lift, _____ and the office will be _____.



Grammar: Telling the time

Telling the time

It's ... o'clock

It's five to ...

It's ten to ...

It's (a) quarter to ...

It's twenty to ...

It's twenty-five to ...

It's half past ...

It's five past ...

It's ten past ...

It's (a) quarter past ...

It's twenty past ...

It's twenty-five past ...

2:00 - It's two o'clock.
2:05 - It's five past two.
2:10 - It's ten past two.
2:15 - It's quarter past two.
2:20 - It's twenty past two.
2:25 - It's twenty-five past two.

2:30 - It's half past two.
2:35 - It's twenty-five to three.
2:40 - It's twenty to three.
2:45 - It's quarter to three.
2:50 - It's ten to three.
2:55 - It's five to three.

We use AT + TIME when giving the time of a specific event.
- The class starts at nine o'clock.
- The flight leaves at ten to three.

We use IT IS or IT'S to answer a question that asks for the time right now.
What time is it? - It is half past four.
What's the time? - It's twenty to five.

www.grammar.cl www.woodwardenglish.com www.vocabulary.cl

Exercise 1: Write the time in words.

- 1) 12:10 → _____
- 2) 18:35 → _____
- 3) 07:45 → _____
- 4) 14:20 → _____
- 5) 09:05 → _____
- 6) 21:50 → _____
- 7) 16:15 → _____
- 8) 11:40 → _____
- 9) 13:30 → _____
- 10) 08:55 → _____

Exercise 2: Choose the correct option.

18:35

- twenty-five past six
- half past six
- twenty-five to seven
- twenty to seven

21:50

- ten past nine
- quarter to ten
- ten to ten
- ten to nine

16:15

- half past four
- quarter past four
- four o'clock
- quarter to four

12:10

- twenty past twelve
- ten past twelve
- twelve o'clock
- ten to twelve

14:20

- twenty to two
- twenty past two
- quarter past two
- twenty past four

11:40

- twenty past eleven
- quarter to twelve
- twenty to twelve
- twenty to eleven

07:45

- quarter past seven
- half past seven
- eight o'clock
- quarter to eight

09:05

- five to nine
- nine o'clock
- ten past nine
- five past nine

08:55

- quarter to nine
- five to nine
- five past nine
- ten to nine

Exercise 3: Write the time in numbers.

1. quarter to seven → _____
2. ten past twelve → _____
3. twenty-five past six → _____
4. five to nine → _____
5. half past one → _____
6. quarter past four → _____
7. twenty to eleven → _____
8. ten to ten → _____
9. five past eight → _____
10. quarter to two → _____

Grammar; Comparatives & Superlatives

Comparatives & Superlatives Explained:

COMPARATIVES:

tall → taller
nice → nicer
big → bigger
good → better
bad → worse



SUPERLATIVES:

tall → tallest
nice → nicest
big → biggest
good → best
bad → worst



1. Complete with the comparative form

1. Working in an office is _____ than working in a factory. (quiet)
2. This computer is _____ than the old one we used last year. (fast)
3. Taking the lift is _____ than using the stairs when you are in a hurry. (easy)
4. Mondays are usually _____ than Fridays at work. (stressful)
5. This task is _____ than the one we did yesterday. (simple)
6. Emails are _____ than phone calls for long information. (useful)
7. The new schedule is _____ than the previous one. (good)
8. The warehouse is _____ than the office area. (cold)
9. This exercise is _____ than the last one, but you can do it. (difficult)
10. Working in a team is often _____ than working alone. (effective)

2. Complete with the superlative form:

1. Safety is _____ thing in the factory. (important)
2. This is _____ meeting of the week. (long)

3. Monday is _____ day for emails. (*busy*)
4. This machine is _____ one in the whole factory. (*dangerous*)
5. The reception is _____ place to ask for information. (*good*)
6. This is _____ office in the building. (*quiet*)
7. Wearing protective equipment is _____ rule of all. (*necessary*)
8. Today is _____ day of the month at work. (*cold*)
9. That was _____ task we had to complete. (*easy*)
10. This is _____ building in the company. (*big*)

3. Mixed forms:

4. Choose the correct form of the answer

1. Giovanni's car is **bigger / the biggest than** his friend's car.
2. Who is **shorter than / the shortest** person in your family?
3. Who is **more independent than / the most independent** person you know?
4. These sofas are **more comfortable than / the most comfortable** ours.
5. My brother is **taller than / the tallest** in the class.
6. Is Daniele's dog **older than / the oldest** yours?
7. Who is **the best / better than** singer in the world?
8. We are **younger than / the youngest** the rest of the class.
9. My hair is **the straightest / straighter than** your hair.
10. He is **more popular / the most popular** singer in the world