

Colonial Louisiana

1. Who was known as the "*Father of Louisiana*" ?
 - a. Huey P Long
 - b. Thomas Jefferson
 - c. Jean Baptiste
2. What brought people to Louisiana?
 - a. Rich soil for crops
 - b. Promise of prosperity
 - c. Religious Freedom
3. Who were the first people to enter into Louisiana?
 - a. The French
 - b. The Jews
 - c. The Spaniards
4. What was the original name for the land that is now known as Louisiana?
 - a. Louisiane or Louis Land
 - b. Land of Lumber
 - c. King Louis
5. Why did Iberville establish the settlement on the Gulf coast rather than on the Mississippi River?
 - a. He thought the soil would be better for farming
 - b. He feared that large ships would get stuck coming through the mouth of the river
 - c. He feared losing the land to the British
6. Who were Louisiana's most numerous inhabitants?
 - a. Whites, Indians, and Africans
 - b. Africans, Mexicans, and Spanish
 - c. Mexicans, Asians, and Koreans
7. What nationality made up the largest segment of Louisiana's population?
 - a. Koreans
 - b. Native Americans
 - c. Spanish
8. What European items did the Native Americans acquire through trade and gift-giving?
 - a. Silk, gold, and spices
 - b. Cotton, sugar cane, and gold
 - c. Liquor, cloth, and glass beads
9. What is the item on the right called?
 - a. Closet
 - b. Cabinet
 - c. Armoire
10. Louisiana was a _____ colony with a close relationship between church and state, priests, and politicians.
 - a. Protestant
 - b. Roman Catholic
 - c. Penacostal
11. Early Louisiana's most active churchgoers were _____.
 - a. Mexicans
 - b. Spanish
 - c. African Americans
12. What city became the hub of the new regional trade network?
 - a. New Orleans
 - b. Baton Rouge
 - c. Prairieville

