

Tên:

Từ vựng & Ngữ pháp HW:

Lớp: S4...

Nghe HW:

Ngày giao bài: Thứ ..., ngày/....



Ngày nộp bài: Thứ ..., ngày/....

GE4 - Unit 6: Going Places - Vocabulary 1

A. THEORY

I. VOCABULARY

❖ Getting around

No.	Word	Meaning	No.	Word	Meaning
1	ferry (n)	phà	5	zipwire (n)	dây trượt mạo hiểm
2	tuk-tuk (n)	xe ba bánh chở khách	6	canyon (n)	hẻm núi sâu
3	tram (n)	tàu điện	7	cable (n)	dây cáp
4	hike (v)	đi bộ đường dài	8	harness (n)	đai an toàn

❖ Road safety

No.	Word	Meaning	No.	Word	Meaning
1	lorries (n)	những cái xe tải	4	reverse (v)	lùi xe
2	helmet (n)	mũ bảo hiểm	5	pedestrian crossing (n)	vạch sang đường cho người đi bộ
3	reflective armbands (n)	những cái băng tay phản quang	6	seatbelt (n)	dây an toàn

❖ HOMEWORK: Extra vocabulary for KET – PART 2

No.	Word	Meaning	No.	Word	Meaning
1	rainforest (n)	rừng mưa nhiệt đới	4	school holiday (n)	kỳ nghỉ của học sinh
2	coach (n)	xe khách	5	photograph (n)	bức ảnh
3	guidebook (n)	sách hướng dẫn du lịch	6	information desk (n)	quầy thông tin

*Note: n = noun: danh từ; v = verb: động từ.

*Con học thuộc nghĩa của từ, chính phát âm theo từ điển và chép mỗi từ 1 ĐÓNG vào vở ghi (áp dụng cho phần Vocabulary).

II. STRUCTURE: should/mustn't

- Cách dùng: để nói **nên làm gì** (**should**) hoặc **không được làm gì** (**mustn't**).

- Công thức: **S + should / mustn't + V (bare infinitive)**

- Ví dụ: You **should** wear a helmet.

You **mustn't** run across the road.

*Note: S = Subject: chủ ngữ; V (bare infinitive) = Verb (bare infinitive): động từ nguyên mẫu.

B. HOMEWORK (20 questions)

I. Fill in the missing letters.

0. You should take a **f _ e r r y** to cross the river.



1. People should wear a helmet when they ride a **t k - u k.**



2. You should wait for the **t r m** at the station.



3. You mustn't jump on the **z i w i e** without a harness.



4. You mustn't walk alone in a **c** **n** y **n**. 

5. You should **h** **k e** with an adult in the mountains. 



II. Read the text and choose the correct answers.

Road Safety Tips



Anna: When I travel in my parents' car, I always wear a seatbelt. It keeps me safe if there's a sudden stop or accident. I remind everyone to put their seatbelt on before we start the journey. At school, our teacher told us how important it is to follow this rule every time. My little brother didn't like wearing his seatbelt at first, but now he knows it's for his safety.



Ben: I love riding my bicycle in the park near my house. My parents bought me a helmet, and I never ride without it. Wearing a helmet protects my head in case I fall. My dad also gave me a reflective armband to wear, so drivers can see me even when it gets dark. On weekends, I sometimes ride with my friends, and we all make sure to follow the rules of the road.



Chris: My house is near a busy road where lorries often pass by. When I walk to school, I always use the pedestrian crossing. It's the safest way to cross the road. My mom taught me to look left, right, and left again before crossing. She also told me to never wear headphones while walking near busy roads because it's important to hear the traffic.

Anna	Ben	Chris
------	-----	-------

0. Who always wears a seatbelt in the car?	<input checked="" type="radio"/> A	B	C
1. Who wears a helmet and a reflective armband while cycling?	A	<input checked="" type="radio"/> B	C
2. Who was taught to use a pedestrian crossing by their mom?	A	<input checked="" type="radio"/> B	C
3. Who reminds everyone to put on their seatbelt before a journey?	A	<input checked="" type="radio"/> B	C
4. Who lives near a busy road with lorries passing by?	A	<input checked="" type="radio"/> B	C
5. Who learned about road safety from their teacher at school?	A	<input checked="" type="radio"/> B	C

III. Complete the sentences using SHOULD or MUSTN'T.

0. You should wear a seatbelt when you travel by car.

1. You wear a helmet when you ride a bicycle.

2. You cross the road outside the pedestrian crossing.

3. People walk too close to lorries on a busy road.
4. You wear reflective armbands when it is dark.
5. You hike alone in a deep canyon.

IV. Use the PAST SIMPLE tense of the verbs in brackets.

0. Yesterday, I played (**play**) football with my friends.
1. Last night, she (**be**) very tired after school.
2. We (**not watch**) TV yesterday evening.
3. My parents (**go**) to the supermarket last weekend.
4. He (**not be**) at home yesterday afternoon.
5. Where you (**go**) after school yesterday?

V. CAMBRIDGE LISTENING PRACTICE

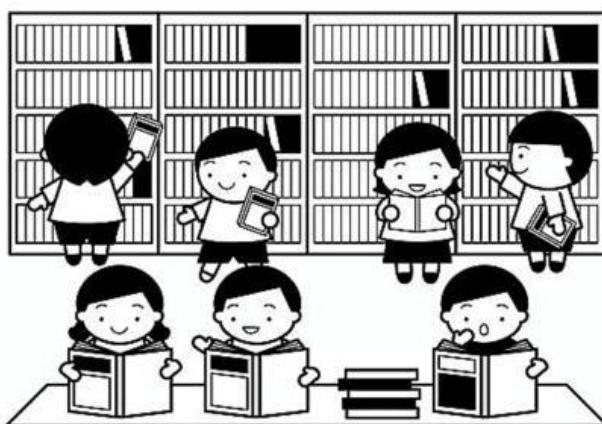
Các con nghe bài ở link hoặc code sau:

https://soundcloud.com/ms-chi-english/s4_w20_homework_flyers-part-2



FLYERS PART 2 - 5 questions

Listen and write.



NEW STREET SCHOOL LIBRARY

Full name: Sarah Tanner

1 Age:

2 Teacher's name: Mrs

3 Favourite books: stories

4 Hobbies: horses

5 How many books:

Các con nghe bài ở link hoặc code sau:

https://soundcloud.com/ms-chi-english/s4_w20_homework_ket-part-2

KET PART 2 - 5 questions

For each question, write the correct answer in the gap.

Write one word or a number or a date or a time.

You will hear a museum guide talking to a group of students.



Museum Visit

Tour of:	<i>Dinosaur exhibition</i>
Coach leaves at:	(6) a.m.
Sale at the information desk:	(7)
Don't take:	(8)
School holidays start on:	(9) 20th
Remember to collect:	(10)