

MÔN TIẾNG ANH LỚP 12
The first end-of-term test 1

Họ, tên:

Lớp:

Read the following advertisement and choose the option that best fits each of the numbered blanks from 1 to 6.

  **CHEONGGYECHEON STREAM**  

Nature's Return to the Heart of Seoul

Need a peaceful break from busy city life? Visit Cheonggyecheon Stream, a beautiful riverside walkway that feels truly like a(n) (1) _____ of fresh air. (2) _____ a crowded road, it is now a cool and relaxing place where nature and city life meet.

 **Why it's special:**

- ✓ Temperatures 3–5.9°C (3) _____ than nearby streets
- ✓ Biodiversity increased (4) _____ 639%, with more birds, fish, and plants
- ✓ 35% cleaner air and safer protection from floods

 **A place for everyone**

Families, students, artists, and travelers enjoy the stream every day. Around 64,000 visitors come to walk, rest, and enjoy cultural events. Foreign visitors also support local businesses, (5) _____ up to 2.1 billion won each year.

 **A success for Seoul**

More shops, higher land value, and increased use of buses and subways show how the project (6) _____ Seoul.

 **Come and discover it!**

Cheonggyecheon Stream — where calm water, cool air, and a greener future wait for you.  

Question 1.

A. stream B. breath C. current D. wind

Question 2.

A. When B. Once C. While D. Until

Question 3.

A. the coolest B. as cool as C. cooler D. the cooler

Question 4.

A. by B. at C. with D. for

Question 5.

A. contributed B. contributing
C. being contributed D. having contributed

Question 6.

A. transformed B. expanded C. installed D. upgraded

Read the following leaflet/notice and choose the option that best fits each of the numbered blanks from 7 to 12.

The Carbon in your Closet

Think before you buy!

Many people do not think about the long journey our clothes take before they arrive in our wardrobes. Making one shirt includes growing cotton, spinning fibres, weaving fabric, colouring, cutting, sewing, packaging, and shipping. All these steps create carbon emissions (7) _____ the environment.

 **A Growing Problem**

In 2020, people in the EU (8) _____ clothes that produced 121 million tonnes of greenhouse gases. Around the world, fashion creates 8–10% of all emissions, and this number is still rising. If things do not change, fashion could create more than 25% of emissions by 2050.

 **Our Shopping Habits**

d. The issue is especially severe during rush hours, typically between 7:30 and 9:00 in the morning and 5:00 and 6:30 in the evening.
e. I believe this is an important community matter that deserves public attention. I request that your newspaper publish an article to raise awareness of this problem.

Thank you for your valuable time and consideration of this urgent matter.

Yours sincerely,

Sarah Lee

A. a - c - e - d - b **B.** d - a - c - e - b
C. d - a - e - c - b **D.** a - c - d - e - b

Question 17. a. When people move to the city, they may stop practicing their ancestral skills like weaving or pottery.

b. This loss of master craftspeople means that the knowledge and techniques are not passed on to younger people.
c. Cities offer factory-made goods that are often cheaper and easier to buy than handmade items.
d. Urbanization often threatens the continuation of traditional arts and crafts in rural areas.
e. This change in demand makes it difficult for artisans to earn a living, so they look for other jobs instead.

A. c - e - d - b - a **B.** e - d - a - c - b
C. a - c - b - e - d **D.** d - a - c - e - b

Read the following passage and choose the option that best fits each of the numbered blanks from 18 to 22.

The global workforce is undergoing rapid change, driven by technological advances, shifting politics, economic uncertainty, and demographic changes. These factors are reshaping (18) _____. The fertilizer industry faces similar challenges. It must attract skilled professionals to drive innovation, digital transformation, and sustainability while ensuring global food security. However, it also offers a unique advantage: a clear sense of purpose. (19) _____, supporting farmers, strengthening food systems, and promoting sustainable agriculture. For many, this connection between science, technology, and human health is very appealing.

The global fertilizer sector is actively trying to recruit talent, (20) _____. In India, companies such as IFFCO, Coromandel International, and Yara are hiring experts like data scientists, agronomists, and engineers to create digital tools that help farmers use nutrients more effectively and boost crop production in an eco-friendly way. In Europe, it is Yara International (21) _____. These examples show that professionals from many areas, like technology, business, and environmental science, are joining the industry.

Modern workers increasingly look for values and positive impact in their jobs. Mercer's Workforce 2.0 study reports that 45% of global candidates prefer employers with a purpose they can respect. For the fertilizer sector, this is a promising moment (22) _____.

Question 18.

A. not only how people work, but also what they expect from their careers
B. people approach work and their expectation from their professional lives
C. that the way people work and what they expect from their professional paths
D. whether the nature of work or the expectations people have for their careers

Question 19.

A. Fertilizer being essential for feeding around half the people in the world
B. While fertilizer helps to feed almost half of the global population
C. About half the world's population who relies on fertilizer for food
D. Fertilizer is crucial in feeding nearly half of the world's population

Question 20.

A. focused on the value of the work and appealing career options
B. with showcasing impactful work and appealing job opportunities
C. emphasize purposeful work and rewarding career options
D. highlighting both meaningful work and attractive career options

Question 21.

A. leading in producing low-emission ammonia instead of bridging sustainable energy and food security

- B.** linking energy transition to food security through commitments to low-carbon ammonia production
- C.** what driving low-carbon ammonia production, combining energy strategies with the imperative of food security
- D.** that leads the efforts in producing low-carbon ammonia, connecting energy transition with food security

Question 22.

- A.** which allows it to present creative careers that encourage sustainability
- B.** what's opportunities for innovative work that supports a sustainable future
- C.** offered roles driven by both innovation and sustainable development
- D.** because it offers innovative careers that support long-term sustainability

Read the following passage and choose the best answer to each of the following questions from 23 to 30.

1. Urban planning experts argue that Hanoi needs clear and effective legal frameworks for managing green spaces. Such regulations are essential for expanding urban greenery, which would improve the quality of life and recreational areas for its residents. Local media reports emphasize the need for better planning to address the current imbalance, where the focus is mainly on housing and office buildings instead of open spaces.
2. To improve the city's green areas, Hanoi's leaders have been making efforts in recent years. Since 2014, the city has ratified proposals to develop parks, gardens, and lakes, with a goal to expand green spaces by 2030 and a vision extending to 2050. Hanoi plans to add 18 new parks in the city center by 2030, increasing the total to 60 parks. Additionally, 42 existing parks and gardens will be renovated to enhance the city's green environment.
3. Since 2016, Hanoi has been constructing large parks, including Thanh Xuan Park, CXCV1, Me Tri amusement parks, and CV1 Cau Giay Park. Residents like Nguyen Thi Hang from the Trung Hoa – Nhan Chinh area enjoy these spaces, especially for outdoor exercise. She thinks adding or restoring lakes in the city would greatly improve the environment.
4. Furthermore, Hanoi authorities have focused on improving the water quality of existing lakes. According to the Hanoi Drainage Company, 140 lakes in both urban and rural areas have been dredged and renovated. These lakes are now considered vital "green lungs" that help regulate the city's air quality.
5. After completing the goal of planting one million trees over two years, Hanoi plans to plant another 600,000 trees by 2025, aiming for further improvement in air quality and urban beauty. Urban expert Nguyen Thi Hien from Health Bridge Vietnam supports this initiative, suggesting that future planning should integrate green spaces, flower gardens, and playgrounds.

Question 23. The word its in paragraph 1 refers to _____.

- A.** housing's
- B.** urban greenery's
- C.** life's
- D.** Hanoi's

Question 24. The word ratified in paragraph 2 is OPPOSITE in meaning to _____.

- A.** opposed
- B.** ignored
- C.** rejected
- D.** denied

Question 25. Which of the following best paraphrases the underlined sentence in paragraph 3?

- A.** From her perspective, the best way to improve the city's environment is to build or restore lakes.
- B.** She sees the addition or restoration of city lakes as a major source of environmental betterment.
- C.** Establishing or upgrading lakes is believed to significantly benefit the urban environment.
- D.** She believes the more lakes are expanded or improved, the healthier the city's environment.

Question 26. The word renovated in paragraph 4 could be best replaced by _____.

- A.** restored
- B.** managed
- C.** preserved
- D.** constructed

Question 27. Which of the following is NOT mentioned as one of Hanoi's actions in managing and improving green spaces in the passage?

- A.** Developing and enhancing urban parks and gardens.
- B.** Planting and increasing citywide tree coverage.
- C.** Promoting community gardening programs citywide.
- D.** Upgrading and cleaning lakes and waterways.

Question 28. Which of the following is TRUE according to the passage?

- A.** The official goal of expanding Hanoi's green spaces extends over several decades.
- B.** The need to dredge lakes in urban areas is much more urgent than in rural regions.

C. Hanoi has made efforts to expand green spaces across both the city center and suburbs.
D. Hanoi's local media stress the need for clear, effective laws to manage green spaces.
Question 29. In which paragraph does the author mention the unreasonable aspects of Hanoi's urban planning?

A. Paragraph 4. **B.** Paragraph 1. **C.** Paragraph 2. **D.** Paragraph 5.

Question 30. In which paragraph does the author mention support for future urban planning and city development?

A. Paragraph 1. **B.** Paragraph 2. **C.** Paragraph 4. **D.** Paragraph 5.

Read the following passage and choose the best answer to each of the following questions from 31 to 40.

1. The Ministry of Science and Technology reports that Vietnam has 74,000 companies in the IT sector, employing over 1.2 million people. **By 2030, it is expected that 3 million IT workers will be needed to support the country's economic growth.** The IT industry is well-paid, and as digital transformation continues in businesses and government agencies, the demand for IT professionals is increasing.

2. Despite the growing demand for IT professionals, there continues to be a significant **discrepancy** between academic training and the practical expertise required on the job. While universities and colleges in Vietnam graduate around 50,000 IT students annually, only approximately 30% meet job requirements immediately. The remaining 70% must undergo additional training to develop the necessary practical skills. **[I]**

3. For years, Vietnam has earned a **reputation** for its abundant and affordable labor force. However, with the rise of the digital age, there is now a demand for skilled, specialized workers. **[II]** Associate Professor Pham Manh Ha from the University of Education, Vietnam National University, Hanoi, noted the gap between the knowledge students gain in university and the practical skills needed in the workforce. He stressed that there is a lack of alignment between training programs and the needs of employers. **[III]**

4. To address the gap in IT skills, many companies have implemented initiatives to develop skilled digital talent. **[IV]** Some IT firms regularly offer career counseling sessions, allowing young people to experience the professional environment and learn about software engineering. These opportunities help students enhance **their** digital skills and gain valuable work experience, benefiting both their personal growth and employers seeking qualified employees.

5. The global IT industry is projected to grow to \$2 trillion by 2028, employing nearly 100 million people. With the fast pace of technological development and the increasing role of digital transformation in society, it is vital for Vietnam to update its IT training system. While Vietnam has great potential in its IT workforce, training must match industry needs to fully unlock this potential.

Question 31. Which of the following best paraphrases the underlined sentence in paragraph 1?

A. 3 million IT workers are projected to be required by 2030 in order to drive the nation's economic development.

B. Vietnam will need 3million IT professionals by 2030 if it wants to successfully support planned economic growth.

C. By 2030, sustaining economic growth will necessitate the employment of 3 million IT talented professionals.

D. It is predicted that 3 million IT professionals will play a key role in Vietnam's economic growth by 2030.

Question 32. The word **discrepancy** in paragraph 2 could be best replaced by _____.

A. limit **B.** impact **C.** role **D.** gap

Question 33. The word **reputation** in paragraph 3 is OPPOSITE in meaning to _____.

A. criticism **B.** blame **C.** dishonor **D.** confusion

Question 34. Why does the author mention Associate Professor Pham Manh Ha in the passage?

A. To demonstrate the inequity in educational opportunities and access to IT jobs.

B. To highlight the mismatch between students' abilities and job market needs.

C. To emphasize the need to adapt the curriculum to the labor market reality.

D. To explain the view on the disconnect between schools and employers' needs.

Question 35. The word **their** in paragraph 4 refers to _____.

A. IT firms' **B.** employers' **C.** students' **D.** IT skills'

Question 36. Which of the following best summarises paragraph 4?

- A.** Companies develop digital talent through hands-on experience and software engineering training sessions.
- B.** Career guidance and hands-on opportunities prepare students for future IT industry demands.
- C.** Practical IT training and mentoring programs assist students in meeting employers' required technical skills.
- D.** Companies bridge the digital skills gap by offering students counseling and valuable work experience.

Question 37. Where in the passage does the following sentence best fit?

This gap highlights the need for innovative training methods to address the shortage of digital talent.

- A. [II]**
- B. [III]**
- C. [I]**
- D. [IV]**

Question 38. Which of the following is TRUE according to the passage?

- A.** Currently, employers are bearing a significant financial burden in providing additional technical skills training.
- B.** Vietnam's currently affordable workforce is insufficient to compete with other countries in the technology era.
- C.** Vietnam's IT sector currently serves as the primary source of jobs and employment opportunities nationwide.
- D.** The current academic curriculum is not effectively aligned with the rapidly changing needs of the IT industry.

Question 39. Which of the following can be inferred from the passage?

- A.** Vietnam's IT workforce potential is currently limited by misguided policies and strategic misdirection.
- B.** The government has to actively support and invest in reforming IT curricula and training methods.
- C.** Instead of seeking skilled labor externally, firms are willing to invest in training their internal talent.
- D.** Although Vietnam has an abundant workforce, most workers lack experience in the IT sector.

Question 40. Which of the following best summarises the passage?

- A.** Despite strong potential and huge IT demand, Vietnam must urgently update its IT training since 70% of graduates lack the practical skills required for industry jobs.
- B.** Companies and universities in Vietnam must collaborate closely to reduce the IT skills gap and equip the workforce for future technological demands.
- C.** Vietnam faces a growing IT skills gap, requiring updated training and practical experience programs to meet rising workforce demand and industry needs by 2030.
- D.** With increasing job demand and a \$2 trillion global IT industry, Vietnam needs innovative training methods to handle the 70% of graduates needing practical expertise.