

Unit 6

Completion

Complete each statement.

PART 1: VOCABULARY

Instructions: Choose the correct word or words to complete each sentence.

attach crops evidence genes peel

share spill training vehicles wrap

1. Would you like to _____ this pizza with me? It's too much for me to eat alone.
2. The detective found the _____ in the bottom of a suitcase at the back of a closet.
3. The bucket was full of hot water, so Carla had to be careful not to _____ it.
4. To make the bookshelf, _____ these to the wall and then put the shelf on top of them.
5. What _____ grow well in your country? We grow a lot of bananas and corn.
6. There are too many _____ on the road in my town. It's difficult to drive anywhere quickly.
7. I think I got my _____ from my father. I am tall, and I have blue eyes and blond hair, like he does.
8. In England, when you buy fish and chips, they often _____ it in newspaper.
9. You can _____ a tomato by putting it in hot water for a few seconds.
10. It takes a lot of _____ to become a good teacher. 283

Multiple Choice

Identify the choice that best completes the statement or answers the question.

PART 2: WRITING SKILLS

Instructions: Choose the correct answer for each question.

1. Which of the following phrases does not introduce an opinion?
 - a. I believe
 - b. I think
 - c. I know
 - d. I feel
2. Which of the following sentences has correct punctuation?
 - a. In addition, tutors can give children lessons after school.

b. In addition tutors can give children lessons after school.

c. In addition, can give children lessons after school.

d. In, addition tutors can give children lessons after school.

3. Which of the following sentences uses the word so correctly?

a. Many people wanted to buy the food, so it was delicious.

b. The food was delicious, so many people wanted to buy it.

c. The food was delicious so it was cooked in a special oven.

d. So the food was delicious, he sold a lot of it.

4. Which of the following phrases shows that the writer is going to write about the good sides of something?

a. One reason is

b. The effect of this is

c. My opinion is

d. An advantage is

5. When you use moreover after the subject of a sentence, what punctuation should come before it?

a. a comma

b. a semicolon

c. no punctuation

d. a colon 284

6. Which of the following transition words shows that the writer is going to write about an effect?

a. therefore

b. and

c. because

d. moreover

7. Which of the following sentences has correct punctuation?

a. My uncle wanted to make money; therefore he opened his own restaurant.

b. My uncle wanted to make money; therefore, he opened his own restaurant.

c. My uncle wanted to make money therefore; he opened his own restaurant.

d. My uncle wanted to make money therefore he opened his own restaurant.

8. When do you write about advantages or disadvantages?

a. to support a fact

b. to support an opinion

c. to write a conclusion

d. to give additional information

9. What do you need to support an opinion?

a. other opinions

b. a topic sentence

c. facts

d. causes and effects

10. Look at these two sentences: They wanted a funny name for their company. They called it Yahoo!

Which of the following correctly combines the sentences?

a. They wanted a funny name for their company because they called it Yahoo!

b. They wanted a funny name for their company, therefore, they called it Yahoo!

c. They wanted a funny name for their company and they called it Yahoo!

d. They wanted a funny name for their company, so they called it Yahoo! 285

True/False

Indicate whether the statement is true or false.

PART 3: READING

Corn Flakes

Will Kellogg was born in 1860. He had no idea that one day he would change the way we eat breakfast.

Will had little education compared to his older brother John Kellogg. John was the chief doctor at the Battle Creek Health Center in Michigan, where people went to eat healthy food and recover their health. Will worked at his brother's health center. He was the accountant and manager, and he did everything else his brother didn't want to do. He also helped John look for new healthy foods for his patients.

Will tried to make healthy bread from wheat. One day, he put grains of wheat through some rollers. Each grain came out as a thin, flat flake. When he baked the flakes in the oven to get them dry, they became light brown in color. In this way, he produced wheat flakes. He served the new food in the dining room of the health center for breakfast. The patients ate the new breakfast food and loved it. It was 1894, and a new cereal was born.

Even after the patients left the health center, they continued to order bags of the cereal. By 1895, John and Will were producing 100,000 pounds (45,359 kilograms) of flakes every year and selling each ten-ounce box (283 grams) for fifteen cents. John was not interested in this new food business and left all the work to his brother. For the next few years, Will continued to experiment with new foods. He came out with a new cereal made from corn—he called it Corn Flakes!

The two brothers started to argue about the future of their cereal. Will wanted to start a cereal

company; his brother did not. This argument turned brother against brother, and they stopped working together. In 1906, Will opened his own cereal company, called the Toasted Corn Flake Company, and started to sell Corn Flakes. By 1907, his company was producing 2,900 cases of cereal every day.

By 1948, the Kellogg Company had sales of more than \$100 million. The company had become the world's largest producer of ready-to-eat cereal. Will continued to work in the company until he died in 1951 at the age of 91.

Instructions: Refer to the reading "Corn Flakes." For each statement, answer *True* or *False*.

1. John Kellogg was born before 1860.
2. The Kellogg brothers worked together in a health center. Will was a doctor there, and John was the manager.
3. Will Kellogg was better educated than his brother.
4. Will created his first new type of breakfast food by rolling, baking, and drying corn. 286
5. A year after producing their first breakfast food, the brothers were producing 100,000 pounds of the flakes.
6. While John continued to work as a doctor at the Battle Creek Health Center, Will continued to try to create new types of breakfast cereal.
7. John helped Will create the cereal company – The Toasted Corn Flake Company.
8. John and Will never worked together at the Kellogg Company.
9. When Will died, he was still working at the Kellogg Company.
10. The Kellogg Company only became successful after Will died.