

Unit 5: Test

Choose the words whose underlined part is pronounced differently from that of the others in each group

1. A. vacation B. nation C. question D. exhibition
2. A. sauce B. aunt C. caught D. daughter

Choose the word whose main stressed syllable is placed differently from that of the other in each group.

3. A. enough B. boneless C. pepper D. sandwich
4. A. Vietnamese B. equipment C. understand D. volunteer

Choose the best answer to complete each of the following sentences.

5. _____ flour do you want to make this cake? - 300 grams.
A. How long B. How many C. How much D. How far
6. Can you tell me _____ this dish?
A. to cook B. how to cook C. cooking D. how to cooking
7. What _____ do I need to cook an omelette?
A. food B. material C. menu D. ingredients
8. Cakes in Viet Nam are made _____ butter, eggs, and flour.
A. in B. from C. of D. by
9. "Do you want to _____ this new dish of noodle I have just cooked?"
A. like B. try C. drink D. make
10. The eel soup that your father has just cooked tastes very _____.
A. well B. best C. healthy D. delicious
11. There isn't _____ for dinner, so I have to go to the market.
A. some left B. any leaning C. some leaving D. any left
12. There is _____ tofu, but there aren't _____ sandwiches.
A. some-some B. any-any C. some-any D. any-some
13. How many _____ do you need?
A. cartons of yogurt B. packet of yogurt
C. carton of yogurt D. yogurt
14. You should cut the beef _____ small slices and add some salt and pepper.
A. in B. from C. with D. into

Read the text carefully then choose the correct answers.

Vietnamese food culture varies by regions from the north to the south. In Northern Vietnam, food is characterized by light and balanced. Northern Vietnam is seen to be the cradle of Vietnamese cuisine with many notable dishes like Pho, Bun Rieu, Bun Thang, Bun Cha, Banh Cuon, etc. Then, food culture in Northern Vietnam became popular in Central and Southern Vietnam with suitable flavors in each regions.

The regional cuisine of Central Vietnam is famous for its spicy food. Hue cuisine is typical Central Vietnam's food culture. Food in the region is often used with chili peppers and shrimp sauces, namely, Bun Bo Hue, Banh Khoai, Banh Beo, etc.

In Southern Vietnam, the warm weather and fertile soil create an ideal condition for planting a variety of fruit, vegetables and livestock. Thus, food in the region is often added with garlic, shallots and fresh herbs. Particularly, Southerners are favored of sugar; they add sugar in almost dishes. Some signature dishes from Southern Vietnam include Banh Khot and Bun Mam.

15. It is considered that Vietnamese cuisine

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|-------------------------------------|--|
| A. originated from the North | B. became more and more popular |
| C. always combines taste and colour | D. can be found only in Northern Vietnam |

16. What are the features of Northern Vietnamese food?

- | | |
|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| A. It's delicious and healthy. | B. It's sweet and sour. |
| C. It's light and balanced. | D. It's a bit fatty and salty. |

17. Hue cuisine is notable for its

- | | | | |
|------------------|----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| A. colorful food | B. spicy taste | C. bitter taste | D. light flavor |
|------------------|----------------|-----------------|-----------------|

18. In Southern Vietnam,

- A. the warm weather makes it hard to plant fruit and vegetables
- B. fresh herbs are always used in cooking
- C. people love sweet food
- D. sugar is often added to dishes

19. Which of the followings is NOT true?

- A. Food in Vietnam changes region to region.
- B. Southerners do not like northern food due to its light flavor.
- C. Chill peppers and shrimp sauces are among the frequently used ingredients.
- D. Bun Bo Hue is a typical dish of the Central Vietnam cuisine.

Choose the correct answer A, B, C or D to fill each blank in the following text.

Vietnamese people may (20) _____ to drink at coffee shops or pubs on weekdays (21) _____ their friends after work. Some of them invite their friends to drink at their homes on weekends. In the past, the Vietnamese usually (22) _____ home-made alcohol such as "ruou gao" or "ruou de". Then, they started to drink beer or imported wines.

Vietnamese people know about the damage of drinking alcohol, but they still drink. More Vietnamese people (23) _____ their free time outside their homes such as cinemas, theatres or coffee shops. The number of places for entertainment has increased in big cities. However, more young people use their free time to study or attend clubs or centres for improving (24) _____ such as communications, presentation and team working.

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|------------------|-------------|---------------|------------|
| 20. A. go | B. go out | C. go on | D. go away |
| 21. A. for | B. of | C. with | D. to |
| 22. A. drink | B. drinking | C. to drink | D. drank |
| 23. A. spend | B. take | C. come | D. waste |
| 24. A. knowledge | B. skills | C. experience | D. memory |

Listen and choose the best option to complete the sentence.

25. How heavy is a ostrich egg?

- | | |
|---------|-----------|
| A. 1 kg | B. 1.5 kg |
|---------|-----------|

- C. 2 kg
 26. What is inside a normal egg?
 A. Yolk
 C. Chicken
 27. How does the white change when it is boiled?
 A. It turns white.
 C. It turns to the yolk.
 28. What is correct?
 A. Eggs are harmful to health.
 C. Eggs are good for health.
- D. No answer
 B. White
 D. Yolk and white
 B. It turns black.
 D. It does not change.
 B. Eggs are delicious.
 D. Eggs are terrible.

WRITING

Write the correct form or tense of the verbs in brackets.

29. Wait! Miss Mai **(have)** _____ breakfast.
 30. _____ **(be)** there any oranges? - Yes there **(be)** _____ one.
 31. _____ your sister **(like)** _____ lemonade?

Give the correct form of the word given to complete the sentence.

32. There aren't any vegetables and fruits _____. We should go to the supermarket and buy them **(LEAVE)**
 33. It was so _____ when I tried eating sticky rice at the first time. **(TASTE)**
 34. Van Cao was a famous Vietnamese _____. **(COMPOSE)**

Write in the complete sentences using the given words/ phrases.

35. How much/water/ should/ I/ pour/ pot?
 → _____
 36. Can/you/tell/me/how/cook/ beef/ noodle?
 → _____

Rewrite the sentences without changing the meaning.

37. There is beef and chicken in the menu
 → The menu _____
 38. The market does not have any carrots.
 → There _____
 39. How much is a bowl of noodles? (cost)
 → _____
 40. I like drinking coffee.
 → Coffee _____