

Union General Sherman led 60,000 men in a 285 mile march across Georgia. He instituted TOTAL WAR. Soldiers destroyed bridges and railroads, burned barns and supplies, and caused major fear and panic among civilians. This was called?

**Sherman's Siege of Savannah**

**Sherman's Advance through Georgia**

**Sherman's Raid on Atlanta**

**Sherman's March to the Sea**

The first major battle in the American Civil War to take place on Northern soil (Sept. 17, 1862) It was the bloodiest single-day battle in American history, with almost 23,000 casualties.

**Antietam**

**Gettysburg**

**Merrimac**

**Shiloh**

The Civil War took place between \_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_

**1861-1865**

**1849-1853**

**1866-1870**

**1855-1859**

Which Union General had the nickname "Unconditional Surrender"?

**Chester Arthur**

**Ulysses Grant**

**Jefferson Davis**

**Abraham Lincoln**

On the final day of the Battle of Gettysburg, the South launched one final attempt across a mile-wide open field. They faced Union artillery (cannon) on the other side. They fought hard but lost with over 50% casualty rate. This event was known as?

**Lee's Legions**

**Meade's Marauders**

**Pickett's Charge**

**Gettysburg**

This was an Africa-American regiment led by Colonel Robert Shaw. The courageously fought at the Battle of Ft. Wagner.

**72nd Ohio Regiment**

**101st Pennsylvania Regiment**

**23rd New York Regiment**

**54th Massachusetts Regiment**

This Civil War battle took place just south of Washington D.C. in Virginia (July 1861). It was watched by women, children, Congressmen, reporters and other civilians while enjoying a picnic.

- Antietam**
- Gettysburg**
- Battle of Vicksburg**
- Battle of Bull Run (Manassas)**

The Kansas-Nebraska Act was a law that stated that these two territories had the power to choose whether or not to have slavery when they became states.

According to our Constitution, the people are the ultimate authority in our government. That is called?

- "Stonewall" Jackson**
- 1) Better military leaders
- 2) They were fighting a defensive war
- 3) Strong tradition of military training
- 4) Home field advantage
- Popular Sovereignty**
- A soldier from the South**

Who was the president of the Confederate States of America?

- Jefferson Davis**
- Andrew Johnson**
- James Buchanan**
- Abraham Lincoln**

A tax on imported goods

- Blockade**
- Embargo**
- Tariff**
- Quota**

What agricultural invention, designed to increase production, had the effect of increasing the number of slaves needed for labor in the Deep South?

- Charles Sumner**
- Jefferson Davis**
- Robert E. Lee**
- The Cotton Gin**

Who was the abolitionist senator whose verbal attack on the South provoked a physical assault (caning) that severely injured him?

- Matthew Brady**
- Henry Clay**
- Charles Sumner**
- Harriet Tubman**