

Read the text carefully and decide the paragraphs part in the structure.

1

Gender equality means all people, regardless of gender, have the same rights, duties, and opportunities. It ensures men and women are treated fairly and get equal chances to succeed without discrimination. Achieving this is vital for creating a great society.

2

Historically, women worldwide have faced limitations. They often had less access to education, jobs, and leadership roles. These limits created unfair gaps. For example, some girls struggle to attend school due to cultural rules or money issues. Gender equality aims to fix these unfair situations so everyone can contribute to society's growth.

3

Education is key to promoting gender equality. When both boys and girls are well-educated, they gain the skills and confidence to reach their goals. Educated women often join the workforce, improve their families' lives, and bring positive changes to their communities. Boys who learn about equality tend to respect others and support fairness.

4

Gender equality also means breaking stereotypes. These are fixed ideas linking certain jobs or abilities only to one gender. For instance, believing only men should lead or only women should care for children limits potential. Allowing everyone to follow their talents without judgment increase creativity and helps the entire society.

5

Many nations have worked hard to make changes. They created laws against discrimination, supported women's rights, and raised public awareness. However, more work is needed. Gender equality requires constant effort from individuals, communities, and governments.

6

In summary, gender equality is essential for fairness and progress. It guarantees that everyone can fully enjoy their rights and contribute to society. Supporting it helps build a world where all people can succeed and live their best lives.

Drag the paragraphs number to the correct structure part.

1

2

3

4

5

6

No	Structure	Paragraphs
1.	This part introduces the main subject of the description, providing a brief overview or general information about what will be described. It sets the context for the reader.	
2.	This section provides detailed information about the subject, including its parts, characteristics, qualities, or features. It helps the reader form a clear mental image by using specific details and descriptive language.	
3.	This final part restates the main idea or gives the writer's final thoughts or feelings about the subject. It often summarizes the key points and leaves a lasting impression.	